

საქართველოს ტექნიკური უნივერსიტეტი

ქელნავერის უფლები

ბეჯან კოტია

**ელექტრონების და პოლარონების ჯვრდობის კვანტური
თეორიის ზოგიერთი საკითხი ნახევარგამტარებსა და იონურ
კრისტალებში**

დოქტორის აკადემიური ხარისხის მოსაპოვებლად
წარდგენილი დისერტაციის

ავტორეფერატი

თბილისი
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samuSao Sesrul ebul ia saqarTvel os teqnukur universitetis
informatikisa da marTvis sistemebis fakul tetis
fizikis departamentis
myari sxedul ebis fizikis mimarTul ebaze.

samecniero xel mZRvanel i: -----

recezentebi: -----

dacva Sedgeba ----- wl is `____~ ----- saaTze
saqarTvel os teqnukuri universitetis informatikisa da marTvis
sistemebis fakul tetis sadisertacio sabWos kol egiis
sxdomaze, korpusi-----, auditoria-----
misamarTi: Tbil isi 0175, kostavas 77

disertaciis gacnoba SeiZl eba stu-s bibl ioTekaSi,
xol o avtoreferatisa stu-s vebgverdze

sadisertacio sabWos mdivani -----

naSromi s zogadi daxasi aTeba

Sesaval i kristal ebSi el eqtronul i gadatanis movl enebis zonuri Teoria principSi dafuZnebul ia sam ZiriTad koncefciaze: 1) denis gadamtanebi warmoadgenen kvazi nawil akebs gansazRvrul i kvaziimpulsiT da dispersiis kanoniT. 2) denis gadamtanTa el eqtrogamtaroba da Zvradoba ganisazRvreba maTi gabneviT kristal is ideal uri mesris struqturis dinamiur da statikur damaxinj ebebze (defeqtebze). 3) denis gadamtanis Tavisufal i ganarbenis sigrZe warmoadgens sasrul si-dides da is bevrad aRemateba Sesabamisad kvazi nawil akis de-broil is tal Ris sigrZes. am pirobemis gaTval iswinebiT denis gadamtanTa gabneva SeiZl eba CaiTval os rogorc "iSviaTi". am debul ebebidan gamomdinare, denis gadamtanTa yofaqceva kristal Si aRiwereba al baTuri ganawil ebis funqciiT kvazi impul sebis mixedviT, romel ic ganisazRvreba, rogorc bol cman-bl oxis kinetikuri gantol ebis amoxsna. gadatanis kinetikuri (meqanikuri) koeficientebis (Zvradoba, el eqtrogamtaroba) gamosaTvl el ad gamoiyeneba denis gadamtanebis arawonasworul i ganawil ebis funqciisTvis kinetikuri gantol eba-bol cmanis gantol eba-romel ic iTval iswinebs denis (muxtis) matarebel Ta urTierTqmedebas (gabnevas) kristal uri mesris rxevebze.

ukanasknel wl ebSi, el eqtronul i gadatanis movl enebis gamokvl e-vebSi myari sxgul ebis fizikaSi, Zal ian farTo gamoyeneba hpova ufro zogadma midgomam, romel ic dafuZnebul ia kubos wrfivi reaqciis Teoriaze. am TeoriaSi-romel sac gadamwyveti mniSvnel oba aqvs wrfiv arawonasworul TermodinamikaSi-gadatanis kinetikuri (meqanikuri) koeficientebi bunebrivad gamoisaxebian (aRiwerebian) droiTi korelaciuri funqciebiT. isini asaxaven sistemis reaqcias hamiltonianis SeSfoTebisas, roml is tipiur magal iTs warmoadgens el eqtrogamtaroba.

amrigad, aRniSnul idan gamomdinare naTel ia, rom rogorc samecniero, aseve akademiuri Tval sazrisiT did interest warmoadgens el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis koreqtul i kvanturi

Teoriis ageba da gadatanis meqanikuri koeficientebis gamoTvl a naxevargamtarebsa da ionur kristal ebSi dafuZnebul i kubos wrfivi reaqciis Teoriaze.

Temis aqtual oba Tanamedrove pirobebSi farTod gamokvl evis sagans warmoadgens el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis Seswavl is sakiTxi myari sxeul ebisa da kondensirebul garemoTa fizikaSi. ukanasknel wl ebSi, rTul i mol ekul uri aRnagobis mqone nivTierebaTa Seqmnis tendencia da maTi el eqtronul i da pol aronul i Twisebebis Seswavl a stimul s aZl evda mraval i Teoriul i gamokvl evebis Sesrul ebas avtol okal izebul i (pol aronul i) mdgomareobebis aRsawerad dinamiurad mouwesrigebel sistemebSi. pol aronis koncepcias, romelic warmoadgens martiv magal iTs arawrfivi kvazinawil akisa, Zal ian didi mniSvnel oba da gamoyeneba aqvs myari sxeul ebis (kondensirebul garemoTa) fizikaSi, da kerZod igi mWidrod aris dakavSirebul i kvanturi dinamiuri sistemebis Teoriis funadementur probl emebTan da vel is kvanturi Teoriis sakiTxebTan. el eqtronul i da pol aronul i movl enebis ganxil visa da Seswavl isas myar sxeul ebSi, Teoriul i gamokvl evebis Zal ian didi raodenoba samecniere literaturaSi miZRvnil i aris el eqtronebisa da pol aronebis el eqtrogamtarobisa da Zvradobis gamoTvl aze naxevargamtarebsa da ionur kristal ebSi. es gamokvl evebi dafuZnebul i aris sxvadasxva Teoriul meTodebze-grinis funqciis teqnikaze, bol cmanis kinetikuri gantolebis Seswavl aze, TviTSeTanxnebul meTodebze da sxva. Sedegebi miRebul i sxvadasxva meTodebis gamoyenebiT da Sesabamisad sxvadasxva miaxl oeebze dayrdnobiT, Zireul ad gansxvavdeba erTmaneTisagan. miuxedavad imisa, rom el eqtronebis da pol aronebis el eqtrogamtarobisa da Zvradobis gamoTvl a warmoadgens erT-erT uZvel es probl emas myari sxeul ebis fizikaSi, is mainc rCeba erT-erT urTul es da Znel amocanad Teoriul ad amoxsnis Tval sazrisiT.

amgvarad, Tanamedrove pirobebSi kvl av aqtual urs warmoadgens sakiTxi el eqtronebis da pol aronebis el eqtrogamtarobis da Zvrado-
bis koreqtul i gamoTvl isa naxevargamtarebsa da ionur kristal ebSi.

myari sxoul ebis fizikisa da arawonasworul i statistikuri meqa-
nikis mraval i amocanis ganxil visas Seiswavl eba mcire dinamiuri qvesi-
stemis evol ucia droSi, romel ic imyofeba kontaktsi didi Tavisu-
fl ebis ricxvis mqone, Termodinamikur wonasworobaSi myof sistema-
sTan-TermostatTan.

el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis gamokvl eve-
bisas myar sxoul ebSi kubos wrfivi gamoZaxil is Teoriaze dayrdnobiT,
ZiriTad amocanas warmoadgens zusti, ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evo-
l uciuri (kinetikuri) gantol ebebis miReba drois ormomentiani wona-
sworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis kvazinawil akebis aRmweri Sesa-
bamisi dinamiuri sidideebisTvis, rodesac xdeba am ukanasknel Ta-
urTierTqmedeba (gabneva) kristal uri mesris rxevebze (fononebze), da
rodesac fononuri (bozonuri) vel i ganxil eba rogorc Termostati.
samecniero literaturaSi, aseTi saxis gantol ebebis misaRebad,
rogorc wesi, gamoiyeneba apriorul i hipoteza-sawyisi korel aciebis
Sesustebis principi, an msgavsi debul ebebi-mag. SemTxveviTi fazebis mi-
axl oeba (Sfm)-rodesac drois sawyisi momentisaTvis mTel i sistemis
(qvesistema pl us Termostati) statistikuri operatori moicema faqto-
rizebul i saxiT (mTel i sistemis statistikuri operatori ganxil eba
rogorc qvesistemisa da Termostatis statistikur operatorTa pirda-
piri namravl i). naTel ia, rom aseTi dasvebebis Sedegad miRebul i gan-
zogadoebul i, kvanturi evol uciuri gantol ebebi wonasworul i korel
l aciuri funqciebisTvis ar aris zusti.

amrigad, el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis
koreqtul i kvanturi Teoriis asagebad da meqanikuri koeficientebis
(mag. Zvradoeba, el eqtrogamtaroba) gamosaTvl el ad naxevargamtarebsa
da ionur kristal ebSi da agreTve el eqtron-fononuri sistemis kine-
tikis sakiTxebis gamosakvl evad kubos wrfivi reaqciis Teoriis CarCo-

ebSi, aqtual urs warmoadgens amocana kvazinawil akebis dinamiuri sidi-deebisTvis drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis zusti, ganzogadoebul i, kvanturi evol uciuri gantol ebebis miReba-sawyisi korel aciebis Sesustebis principisa da Sfm-is gamoyenebis gareSe.

samuSaos mizani da amocanebi. sadisertacio naSromis mizans warmoadgens: myari sxel ebis fizikis zogierTi kvanturi dinamiuri sistemisTvis, romel ic urTierTqmedebs fononur (bozonur) vel Tan (el eqtron-fononuri sistema, frol ixis pol aronis model i, akustikuri pol aronis model i susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi, pol aronis feinmanis ganzogadoebul i model i (fgm)), mowesrigebul operatorTa formal izmsa da T-namravl Ta teqnikaZe dayrdnobiT, agreTve liuvilis superoperatorul i formal izmisa da proeqciul i operatoris meTodis gamoyenebiT_zusti, ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evol uciuri (kinetikuri) gantol ebebis miReba da gamokvl eva drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis Sfm-is gamoyenebis gareSe.

-Aam model ebze dayrdnobiT, da am gantol ebaTa gamoyenebiT, Tanmimdevrul i, srul yofil i el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gamtarobisa da dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis kvanturi Teoriis ageba naxevargamtarebsa da ionur kristal ebSi dafuznebul i kubos wrfivi gamozaxil isa da SeSfoTebis Teoriaze. gadatanis meqanikuri koeficientebis (el eqtrogamtaroba, Zvradoba) gamoTvl a kvanturi dinamiuri sistemebis zemoTmititebul i model ebisTvis.

sadisertacio naSromis ZiriTadi Sedegebi da mecnierul i siaxle warmodgenil sadisertacio naSromSi gadawyvetilia Semdegi amocanebi:

-mowesrigebul operatorTa formal izmisa da T-namravl Ta teqnikis daxmarebiT, sawyisi korel aciebis Sesustebis principisa da Sfm-is gamoyenebis gareSe, gamoyvanilia da gamokvl eulia axali, zusti, ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evol uciuri (kinetikuri) gantol ebebi gamoricxul i bozonuri (fononuri) amplitudebiT drois ormomentiani wona-

sworul i korel aciuri da grinis funqciebisTvis dinamiuri qvesistemisTvis, romel ic urTierTqmedebs bozonur TermostatTan. miRebul ia agreTve axal i, zusti kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi korel aciuri funqciebisTvis_1 iuvil is superoperatorul i formal izmisa da proeqciul i operatoris meTodis daxmarebiT.

-dinamiuri qvesistemis bozonur (fononur) TermostatTan urTierTqmedebis hamil tonianis mixedviT, SeSfoTebis Teoriis meore miaxl oebsi miRebul ia axal i, ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi gamoricxul i bozonuri amplitudebiT, qvesistemis droisormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis-rogorc markoviseul i, ise aramarkoviseul i formiT-romel Ta daj axebiTi integral ebi Seicaven cxadad gamoyofil sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciur wevrebs.

-kubos wrfivi reaqciisa da SeSfoTebis Teoriis fargl ebSi, naxevargamtarebisa da ionuri kristal ebisTvis agebul ia el eqtronul i da polaronul i dabal sixSirul i gamtarobisa da dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis Tanmimdevrul i, koreqtul i kvanturi Teoria, dafuznebul i_kvanturi disipaciuri sistemebis zemoTmiTitebul i model ebisTvis_ganzogadoebul kvantur kinetikur gantol ebebze korel aciuri funqciebisTvis "deni-denze" el eqtronisa da polaronisTvis, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben fononebTan Sfm-is gamoyenebis gareSe.

-miRebul ia da gamokvl eul ia anal izuri gamosaxul ebebi el eqtronisa da polaronis rel aqsaciuri maxasiaTebisTvis (impul sis rel aqsaciis sixSire da sxv.); gamoTvl il ia wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebis-"deni-denze"-mil evis dekrementebi da oscil irebadi faqtorebi. napovnia el eqtrogamtarobis tenzoris (disipaciuri nawil is) anal izuri saxe el eqtron-fononuri sistemisTvis kristal is dabal i temperaturebisa da dabal sixSirul i gareSe el eqtrul i vel ebis SemTxvevasi da gamoTvl il ia gadatanis meqanikuri koeficientebi (Zvradoba, el eqtrogamtaroba) kvanturi disipaciuri sistemebis aR-

ni Snul model TaTvis; napovnia " $\frac{3}{2} \frac{K_B T}{\hbar \omega_0}$ -probl emis" nawil obrivi gada-
wyveta frol ixis pol aronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis Teoria-
Si.

-miRebul ia temperaturul i Sesworebebi el eqtronisa da pol a-
ronis dreiful Zvradobebze, roml ebic ganpirobepul ia sawyisi kore-
l aciebis evol uciuri wevrebis arseboiT kvantur kinetikur gantol e-
bebSi wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis "siCqare-siCqareze"
("impul si-impul sze") el eqtronisa da pol aronisTvis. dadgenil ia, rom
es Sesworebebi warmoadgenen mcire sidideebs Sesrul ebul i miagl o-
ebebisa da ganxil ul i Teoriis fargl ebSi.

sadisertacio naSromis praqtikul i mniSvnel oba

naSromSi dasmul i amocanebis gadawyvetam moiTxova arawonas-
worul i statistikuri meqanikis zogierTi meTodis Semdgomi ganvi-
Tareba. sadisertacio naSromSi miRebul i ZiriTadi Teoriul i Sede-
gebis praqtikul i mniSvnel oba (Rirebul eba) ganisazRvreba imiT, rom
miRebul i zusti, ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evol uciuri gantol ebebi
wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis SesaZl ebel ia gamoyenebul i
iqnas gadatanis movl enebis gansaxil vel ad da gamosakvl evad_kubos
wrfivi reaqciis Teoriis fargl ebSi, sawyisi korel aciebis Sesustebis
principisa da Sfm-is daSvebebis gareSe_myari sxoul ebis da kondensi-
rebul garemota fizikis dinamiur qvesistemaTa sxva model TaTvis
(kvanturi disipaciuri sistemebisTvis), roml ebic urTierTqmedeben
bozonur vel Tan (TermostatTan). (mag. brounis kvanturi nawil akis
moZraobis Sesaswavl ad, romel ic ganxil eba rogorc wrfivi, mil evadi
harmoniul i oscilatori, da roml is dinamika aRiwereba kal deira-
l egetis mikroskopul i model uri hamil tonianiT).

naSromSi ganviTarebul i formal izmi, meTodebi da miRebul i kine-
tikuri gantol ebebi martivad SesaZl ebel ia ganvrcobil iqnas kine-
tikuri movl enebis Sesaswavl ad da gadatanis meqanikuri koeficientebis
(mag. Zvradoba, el eqtrogamtaroba) gamosaTvl el ad: el eqtronebis urTi-

erTqmedebisas (gabnevisas) arapol arul optikur fononebze, piezoel eqtrul fononebze, agreTve sxva didi radiusis mqone pol aronTa model TaTvis (mag. akustikuri pol aronis model isTvis-el eqtronis fononebTan Zl ieri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi). gamoyvanil i ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi korel aciuri funqciebisTvis kvanturi dinamiuri qvesistemisTvis, romel ic urTierTqmedebis fononur vel Tan, SesaZl ebel ia gamoyenebul iqnas normal uri (arazegamtari) metal ebis el eqtrowinaRobis gamosaTvl el ad el eqtronebis gabnevisas akustikur fononebze. naSromSi warmodgenil i formal izmis daxmarebit SesaZl ebel ia temperaturul i Sesworebebis povna metal Ta el eqtrowinaRobisTvis (Sesworebebi bl ox_grunaizenis formul aSi), romel ebic agreTve ganpirobebul ia el eqtronebis fononebTan urTierTqmedebisas sawyisi korel aciebis gaTval iswinebit.

dasacavad gamotani i Semdegi debul ebebi:

1. osakas Sedegis ganzogadoeba dabal sixSirul i kuTri el eqtrogamtarobisTvis da " $\frac{3 K_B T}{2 \hbar \omega_0}$ -probl emis" nawil obrivi gadawyveta frol ixis pol aronis (el eqtronis) dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis TeoriaSi.
2. el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i statikuri Zvradobis gansxvavebul i (2-j er nakl ebi) mniSvnel oba `bol cmaniseul ~ ZvradobasTan Sedarebit akustikuri pol aronis model Si susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi.
3. Zl ieri el eqtron_fononuri urTierqmedebis SemTxvevaSi dabal - temperaturul i Zvradobis gansxvavebul i yofaqceva el eqtron-fononuri bmis mudmivas rigis mixedvit pol aronis fgm_Si, pekaris model Tan Sedarebit.
4. mcire sididis temperaturul i Sesworebebis arseboba el eqtronis da pol aronis dabal temperaturul Zvradobebze ganxil ul model ebSi.

naSromis aprobacia disertaciis ZiriTadi Sinaarsi moxsenebul i iyo informatikisa da marTvis sistemebis fakul tetis fizikis departa-

mentisa da myari sxeul ebis fizikis kol egiis samecniero seminarebis sxdomebze.

disertaciis Sinaarsi da ZiriTadi Sedegebi wardgenil i iyo: 1986w. q. Tbil isSi Catarebul 24-e sakavSiro TaTbirze_»24-? ?????? ???? ?????????? ?? ?????? ?????? ??????????», Tbil isi, 1986w; 1991w q. xarkovSi (ukraina) Catarebul sakavSiro konferenciaze «???????????????????? ?????????????? ??????», ???????, 14-17??? 1991?; 1992w. q. puScinoSi (ruseTi) Catarebul saerTaSoriso skol aSi_International Workshop `POLARONS and APPLICATIONS- May 23-31, 1992, Pushchino, Russia; 1992w. q. berl inSi (germania) Catarebul saerTaSoriso konferenciaze `The 18th IUPAP International Conference on Statistical Physics, Berlin, 2-8 August 1992-; saqarTvel os teqnikuri unive- rsitetis profesor_maswavl ebel Ta samecniero_teqnikur konfere- nciaze, 16-19 noemberi, Tbil isi, 1993w; 1993w. q. trondhaimSi (norvegia) Catarebul saerTaSoriso simpoziuzme `The Lars Onsager Symposium. Coupled Transport Processes and Phase Transitions-, June 2-4 1993, Trondheim, Norway; 1993w. q. fl orenciaSi (ital ia) Catarebul saerTaSoriso konferenciaze `EPS9 TRENDS IN PHYSICS- Firenze, 14-17 September 1993; 1995w. q. qsiamenSi (CineTi) Catarebul saerTaSoriso konferenciaze `The 19th UPAP International Conference on Statisitcal Physics-, Xiamen 31 July-4 August 1995; 1998w. q. parizSi (safrangeTi) Catarebul saerTaSoriso konferenciaze `XXth IUPAP INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON STATISTICAL PHYSICS-, Paris, July 20-24, 1998, UNESCO Sorbonne.

publ ikaciebi: disertaciis ZiriTadi Sedegebi gamoqveyenebul ia Cvidmet samecniero naSromSi, romel Ta dasaxel eba moyvanil ia avto- referatis bol os.

naSromis mocul oba da struqtura: disertaciis srul i mocul oba Seadgens 157 nabeWd gverds; disertacia Sedgeba reziumesagan (or ena- ze), sarCevisagan, naxazebis nusxisagan, Sesavl isagan, sami Tavisagan, il ustraciis saxiT moyvanil i sami naxazisgan, daskvnebis da 125 dasaxel ebis mqone gamoyenebul i l iteraturis siisgan, erTi danarTisa

da avtoris mier gamoqveynebul i samecniero naSromebisgan, roml ebSi ac asaxul ia disertaciis ZiriTadi Sedegebi.

sadiser tacio naSromis Sinaarsi

Sesaval Si dasabuTebul ia Temis aqtual oba, Camoyal ibebul ia naSromis miznebi da amocanebi, da gansazRvrul ia kvl evis obieqtebi da meTodebi.

pirvel i Tavi ZiriTadad atarebs mimoxil viT xasiaTs

\$1.1 (1.1.1-1.1.6)_Si moyvanil ia model uri hamil tonianis saxe dinamiuri sistemebisa, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben bozonur TermostatTan da ganxil ul ia zogierTi aqtual uri magal iTi kvanturi disipaciuri da Ria arawonasworul i model uri sistemebisa Tanamedrove fizikis sxadasxva dargidan, roml ebic gaxdnen intensiuri kvl evisa da Seswavl is sagani ukanasknel i 30-40 wl is ganmavl obaSi. am farTo gamokvl evaTa speqtri moicavda metal Ta el eqtrogamtarobisa da zegamtarobis Teoriis, metal Ta Senadnobebisa da gadacivebul i `metal uri minebis- el eqtronul i Teoriis sakiTxebs; susti da Zl ieri l okal izaciisa da Zl ier araerTgvarovan nivTierebaTa el eqtrogamtarobis Teoriis sakiTxebs mouwesrigebel sistemaTa fizikaSi; l azerul i gamosxivebisa da zegamosxivebis Teoriis aspeqtebs kvantur radiofizikaSi; magnituri pol aronebis da fl uqtuonebis (fazonebis) Teoriis sakiTxebs magnitur nivTierebebSi (garemoebSi) da sxva.

\$1.2 (1.2.1-1.2.2)_Si ganxil ul ia dinamiurad mouwesrigebel i sistema el eqtron-fononuri sistema da el eqtronis urTierTqmedeba akustikur da pol arul optikur fononebTan; moyvanil ia el eqtron-fononuri sistemis hamil tonianis zogadi saxe (frol ix-pekaris tipis hamil toniani), el eqtronis akustikur da pol arul optikuri fononebTan urTierTqmedebis hamil tonianTa saxeebi da mokl ed mimoxil ul ia agreTve deformaciis potencial is meTodi.

\$1.3 (1.3.1-1.3.3)_Si moyvanil ia didi radiusis mqone pol aronTa model ebi. ganxil ul ia pol aronis frol ixisa da pekaris model ebi da pol aronis feinmanis erToscil atoriani da feinmanis ganzogadoebu-

I i model ebi. amave paragrafSi ganxil ul ia agreTve ukanasknel wl e-
bSi ganviTarebul i da gamoyenebul i axal i midgoma pol aronul i siste-
mebis Termodinamikisa da kinetikis sakiTxebis gamokvl evebisas _ mowe-
srigebul i operatorTa formal izmi, T_namravl Ta meTodi da fononuri
operatorebis gamoricxvis teqnika el eqtron-fononuri sistemis maxa-
siaTebel i fizikuri sidideebis wonasworul i da arawonasworul i
saSual o mniSvnel obebidan. aRniSnul ia zogierT SemTxvevebSi am axal i
midgomis upiratesoba, kontinual uri integri-rebis meTodTan
SedarebiT, el eqtron-fononuri sistemis kinetikis sakiTxebis
Seswavl isas.

\$ 1.4._Si ganxil ul ia fizikuri kinetikis zogierTi principul i sa-
kiTxi dinamiuri sistemebisa, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben fononur
(bozonur) vel Tan. mimoxil ul ia metad mniSvnel ovani da principul i
sakiTxi, K_tipis dinamiur sistemebSi (rogorc kl asikuris, aseve kva-
nturisTvis), evol uciuri (kinetikuri) gantol ebebis gamoyvanis dros
Semokl ebul i aRweris SesaZl ebl obaze, romel ic ar eyrdnoba hipo-
Tezas_sawyisi korel aciebis Sesustebisa da Sfm-is gamoyenebis Sesa-
xeb. aRweril ia is ZiriTadi sqemebi da meTodebi, roml ebsac miyvavarT
bol cmanis saxis kinetikuri gantol ebisa da ZiriTadi kinetikuri gan-
tol ebis miRebamde. ganxil ul ia is ZiriTadi principul i xasiaTis
sirTul eebi, roml ebic warmoiSvebian el eqtron-fononuri sistemisa da
pol aronTa zemoTmoyvanil model TaTvis dreiful i Zvradobebis gamo-
Tvl isas, gamomdinare rogorc bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebidan da
kubos wrfivi reaquiis Teoriidan, aseve gamtarobis wrfivi da ara-
wrfivi Teoriebis zogierTi sxva meTodebis (arawonasworul i simkvri-
vis matricis meTodi, bal ansis gantol ebis meTodi) gamoyenebisas.

meore Tavi sadisertacio naSromSi original uri xasiaTisaa.

am TavSi dasmul ia da gadawyvetil ia zogadi saxis amocana_dinami-
uri qvesistemisTvis, romel ic urTierTqmedebs bozonur (fononur)
TermostatTan_axal i, zusti ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evol uciuri
gantol ebebis miReba drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel ciuri

და გრინის ფუნქციებისთვის საწყისი კორელაციების შესახებ პრინციპისა და S_{fm} -ის გამოყენების გარეშე.

§2.1_სი განხილულია მოწესრიგებული ოპერატორთა ფორმალური და T_{namrav} მეთოდი.

§2.2_სი ამ ფორმალურ დარღვევებში გამოყენებულია აქალი, ზუსტი, არაკმარისი განვითარებული კვანტური კინეტიკური განტოლებები, რომლებიც კორელაციური ფუნქციებისთვის, როგორც მარკოვიანული, ასევე არამარკოვიანული სახის, სადაც გამოიყენებულია ბოზონური ამპლიტუდები. მიზეზები ზუსტი კვანტური კინეტიკური განტოლებების დაჯახებით ინტეგრალი შეიქმნა დამატებითი წევრების, რომლებიც არაა საწყისი კორელაციების ევოლუციის დროს, განვიხილავთ კვანტური ურთიერთქმედებით ბოზონურ ტერმოსტატთან დროის საწყის მომენტში. ნაპოვნი აგრეთვე მსგავსი სახის ევოლუციური განტოლება გრინის (დავთანებული) ფუნქციისთვის. სადისერტაციო ნაშრომის დანართში დეტალურად არაა მოხსენიებული ბოზონური ოპერატორების (ამპლიტუდების) გამოყენების ტექნიკა დროის მომენტის ევოლუციური კორელაციური ფუნქციის ევოლუციური (კინეტიკური) განტოლებიდან.

§2.3_სი განხილულია მარკოვიანული მიაქლი ობიექტის დინამიკისთვის და კვანტური ტერმოსტატის ურთიერთქმედების ჰამილტონიანის მიხედვით შესწავლის თეორიის მეორე მიაქლი ობიექტის გამოყენებულია აქალი, განვითარებულია მარკოვიანული კვანტური კინეტიკური განტოლება დროის მომენტის ევოლუციური კორელაციური ფუნქციისთვის $\langle B_s A_s(-t) \rangle$:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle B_s A_s(-t) \rangle &= \frac{i}{\hbar} \langle [H_s B_s]_- \cdot A_s(-t) \rangle - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\
&\times e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \langle C_{kH_0}(s, -\mathbf{x}) \cdot [C_k^+(s), B_s]_- A_s(-t) \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \times \\
&\times \langle C_{kH_0}^+(s_1 - \mathbf{x}) \cdot [C_k(s), B_s]_- A_s(-t) \rangle] + \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\
&\times e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \cdot \langle [C_k(s), B_s]_- C_{kH_0}^+(s, -\mathbf{x}) A_s(-t) \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \times \\
&\times \langle [C_k^+(s), B_s]_- \cdot C_{kH_0}(s, -\mathbf{x}) A_s(-t) \rangle] - \frac{i}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^{\hbar\mathbf{b}} d\mathbf{q} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\
&\times e^{-i\mathbf{q}\mathbf{w}(k)} e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)t} \langle C_{kH_0}(s, -t - i\mathbf{q}) [C_k^+(s), B_s]_- \cdot A_s(-t) \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{q}\mathbf{w}(k)} \times \\
&\times e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)t} \langle C_{kH_0}^+(s, -t - i\mathbf{q}) \cdot [C_k(s), B_s]_- \cdot A_s(-t) \rangle].
\end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

sadac H_s -qvesistemis hamil toniani a, $A_s, B_s, C_k(s), C_k^+(s)$ -qvesistemis operatorebia, $N_k(\beta) = [e^{\beta \hbar \omega(k)} - 1]^{-1}$ -warmoradgens bozonebis Sevsebis saSu-al o ricxvs, xol o operatorebi $C_{kH_0}(S, Z)$ da $C_{kH_0}^+(S, Z)$ - gansazRvrul ia tol obebiT:

$$C_{kH_0}(S, Z) = e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 Z} C_k(S) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 Z} \quad C_{kH_0}^+(S, Z) = e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 Z} C_k^+(S) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 Z} \quad H_0 = H_s + H_\Sigma;$$

da H_Σ - aris bozonuri Tmostatis hamil toniani. anal ogiuri saxis gantol ebebia miRebul i agreTve sxva korel aciuri funqciebisTvis.

\$2.4_Si ganxil ul ia da ganviTarebul ia meore (gansxvavebul i) mid-goma igive probl emisadmi, romel ic eyrdnoba liuvil is superoperatorul formal izmsa da proeqciul i operatoris meTods. am formal izmisa da meTods daxmarebiT napovnia axal i, zusti ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evol uciuri (kinetikuri) gantol ebebi wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis Sfm_is gamoyenebis gareSe. gamoyvani kinetikur gantol ebas $\langle A_s B_s(-t) \rangle$ -korel aciuri funqciisTvis aqvs Semdegi saxe:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle A_s B_s(-t) \rangle &= i \langle [PL_s PA_s] B_s(-t) \rangle - i \langle \{ P \mathfrak{S}_\rho(t, \mathbf{b}) \times \\
&\times [1 + M_\rho(t) \mathfrak{S}_\rho(t, \mathbf{b})]^{-1} M_\rho Q L_i PA_s \} B_s(-t) \rangle + \int_0^t dt \times \\
&\times \langle \{ PL_i Q M_\rho(t-t) \mathfrak{S}_\rho(t, \mathbf{b}) [1 + M_\rho(t) \mathfrak{S}_\rho(t, \mathbf{b})]^{-1} \times \\
&\times M_\rho(t) Q L_i PA_s \} B_s(-t) \rangle - \int_0^t dt \langle [PL_i Q M_\rho(t-t) Q \times \\
&\times L_i PA_s] B_s(-t) \rangle.
\end{aligned} \tag{2}$$

sadac $L_s \dots = \frac{1}{\hbar} [H_s, \dots]$ — liuvilis superoperatoria, romel ic Se-
esabameba S-qvesistemis H_s —hamil tonians, P-warmoadgens Termostatis
(bozonuri vel is) mdgomareobebis mixedviT gasaSual ebis proeqciul
operators: $P^2 = P$ da $Q = 1 - P$; xol o `masuri- $M_\rho(t)$ da integral uri
 $\mathfrak{S}_\rho(t, \mathbf{b})$ superoperatorobi gansazRvrul ia Semdegi tol obebiT:

$$M_\rho(t) = \exp[iQLQt]; \quad \mathfrak{S}_\rho(t, \mathbf{b}) = \int_0^t d\mathbf{l} e^{-i\mathbf{l}t} e^{i\mathbf{l}H} H_{int} e^{-i\mathbf{l}H} Q$$

miRebul i aramarkoviseul i saxis zusti, ganzogadoebul i (2)
_kinetikuri gantol ebis daj axebiTi integral i Seicavs wevrebs, rom-
l ebic aRweren sawyisi korel aciebis evol ucias droSi. (sawyisi kore-
l aciebis evol ucia drois mixedviT aRiwereba $\mathfrak{S}_\rho(t, \mathbf{b})$ — integral uri
superoperatoriT da es evol ucia moicema rogorc markoviseul i, aseve
aramarkoviseul i formiT).

\$2.5_Si, iseve rogorc \$2.3_Si, ganxil ul ia markoviseul i miaxl o-
eba qvesistemis dinamikiTvis da qvesistemis TermostatTan urTie-
rTqmedebis liuvil ianis mixedviT — SeSfoTebis Teoriis meore mia-
xl oebsi, proeqciul i operatoris meTodi daxmarebiT_napovnia axal i,
ganzogadoebul i markoviseul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol eba wonas-
worul i korel aciuri funqciisTvis $\langle A_s B_s(-t) \rangle$ —gamoricxul i bozo-
nuri ampl itudebiT:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle A_s B_s(-t) \rangle &= -\frac{i}{\hbar} \langle [A_s, H_s]_- B_s(-t) \rangle - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \sum_k \{ N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \times \\
&\times \langle [[A_s, C_k^+(s)]_- \cdot C_k(s, -\mathbf{x})]_{-\mathbf{w}(k)} B_s(-t) \rangle + (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \times \\
&\times \langle [[A_s, C_k(s)]_- \cdot C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{x})]_{\mathbf{w}(k)} B_s(-t) \rangle + \frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \sum_k \{ N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{l} + i\mathbf{h}\mathbf{l}} \times \\
&\times \langle C_k^+(s, -t - i\hbar\mathbf{l}) \cdot [A_s, C_k(s)]_- B_s(-t) \rangle + (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{l} + i\mathbf{h}\mathbf{l}} \times \\
&\times \langle C_k(s, -t - i\hbar\mathbf{l}) \cdot [A_s, C_k^+(s)]_- B_s(-t) \rangle \},
\end{aligned} \tag{3}$$

$$C_k(s_1 \pm Z) = e^{\pm iL_s Z} C_k(s); \quad C_k^+(s_1 \pm Z) = e^{\pm iL_s Z} C_k^+(s)$$

$$\text{xol o } [E, D]_{\pm \mathbf{w}(k)} = ED - e^{\mp b\hbar \mathbf{w}(k)} DE.$$

$$\text{sadac: } C_k(S, \pm Z) = e^{\pm iL_s Z} C_k(S); \quad C_k^+(S, \pm Z) = e^{\pm iL_s Z} C_k^+(S); \quad \text{xol o}$$

$$[E, D]_{\pm \mathbf{w}(k)} = ED - e^{\pm b\hbar \mathbf{w}(k)} DE \quad \text{— nebi smieri E da D_operator ebis Tvis.}$$

$$e^{\pm iL_s t} b_k = e^{\mp i\mathbf{w}(k)t} b_k; \quad e^{\pm iL_s t} b_k^+ = e^{\pm i\mathbf{w}(k)t} b_k^+$$

$$P(b_k^+, b_{k'}) = N_k(\mathbf{b}) \mathbf{d}_{k,k'}; \quad P(b_k, b_{k'}^+) = (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \mathbf{d}_{k,k'}$$

$$P(b_k, b_{k'}) = P(b_k^+, b_{k'}^+) = 0.$$

amrigad, sadisertacio naSromis meore TavSi miRebul i ZiriTadi Sedegebi SesaZI ebel ia Camovayal i boT Semdegi saxiT: _ dinamiuri qvesistemisTvis, romel ic urTierTqmedebs bozonur vel Tan mowesrigebul operatorTa, I iuvil is sauperoperatorul i formal izmisa da proeqciul i operatoris meTodis daxmarebiT, sawyisi korel aciebis Sesustebis principisa da Sfm_is gamoyenebis gareSe wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis gamoyvanil i axal i, ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evol uciuri (kinetikuri) gantol ebebis daj axebiTi integral ebi_Sei-caven rogorc wevrebs, roml ebic aRwren daj axebiTi korel aciebis evol ucias droSi, aseve sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciur wevrebs, roml ebic ganpirobebul ia qvesistemis urTierTqmedebiT bozonur vel - Tan drois sawyis momentSi.

mesame TavSi ganxil ul ia da gamokvl eul ia el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis wrfivi movl enebis sakiTxebi dinamiur sistemebSi_el eqtron_fononur sistemaSi, frol ixis da akustikur pol aro-

nTa model ebSi, pol aronis fgm_Si. gamokvl eva dafuznebul ia kubos wrfivi gamozaxil isa da SeSfoTebis Teoriaze. gamoTvl il ia el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis meqanikuri koeficientebi (dabal temperaturul i Zvradoba, el eqtrogamtaroba) zemoT miTiTebul model ebSi_korel aciuri funqciebisTvis miRebul ganzogadoebul kvantur kinetikur gantol ebebze dayrdnobiT.

§3.1_Si gamokvl eul ia el eqtron-fononuri sistema da gamoTvl il ia el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradoba da dabal sixSirul i el eqtrogamtaroba susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi (1) da (3)_gantol ebebze dayrdnobiT miRebul ia miaxl oebiTi kinetikuri gantol eba el eqtronis `siCqare_sicqareze~ wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciisTvis. napovnia am bol cmanis tipis gantol ebis amonaxsni kristal is dabal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi erTi zonisa da rel aqsaciis drois miaxl oebsi (rdm) el eqtronisTvis, da fononebis dispersiis nebismieri izotropul i kanonis dros. dadgenil ia, rom el eqtronis (qvesistemis) korel aciuri funqciebi miil evian oscil aciebiT didi droebis asimptotur areSi, gamoTvl il ia korel aciuri funqciebis mil evis dekrementi da oscil irebadi faqtori. gamoyvani ia zogadi formul ebi kuTri el eqtrogamtarobis disipaciuri nawi- l isTvis izotropul SemTxvevaSi da el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i, el eqtrul i vel is $\omega_{sixSireze}$ damokidebul i ZvradobisTvis (ac mobility). am formul ebs aqvs Semdegi saxe:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Re} \mathbf{s}_{\mathbf{m}}^s = & ne^2 \frac{th\left(\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{b} \hbar \mathbf{w}\right)}{\hbar \mathbf{w}} \int d\bar{\mathbf{P}} \mathbf{r}_s(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}}) V_n(\bar{\mathbf{P}}) V_m(\bar{\mathbf{P}}) \left\{ \cos\left[\frac{\mathbf{b} \hbar}{2} \Gamma_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})\right] \times \right. \\ & \left. \times \frac{\Gamma_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})}{\mathbf{w}^2 + [\Gamma_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})]^2} + \cos\left[\frac{\mathbf{b} \hbar}{2} \Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})\right] \frac{\Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})}{\mathbf{w}^2 + [\Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})]^2} \right\}, \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

$$\text{sadac: } \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{w}) = \mathbf{m}_0(\mathbf{w}) - \Delta \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{w})$$

$$\mathbf{m}_0(\omega) = \frac{eth\left(\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{b}\hbar\omega\right)}{\hbar\omega} \int d\vec{P} \mathbf{r}_s(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) V_V(\vec{P}) V_m(\vec{P}) \left\{ \frac{\Gamma_V^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})}{\omega^2 + [\Gamma_V^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})]^2} + \frac{\Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})}{\omega^2 + [\Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})]^2} \right\},$$

$$\Delta\mathbf{m}(\omega) = \frac{2eth\left(\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{b}\hbar\omega\right)}{\hbar\omega} \int d\vec{P} \mathbf{r}_s(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) V_V(\vec{P}) V_m(\vec{P}) \times \quad (5)$$

$$\times \left\{ \sin^2 \left[\frac{\mathbf{b}\hbar}{4} \Gamma_V^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \right] \frac{\Gamma_V^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})}{\omega^2 + [\Gamma_V^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})]^2} + \sin^2 \left[\frac{\mathbf{b}\hbar}{4} \Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \right] \frac{\Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})}{\omega^2 + [\Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})]^2} \right\}; (\omega \ll t_0^{-1}).$$

aq: e-el eqtronis muxtia, n-el eqtronebis koncentraciaa gamtarobis zonaSi, $V_m(\vec{P})$ el eqtronis siCqaris μ -komponentia gamtarobis zonidan, \vec{P} -el eqtronis kvaziimpul sia, da $\mathbf{r}_s(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) = e^{-bT(\vec{P})} / d\vec{p} e^{-bT(\vec{P})}$ naTel ia, rom $\Delta\mu(\omega)$ -sidide warmoadgens temperaturul Sesworebas el eqtronis $\mu_0(\omega)$ -dabal temperaturul da sixSirul Zvradobaze, romel ic gamoweul ia sawyisi korel aciebis arseboiT el eqtronis urTierTqmedebisas fononebTan arsebul sistemaSi. am paragrafSi moyvanil i gamosaxul ebebi kuTri el eqtogamatrobisTvis da dabal temperaturul i ZvradobisTvis warmoadgenen sakmaod zogads ganxil ul i model is CarCoebSi da Sesrul ebul i miaxl oebebis fargl ebSi.

§3.2_Si gamokvl eul ia el eqtronis Zvradobis sakiTxi pol aronis frol ixis model Si da napovnia metad mniSvnel ovani da principul i sakiTxis: $\frac{3}{2b\hbar\omega_0}$ probl emis- nawil obrivi gadawyveta pol aronis daba-

I temperaturul i, Zvradobis TeoriaSi. §3.1_Si el eqtron-fononuri sistemisTvis, miRebul zogad formul ebsa da Tanafardobebze dayrdnobiT gamoTvl il ia el eqtronis `siCqare_siCqareze- korel aciuri funqciis mil evis dekrementi (el eqtronis impul sis rel aqciis sixSire) da oscil irebadi faqtori. `mcire- siCqariT moZravi el eqtronisTvis kristal is Zal ian dabal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi impu-

l sis rel aqsaiciis sixSire ar aris damokidebul i TviT el eqtronis impul sze da warmoidgineba Semdegi saxiT:

$$\Gamma_z^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{\mathbf{P}}) \equiv \Gamma_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}) = \frac{2}{3} \mathbf{a} w_0 N_0(\mathbf{g}); (\tilde{\mathbf{P}}^2 \ll 1, \mathbf{g} = \mathbf{b} \hbar \mathbf{w}_0 \gg 1) \quad (6)$$

sadac: ω_0 fononebis rxevis sixSirea, α warmoadgens el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis (frol ixis) bmis mudmivas, da $N_0(\mathbf{g}) = [e^{\mathbf{g}} - 1]^{-1}$ el eqtronis `siCqare-siCqareze- korel aciuri funqciisTvis miRebul i bol cmanis tipis miaxl oebiTi kinetikuri gantol eba amoxsnil ia rdm-Si kristal is dabal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi, da napovnia el eqtrogamtarobis da Zvradobis mniSvnel oebi frol ixis pol aronis model Si_rac faqtiurad warmoadgens osakas Sedegis ganzogadoebas (drudes formul as) dabal sixSirul i el eqtrogamtarobisTvis da dabal temperaturul i ZvradobisTvis, roml ebic Seicaven temperaturul Sesworebebs, ganpirobepul s el eqtronis fononebTan arsebul i sawyisi korel aciebiT:

$$\text{Re } \mathbf{s}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) = \frac{ne^2}{m w_0} \frac{2}{g \tilde{\mathbf{w}}} \text{th} \left(\frac{1}{2} g \tilde{\mathbf{w}} \right) \left[1 - 2 \sin^2 \left(\frac{g}{2} \Gamma_0(\mathbf{g}) \right) \right] \frac{\Gamma_0(\mathbf{g})}{\tilde{\mathbf{w}}^2 + \Gamma_0^2(\mathbf{g})}; \quad (7)$$

($\mathbf{a} < 1, \mathbf{g} \gg 1, \tilde{\mathbf{w}} \mathbf{g} \ll 1$),

sadac: $\mathbf{s}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) = \mathbf{s}_{xx}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) = \mathbf{s}_{yy}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) = \mathbf{s}_{zz}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}})$; $\tilde{\mathbf{w}} = \frac{\mathbf{w}}{w_0}$; $\Gamma_0(\mathbf{g}) = w_0^{-1} \Gamma_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}) = \frac{2}{3} \mathbf{a} N_0(\mathbf{g})$; xol o

dabal temperaturul i da dabal sixSirul i ZvradobisTvis Sesabamisad gveqneba:

$$\mathbf{m}_0(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) = \frac{e}{m w_0} \frac{2}{g \tilde{\mathbf{w}}} \text{th} \left(\frac{1}{2} g \tilde{\mathbf{w}} \right) \frac{\Gamma_0(\mathbf{g})}{\tilde{\mathbf{w}}^2 + \Gamma_0^2(\mathbf{g})}; \quad (8)$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{m}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) = \frac{e}{m w_0} \frac{4}{g \tilde{\mathbf{w}}} \text{th} \left(\frac{1}{2} g \tilde{\mathbf{w}} \right) \sin^2 \left(\frac{g}{2} \Gamma_0(\mathbf{g}) \right) \frac{\Gamma_0(\mathbf{g})}{\tilde{\mathbf{w}}^2 + \Gamma_0^2(\mathbf{g})}$$

($\mathbf{a} < 1, \mathbf{g} \gg 1, \tilde{\mathbf{w}} \mathbf{g} \ll 1$).

dabal temperaturul i statikuri ZvradobisTvis (dc mobility) miRebul ia Semdegi mniSvnel oba (mcire temperaturul i SesworebiT).

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathbf{m}_0 &= \frac{e}{m\omega_0} \Gamma_0^{-1}(\mathbf{g}) = \frac{e}{m\omega_0} \frac{3}{2\mathbf{a}} e^{\mathbf{g}}; \\
\Delta\mathbf{m} &= \frac{2e}{m\omega_0} \sin^2 \left[\frac{\mathbf{g}}{2} \Gamma_0(\mathbf{g}) \right] \Gamma_0^{-1}(\mathbf{g}) \approx \frac{e}{m\omega_0} \frac{1}{3} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{g}^2 e^{-\mathbf{g}}; \\
&(\mathbf{g} \gg 1, \mathbf{a} < 1).
\end{aligned} \tag{9}$$

gamoTvl il ia agreTve el eqtrogamtaroba da el eqtronis Zvrado-
 doba el eqtrul i vel is maRal i $\tilde{\omega}$ -sixSireebis SemTxvevaSi. am Sem-
 TxvevaSic temperaturul i Sesworeba el eqtronis Zvradobaze warmoadgens Zal ian mcire sidides.

sadisertacio naSromis am paragrafSi avtoris mier miRebul i
 Sedegi (ix. (9) formul a) warmoadgens $\frac{3}{2} \frac{K_B T}{\hbar \omega_0}$ -probl emis-
 gadawyvetas frol ixis pol aronis (el eqtronis) dabal temperaturul i
 Zvradobis TeoriaSi. Zvradobis miRebul i mniSvnel oba 3j er aRemateba
 bol cmaniseul - dabal temperaturul statikur Zvradobas:

$$\mathbf{m}_b = \frac{e}{m\omega_0} \cdot \frac{1}{2\mathbf{a}} e^{\mathbf{g}}; \quad (\omega=0, \mathbf{g} \gg 1); \quad \text{da} \quad \frac{1}{2\mathbf{g}} \text{-mamravl iT gansxvavdeba fxiP-isa}$$

(feinmani, xel vorsis, idingsis, pl atcmansi) da tornberg_feinmanis Sede-
 gisgan: $\mathbf{m}_{FXIP} = \mathbf{m}_{TF} = \frac{e}{m\omega_0} \frac{3}{2\mathbf{g}} \frac{1}{2\mathbf{a}} e^{\mathbf{g}}; \quad (\omega=0, \mathbf{g} \gg 1);$ rac Seexeba TviT fxiP-isa

da tornberg_feinmanis Sedegebis Tanxvedras da $\frac{1}{2\mathbf{g}}$ -mamravl s, maTi
 warmoSobis buneba (Rrma mizezi) dRevandel dRemde bol omde dadge-
 nil i ar aris.

\$3.3_Si ganxil ul ia da gamokvl eul ia el eqtronis Zvradobis
 yofaqceva akustikuri pol aronis model Si susti el eqtron-fononuri
 urTierTqmdebis dros. am SemTxvevaSi adgili aqvs el eqtronis urTi-
 erTqmedebas dispersiis mqone akustikur fononebTan: $\omega(\vec{k}) = V_s |\vec{k}|$ (V_s
 _bgeris siCqarea kristal Si), da iseve rogorc pol aronis frol ixis
 model Si, el eqtronis energiisTvis gamtarobis zonaSi gvaqvs dispe-
 rsiis parabol uri kanoni: $T(\vec{P}) = \vec{P}^2 / 2m;$ (m-el eqtronis efeqturi masaa).
 am paragrafSic miRebul i Sedegebi el eqtrogamtarobisa da el eqtronis

Zvradobis yofaqcevis Sesaxeb eyrdnoba \$3.1_{Si}\$ gamoyvani l zogad Tanafardobebssa da formul ebs. napovnia el eqtronis `siCqare_siCqareze- korel aciuri funqciebis mil evis dekrementebi (el eqtronis impuls rel aqsaciis sixSire) da oscil irebadi faqtorebi. ganxil ul ia el eqtronis aradrekadi gabnevis procesebi akustikur fononebze da dadgenil ia, rom `mcire- siCqariT ($\tilde{P} < 1$) moZravi el eqtronisTvis, impuls rel aqsaciis sixSire (dro) kristal is Zal ian dabal i temperaturebis dros ar aris damokidebul i TviT el eqtronis impuls mniSvnel obebze da warmoidgineba Semdegi saxiT:

$$\Gamma_{Ac}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}) = \mathbf{t}_{Ac}^{-1rel}(\mathbf{g}) = \frac{mV_s^2}{\hbar} 64\mathbf{a} [e^{4g} - 1]^{-1} \quad (10)$$

$$(\tilde{P} \ll 1; \mathbf{g} \gg 1; \mathbf{a} < 1).$$

$$\text{sadac: } \tilde{P} = P/mV_s; \text{ da } \mathbf{g} = \frac{mV_s^2}{2K_B T}; \text{ xol o } \alpha_{\text{el eqtron-fononuri}}$$

urTierTqmedebis (bmi s) mudmivaa: $\mathbf{a} = \frac{D^2 m^2}{8\rho r \hbar^3 V_s} < 1$. D_deformaciis pote-

ncial is mudmivaa, ρ _kristal is masuri simkvrive. napovnia `siCqare-siCqareze- korel aciuri funqciisTvis miRebul i bol cmanis tipis miaxl oebiTi kinetikuri gantol ebis amonaxsni rdm-Si kristal is dabal i temperaturebis dros, da gamoTvl il ia dabal sixSirul i kuTri el eqtrogamtaroba da el eqtronis Zvradoba am model Si izotropul SemTxvevaSi da erTi zonis miaxl oebaSi:

$$\text{Re } \mathbf{s}_{Ac}(\mathbf{w}) = \frac{ne^2}{m} \frac{\Gamma_{Ac}^{rel}(\mathbf{g})}{\mathbf{w}^2 + \Gamma_{Ac}^{2rel}(\mathbf{g})} \cos \left[\frac{\hbar \mathbf{g}}{mV_s^2} \Gamma_{Ac}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}) \right] \quad (11)$$

$$(\mathbf{a} < 1; \mathbf{g} \gg 1; \mathbf{w} \ll \frac{mV_s^2}{\hbar \mathbf{g}}).$$

$$\mathbf{m}_{Ac} = \lim_{\mathbf{w} \rightarrow 0} \frac{\text{Re } \mathbf{s}_{Ac}(\mathbf{w})}{ne} = \mathbf{m}_{oAc} - \Delta \mathbf{m}_{Ac}$$

$$\mathbf{m}_{oAc} = \frac{\hbar e}{m^2 V_s^2} \frac{1}{64\mathbf{a}} e^{4g} \quad (12)$$

$$\Delta m_{Ac} = \frac{\hbar e}{m^2 V_s^2} \frac{1}{32a} e^{4g} \sin^2[32ag^{-4g}]; \quad (a < 1; g \gg 1)$$

naTel ia, rom temperaturul i Sesworeba el eqtronis dabal temperaturul Zvradobaze, romel ic ganpirobepul ia sawyisi korel aciebis gaTval iswinebiT, warmoadgens Zal ian mcire sidides. miRebul i formul ebi warmoadgenen Tanmimdevrul da koreqtul Sedegs el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i ZvradobisTvis akustikuri pol aronis model Si susti el eqtron_fononuri bmis SemTxvevaSi.

am paragrafSi gamoTvl il ia aseve el qtrogamtaroba da el eqtronis Zvradoba akustikuri pol aronis model Si el eqtrul i vel is maRal i ω_{sixSi} reebis SemTxvevaSi, kristal is rogorc maRal i, aseve dabal i temperaturebis dros, napovnia am sididebis ω_{sixSi} resa da T_temperaturaze damokidebul eba (yofaqceva) am parametrebis sxvadasxva mniSvel obebis dros. am SemTxvevaSic temperaturul i Sesworeba el eqtronis dabal temperaturul Zvradobaze warmoadgens Zal ian mcire sidides.

el eqtronis dabatemperaturul i Zvradobis gamosaTvl el ad akustikuri pol aronis model Si susti el eqtron-fononuri bmis SemTxvevaSi ($\alpha < 1$), gamoiyeneba kinetikuri (bol cmanis) gantol ebis meTodi. am gantol ebis amoxsnisas r_{dm_Si} el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i statikuri ZvradobisTvis (dc-mobility) S_{fm_Si} miiReba mniSvel oba

$$m_{0BAC} = \frac{\hbar e}{m^2 V_s^2} \cdot \frac{1}{32a} e^{4g}; (g \gg 1, a < 1, w = 0). \quad (13)$$

xol o, fxip-is Teoriisa (miaxl oebisa) da bal ansis gantol ebis meTodis (tornberg-feinmanis Teoriis) gamoyenebiT napovni el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i statikuri Zvradobis mniSvel oba tol ia sidids:

$$\tilde{m}_{AC}^{FXIP} = \tilde{m}_{AC}^{TF} = \frac{3}{4g} \cdot \frac{1}{64a} e^{4g}; \quad m = \frac{\hbar e}{m^2 V_s^2} \tilde{m} (g \gg 1, a < 1) \quad (14)$$

avtoris mier napovni dabal temperaturul i statikuri Zvradobis mniSvel oba S_{fm_Si} (ix. 12 formul a). warmoadgens Tanmimdevrul da koreqtul Sedegs akustikuri pol aronis model Si. is 2_j er nakl ebia

el eqtronis `bol cmaniseul ~ dabal temperaturul Zvradobaze da $\frac{3}{4g}$ -mamravl iT gansxvavdeba fxip-isa da tornberg-feinmanis Sedegasgan. rac Sexeba fxip-isa da tornberg-feinmanis Sedegebis Tanxvedras da $\frac{3}{4g}$ -mamravl s_iseve, rogorc pol aronis frol i-xis model Si, am model Sic maTi warmoSobis Rrma mizezi (buneba) j er-j erobiT dadgenil i ar aris.

\$3.4_Si ganxil ul ia pol aronis fgm. gamoTvl il ia da gamokvl e- ul ia kontinual uri optikuri pol aronis dreful i Zvradoba da misi yofaqceva am model Si dabal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi. gamoyvanil ia kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi pol aronis `impul si_impul sze- (deni_denze-). wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis, ganxil ul ia markoviseul i miagl oeba pol aronis dinamikisaTvis da didi droebis asimpatotur areSi: $t \sim t_{rel} \gg t_0 = \max(t_s, t_\Sigma)$; $t_{rel} \gg b$; $\hbar = m = w_0 = 1$). (t_s -pol aronis daj axebaTa maxasiaTebel i droa, t_Σ -aris TermostatSi fl uqtuaciebis korel aciebis maxasiaTebel i dro), miRebul ia miagl oebiTi gamosaxul ebebi korel aciuri funqciebisTvis. gamoyvanil ia agreTve kinetikuri gantol ebebi korel aciuri funqciebis diagonal uri matricul i el ementebisTvis. napovnia korel aciuri funqciebis mil evis dekrementebi (pol aronis impul sis rel aqsaciis sixSire) da oscil irebadi faqtorebi.

dabal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi ($b \gg 1$, $b^{-1} \ll |e_1 - e_0|$) da didi droebis areSi $t \gg |e_i - e_j|^{-1}$)-pol aronis $\langle P_z P_z(\pm t) \rangle_{GF}$ korel aciuri funqciebis sidide ZiriTadad gansazRvrul ia impul sTa im mniSvnel o-bebiT, romel TaTvisac $\frac{\vec{p}^2}{2M_{GF}} \ll |e_1 - e_0|$; $\frac{\vec{p}^2}{2M_{GF}} \ll 1$, (sadic e_i, e_j, e_1, e_0 pol aronis agznebul i da ZiriTadi mdgomareobis energiebia, M_{GF} -pol aronis masaa). am pirobebSi dadgenil ia, rom pol aronis impul sis rel aqsaciis sixSire $\Gamma_{zrel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{p})$ ar aris damokidebul i TviT

pol aronis \vec{P} impul sze (mcire- sicqariT moZravi pol aroni) da ganisa- zRvrebA TanafardobiT:

$$\Gamma_{zrel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \equiv \Gamma_{0rel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}) = \frac{2}{3} \mathbf{a} N_0(\mathbf{b}) \sqrt{M} f(\sqrt{2M}) \quad (15)$$

$$(\mathbf{b} \gg 1, \vec{P}^2 / 2M \ll 1)$$

sadac: $f(\sqrt{2M}) = f(k)|_{k=\sqrt{2M}}$; $f(k) = |\langle 0 | e^{i\mathbf{m}\vec{k}\vec{x}} | 0 \rangle|^2$ (16)

$$N_0(\mathbf{b}) = [e^{\mathbf{b}} - 1]^{-1}$$

napovni (dabal sixSirul i) kuTri el eqtrogamtarobisTvis da pol a- ronis dabal temperaturul i ZvradobisTvis gvaqvs Semdegi saxis gamosaxul ebebi:

$$\text{Re } \mathbf{s}^{GF}(\mathbf{w}) = N e^2 \mathbf{b}^{-1} M \frac{2th(\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{b}\mathbf{w})}{\mathbf{w}} \frac{\Gamma_{0rel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b})}{\mathbf{w}^2 + \Gamma_{0rel}^{2GF}(\mathbf{b})} \cos \left[\frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \Gamma_{0rel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}) \right] \quad (17)$$

$$(\mathbf{w} \ll \Gamma_{0rel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}) \ll \mathbf{b}^{-1} \ll 1);$$

$$\mathbf{m}_0^{GF} = \frac{3}{2} e \frac{\exp(\mathbf{b})}{\mathbf{a}} \frac{\sqrt{M}}{f(\sqrt{2M})}; \quad \mathbf{m}^{GF} = \mathbf{m}_0^{GF} - \Delta \mathbf{m}^{GF}$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{m}^{GF} = 3e \frac{\exp(\mathbf{b})}{\mathbf{a}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{M}}{f(\sqrt{2M})} \sin^2 \left[\frac{1}{6} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} N_0(\mathbf{b}) \sqrt{M} \cdot f(\sqrt{2M}) \right]. \quad (18)$$

$$(\mathbf{w} = 0; \quad \Gamma_{0rel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}) \ll \mathbf{b}^{-1} \ll 1)$$

sadac: N-pol aronebis koncentraciaa.

naTel ia, rom $\Delta \mathbf{m}^{GF}$ _sidide, romel ic warmoadgens temperatu- rul Sesworebas pol aronis $\Delta \mathbf{m}_0^{GF}$ _dabal temperaturul Zvradobaze, warmoadgens mcire sidides TviT am ZvradobasTan SedarebiT.

amave §3.4_Si agreTve ganxil ul ia da gaanal izebul ia sakiTxi pol aronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis yofaqcevis Sesaxeb el e- qtron-fononuri bmis α _mudmivas zRvrul i (susti da Zl ieri) mniSvne- l obebis dros. dadgenil ia, rom: 1. susti el eqtron-fononuri bmis zRvrul SemTxvevaSi: ($\alpha < 1$, $M_{GF} \ll 1$, $M_{GF} \rightarrow 0$), rodesac pol aronis fgm

gadadis pol aronis frol ixis model Si, pol aronis dabal temperaturul i ZvradobisTvis gvaqvs:

$$m_0^{GF} \Rightarrow m_0 = \frac{3e}{2a} e^b; \quad \Delta m^{GF} \Rightarrow \Delta m = \frac{1}{3} e a b^2 e^{-b}; (a < 1, b \gg 1) \quad (19)$$

romel ic emTxveva dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis mniSvnel obas pol aronis frol ixis model Si.

2. Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri bmis zRvrul SemTxvevaSi: ($\alpha \gg 1, M_{GF} \gg 1, M_{GF} \rightarrow 8$), rodesac fgm aRadgens pekaris Teorias, pol aronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis yofaqceva aRiwereba TanafardobiT:

$$m_{\sigma\pi}^{GF} \sim \frac{3e}{2} \exp(b) a^{13}; \quad (a \gg 1, b \gg 1) \quad (20)$$

sadisertacio naSromSi avtoris mier ganviTarebul i formal izmi da meTodebi, miRebul i ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis da mesame Tavis \$3.1_-\$3.4_ebSi ganxil ul model ebze dayrdnobiT miRebul i Sedegebi (gamoyvanil i formul ebi: rogorc zogadi, aseve miaxl oebiTi) SesaZl ebl obas iZl eva gadaugvarebel, farTozonian, erTgvarovan (pol arul) naxevargantarebSi, ionur da koval entur kristal ebSi_el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gantarobisa da dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis wrfivi kvanturi Teoriis agebas_kvanturi dinamiuri sistemebis sxva model TaTvisac, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben fononebTan (el eqtronebis gabneva arapol arul optikur fononebze, piezoel eqtul i gabneva, pol aronis fm. da sxva)_el eqtronebisTvis erTi zonis miaxl oebaSi, dispersiis rogorc zogadi, aseve parabol uri kanonis dros da fononebis dispersiis izotropul i kanonis SemTxvevaSi.

daskvnebi

1. sxvadasxva midgomebis-mowesrigebul operatorTa da liuvilis superoperatorul i formal izmisa da proeqciul i operatoris meTodis gamoyenebiT, sawyisi korel aciebis gaTval iswinebiT_gamoyvanil ia axali, zusti, ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evol uciuri (kinetikuri) gantol ebebi drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis, dinamiuri qvesistemisTvis romel ic urTierTqmedebis bozonur vel Tan (TermostatTan). miRebul gantol ebaTa daj axebiTi integral ebi

Seicaven rogorc wevrebs, roml ebic aRweren namdvil i korel aciebis evol ucias droSi, aseve sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciur wevrebs, roml ebic ganpirobepul ia qvesistemis urTierTqmedebiT bozonur TermostatTan drois sawyis momentSi.

2. SeSfoTebis Teoriis meore miaxl oebaSi – qvesistemis TermostatTan urTierTqmedebis hamil tonianis mixedviT – napovnia ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi gamoricxul i bozonuri ampl itudebiT korel aciuri funqciebisTvis, rogorc markoviseul i, ise aramarkoviseul i saxiT, roml ebic Seicaven cxadad gamoyofil sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciur wevrebs.

3. el eqtron-fononuri sistemisTvis, frol ixisa da akustikuri pol aronis model TaTvis, SeSfoTebis Teoriis meore miaxl oebaSi, susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi da erTi zonis miaxl oebaSi el eqtronisaTvis gamoyvanil ia da gamokvl eul ia markovis saxis kinetikuri gantol ebebi el eqtronis siCqaris operatoris komponentebis saSual o mniSvnel obebis diagonal uri matricul i el ementebisaTvis, roml ebic wadmoadgenen bol cmanis tipis gantol ebebs, saidanac gamoricxul ia fononuri ampl itudebi. Gganxil ul ia el eqtronis aradrekadi gabnevis procesebi fononebze da dadgenil ia, rom ganxil ul model ebSi adgil i aqvs rel aqsaciur process korel aciuri funqciebis oscil aciebiT. Nnapovnia el eqtronis impulsis (siCqaris) rel aqsaciis sixSireebis anal izuri gamosaxul ebebi kristalis dabal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi. gamoTvl il ia el eqtronis “siCqare-siCqareze” korel aciuri funqciebis mil evis dekrementebi da oscil irebadi faqtorebi.

4. gamokvl eul ia da dadgenil ia, rom el eqtronis siCqaris (impulsis) mcire mniSvnel obebisaTvis, siCqaris rel aqsaciis droebi (sixSireebi) ganxil ul model ebSi ar aris damokidebul i impulsis sidideze. mcire siCqareebiTYmoZravi el eqtronebisTvis Zal ian dabal i temperaturebis dros napovnia dabal sixSirul i el eqtrogamtarobisa da el eqtronis dreiful i Zvradobis gamosaTvl el i formul ebi.

5. frol ixis pol aronis model Si miRebul i gamosaxul ebebi el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobisa da dinamiuri gamtarobiTvis wadmoadgens osakas mier napovni Sedegis ganzogadoebas mcire intensivobis mqone dabal sixSirul gareSe el eqtrul vel Si, rac faqtiurad SesaZl ebel ia ganxil ul i iqnas, rogorc drudes formula kuTri el eqtrogamtarobisTvis. napovnia agreTve statikuri ($w=0$) el eqtrogamtarobisa da dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis anal izuri gamosaxul ebebi, rogorc frol ixis, aseve akustikuri pol aronis model ebSi.

6. rogorc gamoTvl ebi gviCvenebs, el eqtronebis gabnevisas pol arul optikur fononebze, dabal temperaturul i dreiful i ZvradobisTvis (dcmobility, $w=0$) miRebul i mniSvnel oba 3-j er aRemateba Zvradobis im mniSvnel obas, romel ic miReba bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebis gamoyenebiT da amoxsniT rel aqsaciis drois miaxl oebaSi.

miRebul i Sedegi warmoadgens - " $\frac{3 K_B T}{2 \hbar \omega_0}$ probl emis" - nawil obriv gada-
wyvetas frol ixis pol aronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis Teo-
riaSi.

7. el eqtronebis gabnevisas akustikur fononebze (akustikuri pol aronis model i) miRebul i dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis ($\omega=0$) mniSvnel oba 2j er nakl ebia Zvradobis im mniSvnel obaze, romel ic aseve miReba bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebis amoxsnisas rel aqsaciis drois miaxl oebaSi.

8. ganxil ul model ebSi napovnia agreTve el eqtronis dreiful Zvradobaze temperaturul i Sesworebebi, roml ebic ganpirobepul ia sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciuri wevrebis arseboiT gamoyvanil i kinetikuri gantol ebebis daj axeboiT integral ebSi da naCvnebia, rom es Sesworebebi warmoadgenen mcire sididebs ganxil ul i Teoriis fargl ebSi.

9. pol aronis fgm-sTvis miRebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi el eqtrul i denis operatoris komponentebis (pol aronis impul sis) drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis gamoyenebul ia pol aronis dreiful i Zvradobisa da el eqtrogamtarobis tenzoris gamosaTvl el ad. Gganxil ul erTzonian izotropul SemTxvevaSi, markoviseul miaxl oebaSi pol aronis dinamikisTvis, napovnia miaxl oebiTi gamosaxul ebebi korel aciuri funqciebisTvis.

10. kristal is Zal ian dabal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi gamoyvanil ia bol cmanis tipis kinetikuri gantol eba korel aciuri funqciis diagonal uri matricul i el ementisTvis, romel ic Seesabameba pol aronis ZiriTad mdgomareobas. gamokvl eul ia pol aronis aradre-kadi gabnevis procesebi fononebze. napovnia impul sis rel aqsaciis sixSiris (drois) anal izuri gamosaxul eba da dadgenil ia, rom mcire siCqariT moZravi pol aronisTvis impul sis rel aqsaciis sixSire (dro) ar aris damokidebul i impul sis sidideze.

11. kubos wrfivi reaquiis Teoriis gamoyenebiT miRebul ia dabal - sixSirul i el eqtrogamtarobis tenzoris anal izuri gamosaxul eba el eqtron-fononuri sistemisaTvis erTzonian miaxl oebaSi da fononebis dispersiis zogadi (izotropul i) kanonis SemTxvevaSi. gamoTvl il ia pol aronis dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradoba fgm-Si. am model Si napovnia agreTve temperaturul i Sesworeba pol aronis dreiful Zvradobaze, romel ic ganpirobepul ia sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciuri wevrebis arseboiT miRebul i kinetikuri gantol ebebis daj axeboiT integral ebSi, da dasabuTebul ia, rom es temperaturul i Sesworeba warmoadgens mcire sidides.

12. ganxil ul ia da gaanal izebul ia pol aronis dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis yofaqceva susti ($a < 1$) da Zl ieri ($a \gg 1$) el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis zRvrul SemTxvevebSi. susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi ($M_{GF} \rightarrow 0$), rodesac pol aronis fgm gadadis pol aronis frol ixis model Si, pol a-

ronis dabal temperaturul i dreiful i ZvradobisTvis ($g \gg 1; w=0$) vRebul obT iseTive miSvnel obas, rogoric napovnia pol aronis fro- l ixis model Si. Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxve- vaSi ($M_{GF} \rightarrow \infty$), rodesac pol aronis fgm aRadgens pol aronis pekaris naxevradkl asikur Teorias, dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis yofaqceva moicema Semdegi TanafardobiT: $m_{GF} \sim \frac{3}{2}e.exp(g)a^{13}; (\hbar = m = w_0 = 1; g = b \gg 1; w=0)$; anu pol aronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradoba Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi ($a \gg 1$) izrdeba a- bmis mudmivas mecamete rigis proporciul ad am mudmivas didi mniSvne- l obebis dros, maSin rodesac pol aronis pekaris TeoriaSi dabal tem- peraturul i Zvradoba izrdeba misi mexuTe rigis proporciul ad: $m_{T1} \sim a^5$; rodesac $a \gg 1; (\hbar = m = w_0 = 1; b \gg 1; w = 0)$.

13. sadisertacio naSromSi Catarebul i gamokvl evebi gviCvenebs, rom ganviTarebul meTodebs, roml ebic dafuznebul ia kinetikuri gan- tol ebemis miRebaze wonasworul i korel aciuri funciebisTvis da maT gamoTvl aze, gansxvavebiT sxva midgomebisgan, ar miyvavarT ganSi adi wevrebisagan Sedgenil i usasrul o mwkrivebis aj amvis aucil ebl obas- Tan kvazinawil akis (el eqtronis, pol aronis) urTierTqmedebis mixed- viT fononebTan, kristal ze modebul i gareSe el eqtrul i vel is daba- l i ($w \rightarrow 0$) sixSireebis SemTxvevaSi.

naSromSi dasabuTebul ia, rom arsebul i sawyisi korel aciebis evol ucia da korel aciuri funciebis oscil aciebi drois mixedviT, roml ebic ganpirobepul ia kvazinawil akis (zogad SemTxvevaSi kvanturi dinamiuri qvesistemis) urTierTqmedebiT fononur (bozonur) vel Tan drois sawyis momentSi, gavl enas ar axdenen rel aqsaciur procesebze da isini warmoadgenen Zvradobebze temperaturul i Sesworebebis Zi- riTad mizezs (wyaros) ganxil ul model ebSi.

SUMMARY

In modern conditions a subject to research is a subject of electron and polaron transport phenomena study in solid states and condensed matter physics. Making electron and polaron mobility and electrical conductivity quantum theory and quasi-particle kinetic features calculation remains one of the actual problem in modern theory of electron and polaron. In the latest years a tendency of making materials of difficult molecular building and studying polaron features gave stimuli to implement a lot of theoretical research for describing autolocalized (polaron) matter. Polaron concepts, which represents a simple example of nonlinear quasi-particle, has great importance and is highly used in solid states and condensed matter physics and especially it is closely connected to the fundamental problems of quantum dynamical systems theory and to the subjects of quantum theory of a field. In the latest period it became actual to research subjects of electron-phonon system and polaron kinetic on the base of Kubo linear response theory and to build correct quantum theory of electron and polaron transfer phenomena and calculation of mechanical coefficients (mobility, electrical conductivity) in semiconductors and ionic crystals.

The aim of thesis work is to receive and research new, exact generalized quantum kinetic equations for time correlation functions for some quantum dynamical systems of solid physics, which interacts with phonon field (electron-phonon system, Frohlich and acoustical polaron models, polaron generalized model of Feynman) and on the base of such models building of consecutive, correct electron and polaron low- frequency conductivity and low-temperature drift mobility quantum theory for non degenerated wide-band semiconductors and ionic crystals based on Kubo linear response and perturbation theory and calculation of mechanical coefficients transport (mobility, electrical conductivity) for above mentioned quantum subsystems models.

The thesis work discusses two method of approach for new, exact generalized quantum kinetic equations for double-time equilibrium correlation functions for quantum dynamical systems, which interacts with boson (phonon) field (thermostat).

The first method of approach is based on ordered operators formalism and chronological and antichronological T-product method; and the second method of approach which is based on Liouville superoperative formalism and projection operator method.

The first chapter of the work generally gives a short brief. In the first paragraph of this chapter deals with model Hamiltonian kind of dynamical systems, which interact with boson (phonon) thermostat and there are discussed some actual examples of quantum dissipative and open nonequilibrium modeling systems and from different fields of modern physics, which became the subject of intensive research and learn in the latest 30-40 years. The spectrum of the wide research contained subjects of metals' electrical conductivity and superconductivity theories, subjects of metal alloy and cold "metal glasses" electronic theory; subjects of weak and strong localization and strong inhomogeneous substances electrical conductivity theory in disordered systems physics; aspects of laser radiation and superradiation theory aspects in quantum radiophysics; subjects of magnetic polaron and fluctuon (phason) and etc in magnetic substances (environment) and others. The second paragraph deals with dynamically disordered system - electron-phonon system and electron interaction with acoustical and polar optical phonons and gives general introduction of Hamiltonian of electron-phonon system (Frohlich - Pekar type Hamiltonian), Hamiltonians of electron acoustical and polar optical phonons interaction and short brief of deformation potential method. The third part of the work deals with large radius polaron models. There are reviewed polaron Frohlich and Pekar models and polaron Feynman oscillator and generalized Feynman models there. The same paragraph deals with a new approach for polaron systems thermodynamics and kinetic subjects, developed in latest years – ordered operators formalism, T-product method and phonon operators elimination method from equilibrium and nonequilibrium average value – physical quantity characteristic for electron-phonon system. The advantage of a new method of approach in some occasions to at studying kinetic subjects of electron-phonon system. The fourth paragraph deals with several principal subjects of physical kinetics of dynamical systems, which interact with phonon (boson) field. There is given review of very important and principal subject such as opportunity of shorten description at evolution (kinetic) equation for K-type dynamical systems (for classic and quantum as well), which is not based of a hypothesis about usage of initial correlations weakness and random phase approximation (RPA). There is described those basic schedules and methods, which lead us to Boltzmann type kinetic equation and master equation there. The chapter deals with such basic principal difficulties, which are arisen at calculation of drift mobilities for above mentioned models, as according to Boltzmann kinetic equation and Kubo linear response theory and also at using some methods of linear and nonlinear conductivity theories (nonequilibrium density matrix and balance equation methods).

The second chapter of thesis work deals with general question – to receive exact, generalized, quantum evolutionary equations for equilibrium correlation and Green functions of dynamical subsystems, which interacts with boson (phonon) thermostat. The first paragraph deals with ordered operators formalism and T-product method. The second paragraph deals with new and exact quantum evolutionary (kinetic) initial correlations weakness principles equations for without random phase approximation usage and double-time equilibrium correlation and Green retarded functions, with eliminated boson amplitudes. The fourth paragraph deals with new and exact generalized quantum kinetic equations for double-time equilibrium correlation and Green functions been found by using Liouville superoperative formalism and projection operator method. Unlike kinetic equations for correlation functions, received by different authors in scientific literature, integrals of evolutionary equations presented in this work contain additional members, which describe initial correlations evolution in the period of time and which are caused by subsystem interaction with boson thermostat in initial moment of time. The third and fifth paragraphs discuss Markov method of approach for subsystem dynamics and accordingly by the help of both formalism and methods there has been found approximately quantum kinetic equations for correlation functions with eliminated boson amplitudes and initial correlation description and additional members in collision integrals. Researches and results have been conducted in this chapter of the work give opportunity for better and wider studying of kinetic phenomena, which take place in dynamical systems and which interact with boson field.

Subjects of electron and polaron transport phenomena quantum theories in solid states – in semiconductors and ionic crystals – have been researched in the third chapter of thesis work. All four paragraphs of the same work are dedicated to electron and polaron low-frequency conductivity and low-temperature drift mobility quantum theory, which is based on the above mentioned models of quantum dynamical systems, Kubo linear response and perturbation theory and on quantum kinetic equations for equilibrium correlation functions presented in the second chapter. The first paragraph researches Markovian type kinetic equations for correlation functions of electron “velocity – on velocity” in relaxation time approximation and there has been found decrements of damping correlation functions and oscillation factors; for electron-phonon systems in the case of weak electron-phonon interaction in one band approximation there has been received analyze image of low-frequency electrical conductivity tensor and low-temperature drift mobility of electron in the case of anisotropy has been calculated there – conductivity band is of electron velocity. The second and third paragraphs deals with several subjects of electronic transport phenomena in Frohlich and acoustical polaron models. There have been found formulas for calculating drift mobility and low-frequency conductivity at low-temperatures for electron in such models. Generalization of Osaka result for electron low-temperature mobility and low-frequency conductivity in electric field are received in polaron Frohlich model. There is given partial decision for “ $\frac{3 K_B T}{2 \hbar \omega_0}$ problem” in Frohlich polaron low-temperature mobility theory and is

shown, that meaning of mobility given in this work excels three times those meaning of mobility which is received by Boltzmann kinetic equation in relaxation time approximation. In acoustical polaron model (at scattered electron on acoustical phonons) meaning of low-temperature mobility is two times less than the meaning of mobility, which is also received by Boltzmann equation in relaxation time approximation. The fourth paragraph of the same chapter deals researches several subjects of polaron kinetic in generalized Feynman model and kinetic equations are solved for polaron “momentum-on momentum” equilibrium

correlation functions; there is calculated frequency of polaron momentum relaxation (relaxation time) at low temperature crystal and analyze image of low-frequency electrical conductivity tensor (dissipative part) is received; there is found polaron low-temperature drift mobility meaning there. There is analyzed polaron low-temperature mobility behavior in the event of electron phonon interaction there and there is found mobility dependence on coupling constant in the case of strong electron-phonon interaction and different behavior of low-temperature mobility according to the degree of coupling constant by polaron Pekar model is established. The work also calculates temperature corrections on electron and polaron low-temperature mobilities in the discussed models and there is shown, that these corrections represent small quantities within discussed theory and approaches has been used there.

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Semdeq Sromebsi :

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Eel eqtronebisa da pol aronebis Zvradobis kvanturi Teoriis ageba da kvazinawil akebis kinetikuri maxasiaTebl ebis gamoTvl a kvl av rCeba erT-erT aqtual ur amocanad myari sxeul ebis fizikaSi. ukanasknel periodSi did interss iwvevs kubos wrfivi gamoZaxil is meTodze dayrdnobiT el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis koreqtul i kvanturi Teoriis ageba da meqanikuri koeficientebisH(Zvradoba, el eqtrogamtaroba) gamoTvl a naxevargamtarebsa da ionur kristal ebSi.

sadisertacio naSromis mizans warmoadgens-el eqtron-fononuri sistemisTvis kvazinawil akis susti (frol ixisa da akustikuri pol aronis model ebi) da Zl ieri (pol aronis feinmanis ganzogadoebul i model i (fgm)) urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi fononur vel Tan - axal i,zusti, ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebis miReba da gamokvl eva droiTi wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisaTvis; am gantol ebaTa gamoyenebiT, am model TaTvis Tanmimdevrul i, koreqtul i el eqtronul i da pol aronuli dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis kvanturi Teoriis ageba naxevargamtarebsa da ionur kristal ebSi.

sadisertacio naSromSi ganxil ul ia axal i, zusti ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebis miRebis ori midgoma drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis: pirvel i midgoma dafuZnebul ia mowesrigebul operatorTa formal izmze da qronol ogiur da antiqronol ogiur T-namravl Ta meTodze, da meore midgoma eyrdnoba l iuvil is superoperatorul formal izmsa da proeqciul i operatoris meTods.

naSromis pirvel i Tavis pirvel paragrafSi moyvanil ia model uri hamil tonianis saxe dinamiuri sistemebisa, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben bozonur (fononur) TermostatTan da ganxil ul ia zogierTi aqtual uri magal iTi kvanturi disipaciuri da Ria arawonasworul i model uri sistemebisa Tanamedrove fizikis sxvadasxva dargidan, roml ebic gaxdnen intensiuri kvl evisa da Seswavl is sagani ukanasknel i 30-40 wl is ganmavl obaSi. meore paragrafSi ganxil ul ia dinamiurad mowesrigebel i sistema - el eqtron-fononuri sistema da el eqtronis urTierTqmedeba akustikur da pol arul optikur fononebTan; moyvanil ia el eqtron-fononuri sistemis hamil tonianis zogadi saxe (frol ix-pekaris tipis hamil toniani), el eqtronis akustikur da pol arul optikur fononebTan urTierTqmedebis hamil tonianTa saxeebi da mokl ed mimoxil ul ia agreTve deformaciis potencial is meTodi. didi radiusis mqone pol aronTa model ebi - pol aronis frol ixisa da pekaris, feinmanis erToscil atoriani da fg model ebi - mimoxil ul ia mesame paragrafSi.

amave paragrafSi ganxil ul ia agreTve ukanasknel wl ebSi ganviTarebul i da gamoyenebul i axal i midgoma pol aronul i sistemebis Termodinamikisa da kinetikis sakiTxebis gamokvl ebebisas

- mowesrigebul operatorTa formal izmi, T-namravl Ta meTodi da fononuri operatorebis gamoricxvis teqnika el eqtron-fononuri sistemis maxasiaTebel i fizikuri sidideebis wonasworul i da arawonasworul i saSual o mniSvnel obebidan. aRniSnul ia zogierT SemTxvevaSi am axal i midgomis upiratesoba el eqtron-fononuri sistemis kinetikis sakiTxebis Seswavl isas, kontinual uri integrirebis meTodTan SedarebiT. meoTxe paragrafSi ganxil ul ia fizikuri kinetikis zogierTi principul i sakiTxi dinamiuri sistemebisa, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben fononur (bozonur) vel -Tan. mimoxil ul ia mniSvnel ovani da principul i sakiTxi K-tipis dinamiur sistemebSi (rogorc kl asikuris, aseve kvanturistvis), evol uciuri gantol ebebis gamoyvanis dros Semokl ebul i aRweris Sesazl ebl obaze, romel ic ar eyrdnoba sawyisi korel aciebis Sesustebisa da SemTxveviTi fazebis miaxl oebis (Sfm) hipotezas. aRweril ia ZiriTadi sqemebi da meTodebi, roml ebsac miyvavarT bol cmanis saxis kinetikuri gantol ebisa da ZiriTadi kinetikuri gantol ebis povnamde. ganxil ul ia is ZiriTadi principul i xasiatis sirtul eebi, roml ebic warmoiSvebian el eqtron-fononuri sistemisa da pol aronis zemoTmoyvanil model TaTvis dreiful i Zvradobebis gamoTvl isas, gamomdinare rogorc bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebidan da kubos wrfivi reaquiis Teoriidan, aseve el eqtrogamtarobis wrfivi da arawrfivi Teoriis zogierTi sxva meTodis (arawonasworul i simkvrivis matricis meTodi, bal ansis gantol ebis meTodi) gamoyenebisas.

sadisertacio naSromis meore Tavi original uri xasiaTisaa. am TavSi dasmul ia zogadi amocana -dinamiuri qvesistemistvis, romel ic urTierTqmedebs bozonur (fononur) TermostatTan-axal i, zusti, ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evol uciuri gantol ebebis miReba wonasworul i korel aciuri da grinis funqciebistvis. pirvel paragrafSi ganxil ul ia mowesrigebul operatorTa formal izmi da T-namravl Ta meTodi. meore da meoTxe paragrafebSi gamoyvanil ia axal i, zusti ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evol uciuri gantol ebebi drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri da grinis dagvianebul i funqciebistvis, l iuvil is superoperatorul i formal izmisa da proeqciul i operatoris meTodis gamoyenebiT, sawyisi korel aciebis Sesustebis principisa da Sfm-s gamoyenebis gareSe. GgansxvavebiT samecniero l literaturaSi sxvada-sxva avtorTa mier miRebul i kinetikuri gantol ebebisagan korel aciuri funqciebistvis, naSromSi gamoyvanil i evol uciuri gantol ebebis daj axebiTi integral ebi Seicaven damatebiT wevrebs, roml ebic aRweren sawyisi korel aciebis evol ucias droSi, da roml ebic ganpirobebul ia qvesistemis urTierTqmedebiT bozonur TermostatTan drois sawyis momentSi. mesame da mexuTe paragrafebSi ganxil ul ia markoviseul i miaxl oeba qvesistemis dinamiktvis da Sesabamisad orive formal izmisa da meTodis daxmarebiT napovnia SeSfoTebis Teoriis meore miaxl oebaSi kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi korel aciuri funqciebistvis gamoricxul i bozonuri ampl itudebiT da sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciis aRmeri damatebiTi wevrebiT daj axebiT integral ebSi.

el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis kvanturi Teoriis sakiTxebi – naxevargamtarebsa da ionur kristal ebSi – ganxil ul ia da gamokvl eul ia sadisertacio naSromis mesame TavSi. am TavSi oTxive paragrafi eZRvneba el eqtronul i da pol aronul i dabal sixSirul i gamtarobisa da dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis kvantur Teorias, romel ic dafuznebul ia kubos wrfivi reaqsiiis Teoriaze, kvantur dinamiuri sistemebis zemoTmiTitebul model ebze, da wina TavSi miRebul kvantur kinetikur gantol ebebze. pirvel paragrafSi gamokvl eul ia da amoxsnil ia rel aqsaciis drois miaxl oebaSi markovis saxis kinetikuri gantol ebebi el eqtronis “siCqare-siCqareze” korel aciuri funqciebisTvis; miRebul ia dabal sixSirul i gamtarobis tenzoris anal izuri gamosaxul eba da gamoTvl il ia el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradoba el eqtron-fononuri sistemisTvis erTi zonis miaxl oebaSi izotropul SemTxvevaSi – el eqtronis siCqarisa da fononebis dispersiis nebi smieri zogadi, izotropul i kanonis SemTxvevaSi. meore da mesame paragrafebSi napovnia dabal sixSirul i el eqtrogamtarobisa da dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis gamosaTvl el i formul ebi frol ixisa da akustikuri pol aronis model ebSi. pol aronis frol ixis model Si miRebul ia osakas Sedegis ganzogadoeba el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i dreiful i ZvradobisTvis dabal sixSirul gareSe el eqtrul vel Si; moyvanil ia $\frac{3 K_B T}{2 \hbar \omega_0}$

probl emis” nawil obrivi gadawyveta frol ixis pol aronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis TeoriaSi da naCvenebia, rom naSromSi miRebul i Zvradobis mniSvnel oba 3j er aRemateba Zvradobis im mniSvnel obas, romel ic miiReba bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebis amoxsniT rel aqsaciis drois miaxl oebaSi. akustikuri pol aronis model Si naSromSi napovni el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis mniSvnel oba 2j er nakl ebia Zvradobis im mniSvnel obaze, romel ic aseve miiReba bol cmanis gantol ebis amoxsniT rel aqsaciis drois miaxl oebaSi. meoTxe paragrafSi Ggamoyvanil ia da amoxsnil ia (rel aqsaciis drois miaxl oebaSi) kinetikuri gantol ebebi pol aronis “impulsi-impulsi” wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis fgm-Si. miRebul ia dabal sixSirul i el eqtrogamtarobis tenzoris anal izuri gamosaxul eba da gamoTvl il ia pol aronis dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradoba. napovnia Zvradobis damokidebul eba el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis (bmis) mudmivaze Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi, da dadgenil ia dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis gansxvavebul i yofaqceva (bmis mudmivas rigis mixedviT) pol aronis pekaris model Tan SedarebiT. naSromSi gamoTvl il ia aseve temperaturul i Sesworebebi el eqtronisa da pol aronis dabal temperaturul i dreiful Zvradobebze ganxil ul model ebSi, da naCvenebia, rom es Sesworebebi warmoadgenen mcire sidideebis ganxil ul i Teoriisa da gamoyenebul i miaxl oebebis fargl ebSi.

Abstract

In modern conditions a subject to research is a subject of electron and polaron transport phenomena study in solid states and condensed matter physics. Making electron and polaron mobility and electrical conductivity quantum theory and quasi-particle kinetic features calculation remains one of the actual problem in modern theory of electron and polaron. In the latest years a tendency of making materials of difficult molecular building and studying polaron features gave stimuli to implement a lot of theoretical research for describing autolocalized (polaron) matter. Polaron concepts, which represents a simple example of nonlinear quasi-particle, has great importance and is highly used in solid states and condensed matter physics and especially it is closely connected to the fundamental problems of quantum dynamical systems theory and to the subjects of quantum theory of a field. In the latest period it became actual to research subjects of electron-phonon system and polaron kinetic on the base of Kubo linear response theory and to build correct quantum theory of electron and polaron transfer phenomena and calculation of mechanical coefficients (mobility, electrical conductivity) in semiconductors and ionic crystals.

The aim of thesis work is to receive and research new, exact generalized quantum kinetic equations for time correlation functions for some quantum dynamical systems of solid physics, which interacts with phonon field (electron-phonon system, Frohlich and acoustical polaron models, polaron generalized model of Feynman) and on the base of such models building of consecutive, correct electron and polaron low-frequency conductivity and low-temperature drift mobility quantum theory for non degenerated wide-band semiconductors and ionic crystals based on Kubo linear response and perturbation theory and calculation of mechanical coefficients transport (mobility, electrical conductivity) for above mentioned quantum subsystems models.

The thesis work discusses two method of approach for new, exact generalized quantum kinetic equations for double-time equilibrium correlation functions for quantum dynamical systems, which interacts with boson (phonon) field (thermostat).

The first method of approach is based on ordered operators formalism and chronological and antichronological T-product method; and the second method of approach which is based on Liouville superoperative formalism and projection operator method.

The first chapter of the work generally gives a short brief. In the first paragraph of this chapter deals with model Hamiltonian kind of dynamical systems, which interact with boson (phonon) thermostat and there are discussed some actual examples of quantum dissipative and open nonequilibrium modeling systems and from different fields of modern physics, which became the subject of intensive research and learn in the latest 30-40 years. The spectrum of the wide research contained subjects of metals' electrical conductivity and superconductivity theories, subjects of metal alloy and cold "metal glasses" electronic theory; subjects of weak and strong localization and strong inhomogeneous substances electrical conductivity theory in disordered systems physics; aspects of laser radiation and superradiation theory aspects in quantum radiophysics; subjects of magnetic polaron and fluctuon (phason) and etc in magnetic substances (environment) and others. The second paragraph deals with dynamically disordered system - electron-phonon system and electron interaction with acoustical and polar optical phonons and gives general introduction of Hamiltonian of electron-phonon system (Frohlich - Pekar type Hamiltonian), Hamiltonians of electron acoustical and polar optical phonons interaction and short brief of deformation potential method. The third part of the work

deals with large radius polaron models. There are reviewed polaron Frohlich and Pekar models and polaron Feynman oscillator and generalized Feynman models there. The same paragraph deals with a new approach for polaron systems thermodynamics and kinetic subjects, developed in latest years – ordered operators formalism, T-product method and phonon operators elimination method from equilibrium and nonequilibrium average value – physical quantity characteristic for electron-phonon system. The advantage of a new method of approach in some occasions to at studying kinetic subjects of electron-phonon system. The fourth paragraph deals with several principal subjects of physical kinetics of dynamical systems, which interact with phonon (boson) field. There is given review of very important and principal subject such as opportunity of shorten description at evolution (kinetic) equation for K-type dynamical systems (for classic and quantum as well), which is not based of a hypothesis about usage of initial correlations weakness and random phase approximation (RPA). There is described those basic schedules and methods, which lead us to Boltzmann type kinetic equation and master equation there. The chapter deals with such basic principal difficulties, which are arisen at calculation of drift mobilities for above mentioned models, as according to Boltzmann kinetic equation and Kubo linear response theory and also at using some methods of linear and nonlinear conductivity theories (nonequilibrium density matrix and balance equation methods).

The second chapter of thesis work deals with general question – to receive exact, generalized, quantum evolutionary equations for equilibrium correlation and Green functions of dynamical subsystems, which interacts with boson (phonon) thermostat. The first paragraph deals with ordered operators formalism and T-product method. The second paragraph deals with new and exact quantum evolutionary (kinetic) initial correlations weakness principles equations for without random phase approximation usage and double-time equilibrium correlation and Green retarded functions, with eliminated boson amplitudes. The fourth paragraph deals with new and exact generalized quantum kinetic equations for double-time equilibrium correlation and Green functions been found by using Liouville superoperative formalism and projection operator method. Unlike kinetic equations for correlation functions, received by different authors in scientific literature, integrals of evolutionary equations presented in this work contain additional members, which describe initial correlations evolution in the period of time and which are caused by subsystem interaction with boson thermostat in initial moment of time. The third and fifth paragraphs discuss Markov method of approach for subsystem dynamics and accordingly by the help of both formalism and methods there has been found approximately quantum kinetic equations for correlation functions with eliminated boson amplitudes and initial correlation description and additional members in collision integrals. Researches and results have been conducted in this chapter of the work give opportunity for better and wider studying of kinetic phenomena, which take place in dynamical systems and which interact with boson field.

Subjects of electron and polaron transport phenomena quantum theories in solid states – in semiconductors and ionic crystals – have been researched in the third chapter of thesis work. All four paragraphs of the same work are dedicated to electron and polaron low-frequency conductivity and low-temperature drift mobility quantum theory, which is based on the above mentioned models of quantum dynamical systems, Kubo linear response and perturbation theory and on quantum kinetic equations for equilibrium correlation functions presented in the second chapter. The first paragraph researches Markovian type kinetic equations for

correlation functions of electron “velocity – on velocity” in relaxation time approximation and there has been found decrements of damping correlation functions and oscillation factors; for electron-phonon systems in the case of weak electron-phonon interaction in one band approximation there has been received analyze image of low-frequency electrical conductivity tensor and low-temperature drift mobility of electron in the case of anisotropy has been calculated there – conductivity band is of electron velocity. The second and third paragraphs deals with several subjects of electronic transport phenomena in Frohlich and acoustical polaron models. There have been found formulas for calculating drift mobility and low-frequency conductivity at low-temperatures for electron in such models. Generalization of Osaka result for electron low-temperature mobility and low-frequency conductivity in electric field are received in polaron Frohlich model. There is given partial decision for “ $\frac{3 K_B T}{2 \hbar \omega_0}$ problem” in Frohlich polaron low-temperature mobility theory and is shown, that meaning of mobility given in this work excels three times those meaning of mobility which is received by Boltzmann kinetic equation in relaxation time approximation. In acoustical polaron model (at scattered electron on acoustical phonons) meaning of low-temperature mobility is two times less than the meaning of mobility, which is also received by Boltzmann equation in relaxation time approximation. The fourth paragraph of the same chapter deals researches several subjects of polaron kinetic in generalized Feynman model and kinetic equations are solved for polaron “momentum-on momentum” equilibrium correlation functions; there is calculated frequency of polaron momentum relaxation (relaxation time) at low temperature crystal and analyze image of low-frequency electrical conductivity tensor (dissipative part) is received; there is found polaron low-temperature drift mobility meaning there. There is analyzed polaron low-temperature mobility behavior in the event of electron phonon interaction there and there is found mobility dependence on coupling constant in the case of strong electron-phonon interaction and different behavior of low-temperature mobility according to the degree of coupling constant by polaron Pekar model is established. The work also calculates temperature corrections on electron and polaron low-temperature mobilities in the discussed models and there is shown, that these corrections represent small quantities within discussed theory and approaches has been used there.

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Sesaval i

ukanasknel i 50-60 wl is ganmavl obaSi didi yuradReba eTm-
boda denis (muxtis) gadamtanebis dinamiuri da kinetikuri Tvis-
ebis Seswavl as myar sxoul ebSi. zogadad denis aseT gadamtanebs
warmoadgens sxvadasxva saxis pol aronebi; TiToeul i maTgani mo-
icavs gamtarobis el eqtrons (an xvrel s) da maT mier gamowweul
mesris struqturis deformacias. aseTi Tval sazrisiT gamtar-
obis el eqtroni (an xvrel i) faqtiurad warmoadgens pol arons
zRvrul i, susti deformaciis SemTxvevaSi. el eqtronebis da po-
l aronebis dinamiuri da kinetikuri yofaqcevis Seswavl a stimu-
lirebul i iyo mraval i eqsperimentul i masal iT, romel ic exebo-
da gadatanis movl enebis gamokvl evas myar sxoul ebSi, romel Ta
interpretacia mraval SemTxvevaSi standartul i zonuri Teoriis
CarCoebSi Zal ze rTul i iyo, gansakuTrebiT ionur kristal ebSi
da pol arul naxevargamtarebSi. garda amisa, gadatanis movl ene-
bis zogadi debul ebebi kristal ebSi arsebiTad iqna ganviTarebu-
l i im fundamental uri gamokvl evebis safuZvel ze, romel ic
asaxavs disipaciuri sistemebis dinamiur da kinetikur Tvisseb-
da roml ebSi mimdinareobs Seuqcevadi gadatanis movl enebi. el -
eqtronul i gadatanis movl enebis Teoriis ganviTarebis aseTma
pirobema gamoiwvia mniSvnel ovani zegavl ena iseTi kvlevis aree-
bis Camoyal ibebaSi, rogoric aris – pol aronul i gadatanis mov-
l enebi, el eqtronul i gadatanis movl enebi Zl ier (kvantur) magni-
tur vel Si, el eqtronul i gadatanis movl enebis Teoria magnitur
kristal ebSi da mouwesrigebel garemoebSi (sistemebSi) da sxva.

rogorc cnobil ia, kristal ebSi el eqtronul i gadatanis
movl enebis zonuri Teoria principSi dafuZnebul ia sam ZiriTad
koncfciaze: 1) denis gadamtanebi warmoadgens kvazinawil akebs
gansazRvrul i kvaziimpul siT da dispersiis kanoniT. 2) denis
gadamtanTa el eqtrogamtaroba da Zvradoba ganisazRvrebma maTi
gabneviT kristal is ideal uri mesris struqturis dinamiur da
statikur damaxinj ebebze (defeqtebze). 3) denis gadamtanis Tavi-

sufal i ganarbenis sigrZe warmoadgens sasrul sidides da is bevrad aRemateba Sesabamisad kvazinawil akis de-broil is tal Ris sigrZes. am pirobebis gaTval iswinebiT denis gadamtanTa gabneva SeiZl eba CaiTval os rogorc "iSviaTi". am debul ebebidan gamomdinare, denis gadamtanTa yofaqceva kristal Si aRiwereba al baTuri ganawil ebis funqciit kvaziimpul sebis mixedviT, romel ic ganisazRvreba, rogorc bol cman-bl oxis kinetikuri gantol ebis amoxsna. ukanasknel i SeiZl eba ganxil ul i iqnas, rogorc bal ansis (uwyvetobis) gantol eba, romel Sic gaTval iswinebul ia denis gadamtanTa ganawil ebis funqciis cvl il eba kristal Si, gamowveul i rogorc gareSe modebul i Zal ebis zegavl eniT, agreTve denis gadamtanTa kvaziimpul sis gadanawil ebiT (cvl il ebiT) gabnevis procesSi. aseTi gagebiT (Tu mxedvel obaSi ar miviRebT dispersiis kanonis kvantur-meqanikur bunebas da denis gadamtanebis gabnevis al baTurobas), gadatanis movl enebis Teoria, romel sac xSirad uwodeben bol cmaniseul s, arsebitad warmoadgens kl asikurs da igi ar moicavs specifiur kvantur efeqtebs. amrigad, kl asikur areebSi gadatanis kinetikuri (meqanikuri) koeficientebis (ZvradoBa, el eqtrogamtaroba) gamosatvl el ad gamoiyeneba denis gadamtanebis arawonasworul i ganawil ebis funqciisaTvis kinetikuri gantol eba – bol cmanis gantol eba – romel ic iTval iswinebs denis (muxtis) matarebel Ta urTierTqmedebas (gabnevas) kristal uri mesris rxevebze.

ukanasknel wl ebSi, el eqtronul i gadatanis movl enebis gamokvl ebebSi myari sxgul ebis da raxevargamtarebis fizikaSi, Zal ian farTo gamoyeneba hpova ufro zogadma, al ternatiul ma midgomam, romel ic dafuznebul ia kubos wrfivi reaquiis Teoriaze. am TeoriaSi - romel sac gadamwyveti mniSvnel oba aqvs wrfiv arawonasworul TermodinamikaSi – gadatanis kinetikuri (meqanikuri) koeficientebi bunebrivad gamoisaxebian (aRiwerebian) droiT koelaciuri funqciebiT. isini asaxaven sistemis reaquiis hamil tonianis SeSfoTebisas, roml is tipiur magal iTs warmoadgens el eqtrogamtaroba. kubo-grinis formul ebi gadatanis koeficientebi-

saTvis warmoadgenen kerZo SemTxvevas TanafardobaTa farTo kl asisa, romel ic cnobil ia fl uqtuaciur-disipaciuri Teoremebis saxel wodebiT. am Teoremebis amsaxvel i maTematikuri formul ebi amyareben kavSirs mikroskopul da makroskopul damzerad sidideebS Soris. wrfivi gadatanis movl enebis ganxil visas kubos formul a "deni-denze" droiT korel aciuri funqciisaTvis warmoadgens arsebiTad zust gamosaxul ebas kvantur mraVal nawil akovan formal izmSi, im gansxvavebiT bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebisagan, rom araviTari daSveba ar keTdeba gabnevis kveTis sidiS Sesaxeb denis gadamtanebis (el eqtronebis) gabnevisas kristal ur mesris rxevebze. unda aRiniSnos, rom tradiciul ad equival entobas kubos formul asa da bol cmanis gantol ebas Soris mkacrad ikvl even mxol od denis gadamtanebis susti gabnevis zRvrul SemTxvevaSi kristal uri mesris rxevebze. rogorc cnobil ia, kubos formul a amyarebs kavSirs el eqtrogamtarobasa da droiT wonasworul korel aciur funqcia "deni-dens" Soris, romel ic aris ornawil akovani (oTxwertil ovani) grinis funqciis msgavsi, maSin, rodesac bol cmanis gantol eba warmoadgens – kinetikur gantol ebas arawonasworul i ganawil ebis funqciisaTvis, da romel ic aris erTnawil akovani (orwertil ovani) grinis funqciis saxis.

Teoriul i gamokvl evebis Zal ian didi raodenoba samecniero l iteraturaSi miZRvnil i aris el eqtronebisa da pol aronebis el eqtrogamtarobisa da Zvradobis gamoTvl aze naxevargamtarebsa da ionur kristal ebSi. es gamokvl evebi dafuZnebul i aris sxvadasxva Teoriul meTodebze – grinis funqciis teqnikaze, bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebis Seswavl aze, TviTSeTanxmebul meTodebze da sxv. rezul tatebi miRebul i sxvadasxva meTodebis gamoyenebiT da Sesabamisad sxvadasxva miaxl oebebze dayrdnobiT, Zireul ad gansxvavdeba erTmaneTisagan. miuxedavad imisa, rom el eqtronebis da pol aronebis el eqtrogamtarobisa da Zvradobis gamoTvl a warmoadgens erT-erT uZvel es probl emas myari sxeul e-

bis fizikaSi, is mainc rCeba erT-erT urTul es da Znel amocanad Teoriul ad amoxsnis Tval sazrisiT.

amgvarad, Tanamedrove pirobebSi kvl av aqtual urs warmoadgens sakiTxi el eqtronebis da pol aronebis el eqtrogamtarobis da Zvradobis koreqtul i gamoTvl isa naxevargamtarebsa da ionur kristal ebSi.

rogorc cnobil ia, efeqtur meTods urTierTqmed nawil akTa sistemis kinetikuri maxasiaTebl ebis gamoTvl isa warmoadgens wonasworul korel aciur funqciaTa da grinis funqciebis meTodi. kubos wrfivi gamoZaxil is Teoriis upiratesoba arawonasworul i statistikuri meqanikis sxva midgomebTan SedarebiT mdgomareobs imaSi, rom es Teoria saSual ebas iZl eva uSual od gamoyenebul i iqnas wonasworul i mraval nawil akovani meTodebi gadatanis kinetikuri (meqanikuri) koeficientebis gamosaTvl el ad myar sxgul ebSi. am midgomis dros ZiriTad probl emas warmoadgens wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebis gamoTvl a, roml ebisTvisac iwereba kvanturi evol uciuri (kinetikuri) gantol ebebi.

myari sxgul ebis fizikisa da arawonasworul i statistikuri meqanikis mraval i amocanis ganxil visas Seiswavl eba mcire dinamiuri qvesistemis evol ucia droSi, romel ic imyofeba kontaktsi didi Tavisufl ebis ricxvis mqone, Termodinamikur wonasworoSi myof sistemasTan – TermostatTan.

el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis gamo kvl evisas myar sxgul ebSi kubos wrfivi gamoZaxil is Teoriaze dayrdnobiT, ZiriTad amocanas warmoadgens zusti ganzogadoebul i. kvanturi evol uciuri (kinetikuri) gantol ebebis miReba drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis kva zinawil akebis aRmweri Sesabamisi dinamiuri sidideebisaTvis, rodesac xdeba am ukanasknel Ta urTierTqmedeba (gabneva) kristaluri mesris rxevebze (fononebze), da rodesac fononuri (bozonuri) vel i ganxil eba rogorc Termostati. samecniero l iteraturaSi, aseTi saxis gantol ebebis misaRebad, rogorc wesi gamoyeneba apriorul i hipoteza – sawyisi korel aciebis Sesustebis

principi, an msgavsi debul ebebi – mag. SemTxveviTi fazebis mi-axl oeba (Sfm) – rodesac drois sawyisi momentisaTvis mTel i sistemis (qvesistema pl us Termostati) statistikuri operatori moicema faqtorizebul i saxiT (mTel i sistemis statistikuri operatori ganxil eba rogorc qvesistemisa da Termostatis statistikur operatorTa pirdapiri namravli). naTel ia, rom aseTi daSvebebis Sedegad miRebul i ganzogadoebul i, kvanturi evol uciuri gantol ebebi wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisaTvis ar aris zusti. amitom cxadia, rom zogadad kvanturi dispaciuri sistemebis ganxil visas da kinetikuri movl enebis Seswavi- sas mcire dinamiur sistemebSi, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben bozonur (fononur) TermostatTan, kubos wrfivi gamoZaxil is Teoriis fargl ebSi mkacri midgomis gansaviTarebl ad saWiroa zusti, ganzogadoebul i, kvanturi evol uciuri gantol ebebis gamoyvana qvesistemis dinamiuri sidiideebis wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis.

amrigad, el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis koreqtul i Teoriis asagebad da meqanikuri koeficientebis (mag. Zvradoxa, el eqtrogamtaroba) gamosaTvl el ad naxevargamtarebsa da ionur kristal ebSi da agreTve el eqtron-fononuri sistemis kinetikis sakiTxebis gamosakvl evad kubos wrfivi reaqciis Teoriis CarCoebSi, aqtual urs warmoadgens amocana kvazinawil akiebis dinamiuri sidiideebisTvis drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis zusti, ganzogadoebul i, kvanturi evol uciuri gantol ebebis miReba – sawyisi korel aciebis Sesustebis principisa da Sfm-is gamoyenebis gareSe.

sadisertacio naSromis mizans warmoadgens:

–myari sxedul ebis fizikis zogierTi kvanturi dinamiuri sistemisTvis, romel ic urTierTqmedebis fononur (bozonur) vel Tan (el eqtron-fononuri sistema, frol ixis pol aronis model i, akustikuri pol aronis model i susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi, pol aronis fgm), mowesrigebul opera-

operatora formalizmsa da T-namravla ta teqnika ze dayrdnobiT, agreeve liuvilis superoperatorul i formalizmsa da proeqciul i operatoris metodis gamoyenebiT zusti, ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evoluciuri (kinetikuri) gantol ebebis miReba da gamokvl eva drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korelaciuri funciebisTvis Sfm-is gamoyenebis gareSe.

-Aam model ebze dayrdnobiT Tanmimdevrul i, srul yofil i el eqtronul i da polaronul i gamtarobisa da dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobiskvanturi Teoriis ageba naxevargamtarebsa da ionur kristal ebSi dafuznebul i kubos wrfivi gamozaxil isa da SeSfoTebis Teoriaze. gadatanis meqanikuri (kinetikuri) koeficientebis (el eqtrogamtaroba, Zvradoba) gamoTvl a kvanturi disipaciuri sistemebis zemoTmiTitebul i model ebisTvis.

ZiriTadi Sedegebi da mecnierul i siaxle

warmodgenil sadisertacio naSromSi gadawyvetilia Semdegi amocanebi:

-mowesrigebul operatora formalizmsa da T-namravla ta teqnikis daxmarebiT, sawyisi korelaciebis Sesustebis principisa da Sfm-is gamoyenebis gareSe, gamoyvanilia da gamokvleul ia axalli i, zusti, ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evoluciuri (kinetikuri) gantol ebebi gamoricxul i bozonuri (fononuri) amplitudebiT drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korelaciuri da grinis funciebisTvis dinamiuri qvesistemisTvis, romelic urTierTqmedebis bozonur TermostatTan. aseTive saxis kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi korelaciuri funciebisTvis miRebul ia liuvilis superoperatorul i formalizmsa da proeqciul i operatoris metodis daxmarebiT.

-dinamiuri qvesistemis bozonur (fononur) TermostatTan urTierTqmedebis hamiltonianis mixedviT, SeSfoTebis Teoriis meore miaxloebaSi miRebul ia axali, ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi gamoricxul i bozonuri amplitudebiT,

qvesistemis drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis – rogorc markoviseul i, ise aramarkoviseul i formiT – romel Ta daj axebiTi integral ebi Seicaven cxadad gamoyofil sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciur wevrebs.

–kubos wrfivi reaquiisa da SeSfoTebis Teoriis fargl ebSi, naxevargamtarebisa da ionuri kristal ebisTvis agebul ia el eqtronul i da pol aronul i dabal sixSirul i gamtarobisa da dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis Tanmimdevrul i, koreqtul i kvanturi Teoria, dafuznebul i kvanturi disipaciuri sistemebis zemoTmiTitebul i model ebisTvis ganzogadoebul kvantur kinetikur gantol ebebze korel aciuri funqciebisTvis “deni-denze” el eqtronisa da pol aronisaTvis, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben fononebTan Sfm-is gamoyenebis gareSe.

–miRebul ia da gamokvl eul ia analizuri gamosaxul ebebi el eqtronisa da pol aronis rel aqsaciuri maxasiaTebl ebisTvis (impul sis rel aqsaciis sixSire da sxv.); gamoTvl il ia wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebis – “deni-denze” – mil evis dekrementebi. napovnia el eqtrogamtarobis tenzoris analizuri saxe el eqtron-fononuri sistemisTvis kristal is dabal i temperatur ebisa da dabal sixSirul i gareSe el eqtrul i vel ebis SemTxvevaSi da gamoTvl il ia gadatanis meqanikuri koeficientebi (Zvradoba, el eqtrogamtaroba) kvanturi disipaciuri sistemebis aRniSnul i model ebisTvis; napovnia agreTve $\frac{3 K_B T}{2 \hbar \omega_0}$ -probl emis”

nawil obrivi gadawyveta frol ixis pol aronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis TeoriaSi.

–miRebul ia temperaturul i Sesworebebi el eqtronisa da pol aronis dreiful Zvradobebze, roml ebic ganpirobepul ia sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciuri wevrebis arsebobiT kvantur kinetikur gantol ebebSi wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis “siCqare-siCqareze” (“impul si-impul sze”) el eqtronisa da pol aronisTvis. dadgenil ia, rom es Sesworebebi warmoadgenen mcire

sidideebs Sesrul ebul i miagl oeebisa da ganxil ul i Teoriis fargl ebSi.

sadisertacio naSromis praqtikul i mniSvel oba:

naSromSi dasmul i amocanebis gadawyvetam moiTxova arawonasworul i statistikuri meqanikis zogierTi meTodis Semdgomi ganviTareba. miRebul i zusti, ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evol uciuri gantol ebebi wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis SesaZl ebel ia gamoyenebul i iqnas gadatanis movl enebis gansaxil vel ad da gamosakvl evad - kubos wrfivi reaqciis Teoriis fargl ebSi, sawyisi korel aciebis Sesustebis principisa da Sfm-is daSvebebis gareSe - myari sxgul ebis da kondensirebul garemota fizikis dinamiur qvesistemaTa sxva model TaTvis (kvanturi disipaciuri sistemebisTvis), roml ebic urTierTqmedeben bozonur vel Tan (TermostatTan). (mag. brounis kvanturi nawil akis moZraobis Sesaswavl ad, romel ic ganxil eba rogorc wrfivi, mil evadi harmoniul i oscilatori, da roml is dinamika aRiwereba kal deira-l egetis mikroskopul i model uri hamil toniani T).

naSromSi ganviTarebul i formal izmi, meTodebi da miRebul i kinetikuri gantol ebebi martivad SesaZl ebel ia ganvrco-bil i iqnas kinetikuri movl enebis Sesaswavl ad da gadatanis meqanikuri koeficientebis (mag. Zvradoxa, el eqtrogamtaroba) gamosatl el ad: el eqtronebis urTierTqmedebisas (gabnevisas) arapol arul optikur fononebze, piezoel eqtrul fononebze, agreTve sxva didi radiusis mqone pol aronis model TaTvis (mag. akustikuri pol aronis model isTvis - el eqtronis fononebTan Zl ieri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi). gamoyvanil i ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi korel aciuri funqciebisTvis kvanturi dinamiuri qvesistemisTvis, romel ic urTierTqmedebs fononur vel Tan, SesaZl ebel ia gamoyenebul iqnas normal uri (arazegamtari) metal ebis el eqtrowinaRobis gamosatl el ad el eqtronebis gabnevisas akustikur fononebze. naSromSi warmodgenil i formal izmis daxmarebiT SesaZl ebel ia temperaturul i Seswore-

bebis povna metal Ta el eqtrowinaRobisTvis (Sesworebebi bl ox-grunaizenis formul aSi), roml ebic agreTve ganpirobebul ia el eqtronebis fononebTan urTierTqmedebisas sawyisi korel aciebis gaTval iswinebiT.

sadisertacio naSromSi miRebul i ZiriTadi Teoriul i Sedegebis praqtikul i mniSvnel oba (Rirebul eba) ganisazRvreba agreTve imiT, rom ukanasknel wl ebSi samecniero literaturaSi gamoqveynda mraval i Teoriul i naSromi, romel ic Seexeba bozonur vel Tan (TermostatTan) urTierTqmedebaSi myofi kvanturi dinamiuri sistemis kinetikis sakiTxebis, sadac ganxil eba msgavsi formal izmi da meTodebi, romel ic ganvitarebul ia avtoris mier warmodgenil naSromSi.

Tavi I. dinamiuri sistemebi, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben TermostatTan (bozonur vel Tan)

ukanasknel i aTwl eul ebis ganmavl obaSi arsebiTad gaizarda interesi im dinamiuri sistemebis Seswavl aSi, roml ebic urTierTqmedebaSi imyofebian TermostatTan (bozonur vel Tan) [1]. amasTan erTad didi yuradReba eTmoboda im procesebis detal ur Seswavl as, roml ebic mimdinareobdnen im mcire sistemebSi, roml ebic urTierTqmedebdnen rogorc sustad, agreTve ZI ierad Termodinamikur wonasworobaSi myof didi TavisufI ebis xarisxis mqone sistemasTan - TermostatTan. ZiriTadi metodi, roml is saSual ebiTac xdeboda am procesebis gamokvl eva eyrdnoboda midgomebs, roml ebic ganviTarebul i iyo arawonasworul statistikur meqanikaSi da stohastikuri (SemTxveviTi) procesebis TeoriaSi [1-2].

ukanasknel periodSi, mkacri midgomebis ganviTarebam arawonasworul statistikur meqanikaSi SesaZI ebel i gaxada Camoyal ibebul iyo sakmaod srul i da mkacri maTematikuri Teoria arawonasworul i model uri sistemebisa [3]. Ria arawonasworul i model uri sistemebis (Ria sistema warmoadgens mcire qvesistemas, romel ic urTierTqmedebis TermostatTan) srul yofil i maTematikuri Teoriis Seqmna warmoadgens SedarebiT ufro martiv da perspeqtul probl emas (amocanas) arawonasworul i statistikuri meqanikisa [3-4].

arawonasworul i statistikuri meqanikis da fizikuri kinetikis probl emata farTo wre dakavSirebul ia im model uri hamil tonianebis Seswavl asTan, rodesac dinamiuri qvesistema s urTierTqmedebis S TermostatTan, romel ic aRiwereba bozonuri vel iT; Tanac, rogorc wesi, urTierTqmedeba aiReba wrfivi Termostatis (boze) operatorebis (amplitudebis) mixedviT. zogad SemTxvevaSi, mTI iani $(s+S)$ sistemis hamil toniani SesaZI ebel ia warmovadginoT Semdegi saxiT:

$$H(t, s, \Sigma) = \Gamma(t, s) + H_{\Sigma} + H_{int}(t) \quad (1.1)$$

sadac: $\Gamma(t, s)$ aris s qvesistemis sakuTari hamil toniani;

H_{Σ} - Termostatis (bozonuri vel is) hamil toniania, xol o

H_{int} warmoadgens urTierTqmedebis hamil tonians s qvesistemisa S TermostatTan.

s qvesistemis urTierTqmedebisas bozonur vel Tan H_{int} -s aqvs Semdegi saxe:

$$H_{\text{int}}(t) = \sum_k [C_k(t,s)b_k + C_k^+(t,s)b_k^+]. \quad (1.2)$$

operatorebi, roml ebic figurireben (1.1) da (1.2) gamosaxul ebebSi arian Cveul ebriv Sredingeriseul warmodgenaSi Caweril i dinamiuri cvl adebi. b_k da b_k^+ warmoadgenen Termostatis boze amplitudebs – gaqrobisa da dabadebis operatorebs Caweril s meoradi dakvantvis warmodgenaSi. bozonur vel Tan urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi: $H_{\Sigma} = \sum_k \hbar \omega(k) b_k^+ b_k$ warmoadgens bozonuri vel is sakuTar hamiltonians. k – aris im kvanturi ricxvebis er-Tobl ioba, roml ebic aRweren s qvesistemis urTierTqmedebas S TermostatTan da TviT Termostatis mdgomareobas. unda aRiniSnos, rom s dinamiuri qvesistemis operatorebis cxadi saxe arsad ar konkretdeba.

gamokvl evaTa Zal ian didi raodenoba miZRvnil ia kinetikur movl e-nebisadmi da procesebisadmi, roml ebic mimdinareoben kvantur dinamiur sistemebSi, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben TermostatTan (bozonur vel Tan) da aRiwerebian (1.1-1.2) hamiltoniani T [1-21].

ganvixil oT axl a Tanamedrove fizikis Tval sazrisiT zogierTi aq-tual uri da mniSvnel ovani magaliTebi, roml ebic farTo Seswavl is saganigaxda statistikuri fizikis, myari sxel ebisa da kondensirebul garemoTa fizikis, gamosxivebis Teoriis da sxv. - kvanturi dinamiuri sistemebisa, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben TermostatTan.

1.1. kvanturi dispaciuri da Ria arawonasworul i model uri sistemebi (zogierTi magal iTi)

1.1.1. fermionul i sistema

qvesistema s warmoadgens araurTierTqmed fermionTa sistemas, roml ebic xasiaTdebian fermi amplitudebiT da adgili i aqvs Semdeg Tanafardobebs:

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma(t,s) &= \sum_{(f)} \Lambda(f) a_f^+ a_f; \quad C_k(t,s) = \frac{e^{et}}{\sqrt{V}} L_k \sum_{(f)} a_{f+k}^+ a_f \\ C_k^+(t,s) &= \frac{e^{et}}{\sqrt{V}} L_k^* \sum_{(f)} a_f^+ a_{f+k} = \frac{e^{et}}{\sqrt{V}} L_k^* \sum_{(f)} a_{f-k}^+ a_f, \end{aligned} \quad (1.3)$$

sadac L_k, L_k^* warmoadgenen "C-si di deeb". vinai dan fermionebs gaaCniAT spini, (1.3) gamosaxul ebebSi $f \equiv (\vec{f}, \mathbf{s})$ da \vec{f} miekuTvneba kvazidiskretul speqtrs (\mathbf{s} - warmoadgens spinis aRmni Svel maCvenebel s). simbol o $(f+k)$ wai kiTxeba rogorc $(f+k) \equiv (\vec{f} + \vec{k}, \mathbf{s})$; SesaZl ebel ia agreTve ganxil ul i iqnas SemTxveva, rodesac fermionebi urTierTqmedeben erTmaneTTan. maSin $\Gamma(t,s)$ hamiltonianSi gaTval iswinebul i unda iqnas agreTve damatebiTi wevrebi, roml ebic aRwren fermionebs Soris urTierTqmedebas da maT urTierTqmedebas gareSe vel ebTan. unda aRiniSnos, rom aseTi saxis dinamiuri sistemebis ganxil vamde miyvavart amocanebs, roml ebic moiTxoven metal Ta el eqtrogamtarobis gansazRvras, zegamtarobis movl enis axsnas da sxv. [14-15].

1.1.2. Txevadi metal is an Senadnobis model i

mra val komponentiani Txevadi metal is an Senadnobis hamiltoniani SesaZl ebel ia CavwerOT Semdegi saxiT [9]:

$$\begin{aligned} H &= \Gamma(t,s) + H_{\text{int}}; \quad H_{\text{int}} = \sum_{l=1}^M \sum_k C_{l\bar{k}}(t,s) \mathbf{dr}_{l\bar{k}} \\ C_{l\bar{k}}^+(t,s) &= C_{l,-\bar{k}}(t,s); \quad \mathbf{dr}_{l\bar{k}} = N_l^{-1} \sum_{j=1}^{N_l} e^{-ik\bar{R}_{lj}} - \mathbf{d}_{\bar{k},o} \\ \mathbf{dr}_{l\bar{k}}^* &= \mathbf{dr}_{l,-\bar{k}}. \end{aligned} \quad (1.4)$$

aq s warmoadgens el eqtronul i sistemis maCvenebel s, $\Gamma(t,s)$ aris el eqtronul i sistemis sakuTari hamiltoniani, romel ic zogad SemTxvevaSi Seicavs

el eqtron-el eqtronul i urTierTqmedebis wevrebsac; H_{int} warmoadgens el eqtronul da ionur sistemebs Soris urTierTqmedebis hamil tonians, l aris ionuri sistemis ma0venebel i, $1 \leq l \leq M$; M -komponentebis ricxvia; R_{ij} warmoadgens l -uri komponentis j -uri ionis koordinatas; $d\mathbf{r}_{i\bar{k}}$ aris l -uri komponentis kol eqtiuri koordinati, xol o N_l aris l -uri komponentis ion-Ta ricxvi: aj amva \vec{k} simbol oTi xorciel deba kvazidiskretul i speqtris mixedviT. V -ki warmoadgens sistemis mocul obas. magal iTad, araurTierTqmedi el eqtronebis model isTvis, roml ebic imyofebian gareSe el eqtronul vel Si $\vec{E}(t)$ daZabul obiT, erTel eqtronian hamil tonians aqvs Semdegi saxe:

$$H = T(\vec{p}) - e\vec{E}(t) \cdot \vec{r} + V(\vec{r}); \quad V(\vec{r}) = \sum_{l=1}^M \sum_{j=1}^{N_l} \mathbf{u}_l(\vec{r} - \vec{R}_{lj}),$$

sadac: e - el eqtrul i muxtia, $T(\vec{p})$ - warmoadgens energias (magal iTad, $T(\vec{p}) = \frac{\vec{p}^2}{2m}$, m - efeqturi masaa), \vec{r} da \vec{p} aris el eqtronis koordinati da impulsi. $V(\vec{r})$ - el eqtronis ionebTan urTierTqmedebis potencialia, xol o $\mathbf{u}_l(\vec{r} - \vec{R}_{lj})$ warmoadgens el eqtronis urTierTqmedebis psevdopotencial s l -uri komponentis j -ur ionTan. am SemTxvevaSi Cven gveqneba:

$$\Gamma(t, s) = \mathbf{e}(\vec{p}) - e\vec{E}(t) \cdot \vec{r}; \quad \mathbf{e}(\vec{p}) = T(\vec{p}) + \overline{V(\vec{r})}$$

$$\overline{V(\vec{r})} = \sum_{l=1}^M C_l \tilde{\mathbf{u}}_l(0); \quad \tilde{\mathbf{u}}_l(\vec{k}) = n \int d\vec{r} e^{-i\vec{k}\vec{r}} \mathbf{u}_l(\vec{r})$$

$$C_l = N_l / N; \quad \sum_{l=1}^M C_l = 1; \quad \mathbf{u}_l^*(\vec{r}) = \mathbf{u}_l(\vec{r}); \quad n = N/V$$

$$C_{i\bar{k}}(t, s) = e^{i\vec{k}\vec{r}} C_l \tilde{\mathbf{u}}_l(\vec{k}).$$

Txevadi metal is an Senadnobis model Si, romel ic aRiwereba (1.4) hamil tonianiT, ionuri sistema ganixil eba rogorc kl asikuri da aRiwereba kol eqtiuri cvl adiT $d\mathbf{r}_{i\bar{k}}$. Txevadi metal is model isaTvis ionuri sistemis konfiguraciebis mixedviT gasaSual oeba dafuZnebul ia $\tilde{f}\{\mathbf{r}_{e\bar{k}}\}$ kol eqtiuri cvl adebit gausis ganawil ebis funqciiT gasaSual oebaze, roml isTvisac samarTl iania Semdegi formul a:

$$\left\langle \exp \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^M \mathbf{a}_{i\vec{k}} \cdot \mathbf{dr}_{i\vec{k}} \right\} \right\rangle_{\vec{f}} = \exp \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \sum_{e,m=1}^M \sum_{\vec{k}} \mathbf{a}_{e,-\vec{k}} \cdot \mathbf{a}_{m\vec{k}} \langle \mathbf{dr}_{e\vec{k}}^* \cdot \mathbf{dr}_{m\vec{k}} \rangle_{\vec{f}} \right\}.$$

aq $\langle \dots \rangle_{\vec{f}} \equiv \int \prod_{l=1}^M \prod_{\vec{k}} d\mathbf{dr}_{l\vec{k}} \tilde{f}(\{\mathbf{dr}_{l\vec{k}}\}) \dots$; sadac $\mathbf{a}_{l\vec{k}}$ warmoadgens l da \vec{k} -s nebi smier funqcias da adgil i aqvs Semdeg Tanafardobeb:

$$\langle \mathbf{dr}_{l\vec{k}}^* \cdot \mathbf{dr}_{l\vec{k}} \rangle_{\vec{f}} = \frac{1}{C_l N} s_{ll}(k) = \frac{1}{C_l N} \left[1 + C_l n \int d\vec{r} e^{-i\vec{k}\vec{r}} (g_{ll}(\vec{r}) - 1) \right].$$

$$\langle \mathbf{dr}_{l\vec{k}}^* \cdot \mathbf{dr}_{m\vec{k}} \rangle_{\vec{f}} = \frac{1}{N} s_{lm}(k) = \frac{n}{N} \int d\vec{r} (g_{lm}(r) - 1) e^{-i\vec{k}\vec{r}} : l \neq m,$$

sadac $g_{lm}(r)$ warmoadgenen radial uri ganawil ebis funqciebs:

$$g_{lm}(r) = g_{lm}(|R_{li} - R_{mj}|),$$

xol o $s_{lm}(k)$ sidideebi warmoadgenen ionuri sistemis struqturul faqtorebs: $s_{lm}(k) = s_{ml}(k)$, $s_{lm}^*(k) = s_{lm}(k)$. struqturul i faqtorebi iZl evian srul informacias Txevadi metal is an Senadnobis ionuri sistemis Sesaxeb, roml ebic aiReba eqsperimentul i monacemebidan. unda aRiniSnos, rom model is srul i formul irebisaTvis aucil ebel ia ionebs R_j SemTxveviTi koordinatebis ganawil ebis funqciis miTiTeba, roml is mixedviTac xdeba gasaSual oeba. Txevadi metal is an Senadnobis aRniSnul i model i xSirad gamoiyeneba metal ebis, Senadnobebisa da gadacivebul i "metal uri minebis" kvantur el eqtronul TeoriaSi, roml ebic dafuZnebul ia am nivTierebaTa atomur da struqturul Taviseburebebze [9].

1.1.3. nawil aki, romel ic urTierTqmedebis garemosTan

am model Si ganixil eba qvesistema s (gamoyofil i nawil aki), romel ic urTierTqmedebaSi imyofeba sxva nawil akebisagan Sedgenil garemosTan. aseTi sistemis hamil tonians aqvs saxe:

$$H = \frac{\vec{p}^2}{2m} + \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\vec{p}_i^2}{2M_i} + U(\vec{r}_1, \vec{r}_2, \vec{r}_3, \dots, \vec{r}_N).$$

aq: m da \vec{p} warmoadgens masasa da impul ss gamoyofil i nawil akisa; M_i da \vec{p}_i arian masebi da impul sebi garemos nawil akebisa. \vec{r}_i - garemos nawil akTa radius-veqtorebia, U warmoadgens mTel i sistemis nawil akTa ur-

TierTqmedebis potenciur energias, xol o \vec{r} - gamoyofil i nawil akis radius-veqtoria.

sawysi hamil toniani SesaZI ebel ia warmovadginoT Semdegi formiT:

$$H = \Gamma(s) + H_{\Sigma} + H_{\text{int}},$$

sadac:

$$\Gamma(s) \equiv H_s = \frac{\vec{P}^2}{2m} + (e^{\vec{u}\vec{\nabla}} - 1) \langle U(\vec{r}, \vec{r}_1, \vec{r}_2 \dots \vec{r}_N) \rangle_{\Sigma}$$

$$H_{\Sigma} = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\vec{P}_i^2}{2M_i} + U(\vec{r}_0, \vec{r}_1, \vec{r}_2 \dots \vec{r}_N) \quad (1.5)$$

$$H_{\text{int}} = (e^{\vec{u}\vec{\nabla}} - 1) \left[U(\vec{r}_0, \vec{r}_1, \vec{r}_2 \dots \vec{r}_N) - \langle U(\vec{r}_0, \vec{r}_1, \vec{r}_2 \dots \vec{r}_N) \rangle_{\Sigma} \right].$$

hamil tonianis aseTi saxiT warmodgenisas igul isxmeba, rom gansa-xil vel gamoyofil nawil aks gaaCnia wonasworul i mdebareoba radius-veqtoria \vec{r}_0 raRac saSual o vel Si, romelic ganpirobetul ia garemos nawil akebTan urTierTqmedebiT da U - potencial uri energia gaSI il ia usasrul o mwkrivad nawil akis \vec{u} wanacvl ebis mixedviT wonasworul i mdebareobi dan: $\vec{r} = \vec{r}_0 + \vec{u}$; $U(\vec{r}, \vec{r}_1, \vec{r}_2 \dots \vec{r}_N) = e^{\vec{u}\vec{\nabla}} U(\vec{r}_0, \vec{r}_1, \vec{r}_2 \dots \vec{r}_N)$ ($\vec{\nabla}$ - warmoadgens gradientis operators gamoyofil i nawil akis koordinatebis mixedviT).

amrigad, gamoyofil i nawil aki, romelic imyofeba saSual o vel Si (H_s hamil toniani), ganicdis am saSual o vel is fl uqtuaciebis zemoqmedebas (H_{int} hamil toniani). simbol o $\langle \dots \rangle$ (1.5) formul aSi aRniSnavs gasaSual oebas garemos mdgomareobaTa mixedviT. Tu gavSI iT \vec{u} wanacvl ebas normal uri koordinatebis mixedviT: $\vec{u} = \sum_c \vec{a}_c a_c + \vec{a}_c^* a_c^+$ da gamoviyenebT formul as:

$$e^{\vec{u}\vec{\nabla}} \approx \vec{u}\vec{\nabla} = \sum_c (\vec{a}_c a_c + \vec{a}_c^* a_c^+) \vec{\nabla} \quad (\text{rac Seesabameba nawil akis mxol od wrfivi}$$

urTierTqmedebis gaTval iswinebas garemosTan, romelic aRiwereba H_{int} -hamil tonianiT), da daviyvanT diagonal ur saxeze H_s hamil tonianis im nawil s, romelic kvadratul ia \vec{u} wanacvl ebis mixedviT, maSin SesaZI ebel ia (1.5) hamil toniani warmovadginoT (1.1) formiT. simbol oebi c aRniSnavs gamoyofil oscil atorebs, xol o a_c da a_c^+ warmoadgenen gaqrobisa da dabadebis operatorebs c oscil atorebisa. amrigad s qvesistemis rol Si gveqneba oscil atorebis erTobl ioba hamil tonianiT $H_s = \sum_c \mathbf{w}_c a_c^+ a_c$, sadac

\mathbf{w}_c aris c oscilatoris sixSire. Tu gavSI iT $U(\vec{r}_0, \vec{r}_1, \vec{r}_2, \dots, \vec{r}_N)$ potenciur energias wanacvl ebebis - $\vec{u}_1, \vec{u}_2, \dots, \vec{u}_N$ mixedviT mwkrivad, maSin garemos hamiltoniani H_Σ SesaZl ebel ia warmovadginoT agreTve rogorc oscilatorebis erTobl ioba (rasakvirvel ia, am SemTxvevaSic unda gamoviyenoT Sesabamisi miaxl oebebi). garemos nawil akTa radius-veqtorebisTvis gveqneba: $\vec{r}_i = \vec{r}_{i0} + \vec{u}_i$ ($i=1, 2, \dots, N$), sadac, \vec{r}_{i0} -warmoadgens garemos nawil akTa wonasworul i mdebareobebis Sesabamis radius-veqtorebs.

samecniero l iteraturaSi xSirad ganixil eba magal iTi kvanturi oscilatorisa, romelic urTierTqmedebs TermostatTan (bozonur vel Tan) [6]. aseTi sistemis hamiltonianisTvis gvaqvs gamosaxul eba:

$$H = \Gamma(t, s) + H_\Sigma + H_{\text{int}},$$

sadac: $\Gamma(t, s) = \hbar \mathbf{w}_0 a^+ a + \hbar [f^*(t) a + f(t) a^+]$; $H_\Sigma = \sum_k \hbar \mathbf{w}(k) b_k^+ b_k$;

$$H_{\text{int}} = \sum_k [C_k(t, s) b_k + C_k^+(t, s) b_k^+]; \quad C_k(t, s) = \hbar \mathbf{l}_k a^+ + \hbar \mathbf{u}_k a;$$

$C_k^+(t, s) = \hbar \mathbf{l}_k^* a + \hbar \mathbf{u}_k^* a^+$ da kvanturi harmoniul i oscilatori imyofeba gareSe, cvl adi kl asikuri Zal is moqmedebis qveS, romelic wrfivadaa dakavSirebul i (urTierTqmedebs) TermostatTan - araurTierTqmedi kvanturi oscilatorebis sistemasTan. a, a^+, b_k, b_k^+ arian gaqrobis da dabadebis boze operatorebi, $\mathbf{l}_k, \mathbf{l}_k^*, \mathbf{u}_k, \mathbf{u}_k^*$ warmoadgenen urTierTqmedebis mudmivebs, romlebic proporciul i arian $\frac{1}{\sqrt{V}}$ sididisa, sadac: V - sistemis mocul obaa, \vec{k} tal Ruri veqtoria, romelic iRebs kvazidiskretul mniSvnel obebs, $f(t)$ aris cvl adi kl asikuri gareSe Zal a, xolo $\mathbf{w}_0, \mathbf{w}_k$ - oscilatorebis sixSireebia.

aseTi saxis dinamiur sistemებს vxvdebiT zogierTi amocanebis ganxilvisas kvanturi radiofizikidan, myari sxel ebisa da kondensirebul garemoTa fizikidan da sxv. magal iTebis saxiT SesaZl ebel ia moviyvanoT sistemebi, romlebic Sedgebian atomebisa da molekulebisagan da imyofebian l azeris tal Ris vel Si myar sxel ebSi an airebSi, romlebic TamaSoben Termostatis rols [7-8, 10-12].

1.1.4. el eqtron-minarevul i sistema

es model i warmoadgens sistemas, romel ic Sedgeba el eqtronebisagan, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben garemoSi SemTxveiT ganl agebul minarevul i centrebTan da gareSe el eqtrul vel Tan, roml is daZabul obaa - $\vec{E}(t)$. aseTi saxis model i aRiwereba Semdegi hamil tonianiT:

$$H = \Gamma(t, s) + H_{\text{int}}; \quad \Gamma(t, s) = H_s - e\vec{E}(t) \cdot \vec{r};$$

$$H_s = \frac{\vec{P}^2}{2m}; \quad H_{\text{int}} = \sum_{l=1}^{N_{\Pi}} \mathbf{j}_e \equiv \sum_{l=1}^{N_{\Pi}} \mathbf{j} (\vec{r} - \vec{r}_l), \quad (1.6)$$

sadac: e, m, \vec{r}, \vec{p} Sesabamisad warmoadgenen el eqtronis muxts, masas, radius-veqtors da impul ss. $\mathbf{j} (\vec{r} - \vec{r}_l)$ aris el eqtronis urTierTqmedebis energia minarevul centrTan, romel ic imyofeba wertil Si, roml is radius-veqtoria \vec{r}_l , xol o N_{Π} - minarevul i centrebis ricxvia. xSirad ganxil aven ufro zogad model s el eqtron-minarevul i sistemisa, roml is hamil toniani Cai wereba Semdegi saxiT [22]:

$$H = \Gamma(s) + H_e + H_{\Sigma} + H_{\text{int}}, \quad (1.7)$$

sadac: $H_{\text{int}} = H_{ie} + H_{e\Sigma}$; $H_{e\Sigma} = \sum_{e=1}^N \frac{\vec{p}_i^2}{2m} + \frac{e^2}{8\pi\epsilon_0} \sum_{i,j=1}^N \frac{1}{|\vec{r}_i - \vec{r}_j|}$ warmoadgens N el eqtronebis hamil tonians, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben erTmaneTTan kul onuri Zal iT, \vec{r}_i da \vec{p}_i aris i -uri el eqtronis koordinata da impul si masaTa centris mimarT da $\Gamma(s), H_{ie}, H_{e\Sigma}$ moicema Semdegi formul ebiT:

$$\Gamma(s) = \frac{\vec{P}^2}{2Nm} - N\vec{E}\vec{R}; \quad H_{ie} = \sum_{\vec{q}, a} U(\vec{q}) e^{-i\vec{q}\vec{R}a}$$

$$H_{e\Sigma} = \sum_{\vec{q}, I} M(\vec{q}, I) \Phi_{\vec{q}, I} \mathbf{r}_{\vec{q}}. \quad (1.8)$$

(1.8) formul ebSi H_{ie} da $H_{e\Sigma}$ - el eqtronis urTierTqmedebis hamil tonianebia minarevTan da fononur vel Tan; $\Gamma(s)$ warmoadgens el eqtronul i sistemis masaTa centris hamil tonians (\vec{P} da \vec{R} - masaTa centris impul si da koordinataa Sesabamisad), xol o $\mathbf{r}_{\vec{q}} = \sum_{i=1}^N e^{i\vec{q}\vec{r}_i}$ aris el eqtronebis simkvrivis operatoris furie saxe (warmodgena); $\Phi_{\vec{q}, I} = b_{\vec{q}, I} + b_{-\vec{q}, I}^+$ fononuri vel is operatoria; $b_{\vec{q}, I}, b_{-\vec{q}, I}^+$ - fononebis gaqrobis da dabadebis operatorebia tal Ruri veqtoriT \vec{q}, I warmoadgens fononuri speqtris

Stos, $M(\vec{q}, I)$ - el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis matricul i el e-mentebia, $U(\vec{q})$ - minarevTa potencial is furie saxea, ϵ_0 - diel eqtrikul i SeRwevadobaa, xol o \vec{R}_a - a -uri minarevul i centris koordinatia. (1.7) da (1.8) formul ebi faqtiurad warmoadgenen N -urTierTqmedi el eqtronebisa da N_{Π} - SemTxveviT ganl agebul i minarevul i centrebis model ur hamil tonians, roml ebic imyofebian \vec{E} daZabul obis mqone gareSe el eqtrul vel Si da urTierTqmedeben TermostatTan, romel ic aRiwereba fononuri (bozonuri) vel is H_{Σ} hamil tonianiT.

model uri hamil tonianebe (1.6)–(1.8) xSirad gamoiyeneba mouwesrigebe i sistemebis speqtral uri da kinetikuri maxasiaTebel ebis Seswavl isas da gamokvl evisas. zemoTmiTiTebul i hamil tonianebe Seswavl aSi miyavarT el eqtronul i gadatanis movl enebis Teoriis mraval amocanas (rogorc wrfivs, aseve arawrfivs) myar sxedul ebSi; zogierT sakiTxs susti da Zl ieri l okal izaciis Teoriisa, mouwesrigebe i sistemebis el eqtrogamtarobis Teoriis sxvadasxva amocanebs da sxv. [22-23].

1.1.5. di kes model ebi gamosxivebis TeoriaSi

am sistemebSi umartivesi model uri hamil toniani aRwers qvesistemis urTierTqmedebas fotonebTan (fotonur vel Tan). urTierTqmedebis hamil toniani aiReba wrfivi fotonebis (boze) operatorebis mixedviT. am model is fargl ebSi ganixil eba N raodenobis ori energetikul i donis mqone (ordoniani) gamomsxivebel ebi, romel Ta sixSirea 0. uSveben, rom gamomsxivebel ebi urTierTqmedeben erTmaneTTan mxol od vel is saSual ebiT. rogorc cnobil ia, aseTi saxis hamil toniani pirvel ad SemoRebul i iyo atomTa spontanuri koherentul i gamosxivebis movl enis aRSawerad.

Tu ugul vebel vyofT kinetikur efeqtebs, roml ebic ganpirobebul ia gamomsxivebel Ta moZraobiT, gacvl iTi da el eqtrostatikuri urTierTqmedebebiT da aRwverT gamomsxivebel Ta dipol ur urTierTqmedebas el eqromagnitur vel Tan "mbrunavi tal Ris" miaxl oebaSi, maSin miviRebT model s, romel ic aRiwereba hamil tonianiT [10-11]:

$$H(t, s, \Sigma) = \Gamma(s) + H_{\Sigma} + H_{\text{int}}(t, s, \Sigma),$$

sadac:

$$\Gamma(s) = \hbar \Omega S_0^z; \quad H_{\Sigma} = \sum_{\vec{k}} \hbar \omega(\vec{k}) b_{\vec{k}}^+ b_{\vec{k}} \quad (1.9)$$

$$H_{\text{int}}(t, s, \Sigma) = \frac{e^{et}}{\sqrt{V}} \sum_{\vec{k}} g_{\vec{k}}^- S_{\vec{k}}^- b_{\vec{k}}^+ + \frac{e^{et}}{\sqrt{V}} \sum_{\vec{k}} g_{\vec{k}}^* S_{\vec{k}}^+ b_{\vec{k}}^-$$

da gamomsxivebel i sistemis spinuri operatorebi S , dakavSirebul ia paul is matricebTan standartul i Tanafardobebi T:

$$S_k^{\pm} = \sum_j S_j^{\pm} e^{\pm i \vec{k} \vec{r}_j}; \quad S_k^z = \sum_j S_j^z e^{\pm i \vec{k} \vec{r}_j};$$

$$S_j^{\pm} = S_j^x \pm i S_j^y; \quad S_j^{(x,y,z)} = \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{S}_j^{(x,y,z)}$$

aq: \vec{r}_j aris j -uri gamomsxivebl is radius-veqtori, $b_{\vec{k}}^-$ da $b_{\vec{k}}^+$ - warmoadgenen fotonebis gaqrobis da dabadebis boze operatorebs (amplitudebs) tal Ruri veqtori \vec{k} , urTierTqmedebis (bmis) mudmiva $g_{\vec{k}}$ dakavSirebul ia d_{\pm} gadasvl is denis dadebiT-sixSiriani operatoris furie-komponentasTan Semdegi Tanafardobi T:

$$g_{\vec{k}}^- = \sqrt{\frac{2p \hbar^3 \omega(\vec{k})}{\mathbf{u}}} d_{\pm} (\vec{e}_{\vec{k}}^- \cdot \vec{e}_{\vec{a}}^-)$$

sadac: \mathbf{u} warmoadgens nivTierebis kuTr mocul obas, \hbar - pl ankis mudmivaa, xol o $\omega(\vec{k})$ - fotonis sixSirea. aq: Σ Termostatis rol s TamaSobs fotonuri vel i, romel Sic "moTavsebul ia" gamomsxivebel Ta s sistema. cal ke aRebul i, erTeul ovani urTierTqmedebis aqtis Sedegad, romel ic xorciel deba el eqtromagnitur vel sa da gamomsxivebel s Soris, adgil i aqvs fotonuri vel is kvantis gamosxivebas (STanTqmas), ris gamoc gamomsxivebel i gadadis ori SesaZI o energetikul mdgomareobidan erTerTSi. unda aRiniSnos, rom mocemul i model istvis SesaZI ebel ia agreTve sxva midgoma, roml is drosac Termostatis rol s TamaSobs gamomsxivebel Ta sistema, xol o dinamiuri qvesistemis saxiT gvevl ineba bozonuri vel i [10]. sakiTxi Termostatisa da dinamiuri sistemis SerCevis Sesaxeb wydeba imisda mixedviT, Tu rogori procesebi ganxil eba. ase magal iTad, midgoma romel ic ganxil ul ia [7]-Si Seesabameba el eqtromagnituri vel is rel aqsaciis procesebis Seswavl as rezonatorSi, xol o midgoma, romel ic gaSuqebul ia [8]-Si aRwers Tavisufal sivrcesi gamosxivebisas spinuri sis-

temis rel aqsaciis procesebs, roml is drosac sivrce ganixil eba Termostatis rol Si. xSirad ganixil aven dikes iseT model ebs, roml ebic aRiwerebian ufro zogadi hamil tonianiT da roml ebic Seicaven agreTve ordoniani obieqtebis kinetikuri energiis operators [ix. mag. [11,24]]. Seswavl il i iyo agreTve dikes model ebi, rodesac dinamiuri qvesistema s (gamosxiveba) urTierTqmedebda erTdroul ad S atomur da S₁ fononur sistemebTan [12].

aqve unda aRiniSnos, rom aseTi tipis dinamiur sistemebamde (dikes model ebamde) miyyavarT mraval i probl emis ganxil vas kvanturi radi- ofizikidan da l azerul i gamosxivebis fizikidan, zegamosxivebis Te- oriidan da sxv. amitom dikes tipis model uri sistemebis Seswavl a da gamokvl eva, rogorc Ria arawonasworul i kvanturi dinamiuri sistemebisa, warmoadgens did samecniero interess. cxadia, rom dikes model ebis aRmweri hamil tonianebs miyekuTvnebian (1.1) da (1.2) formul ebiT gamoxatul hamil tonianTa kl ass.

1.1.6. el eqtronebi magnetikSi, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben kristal is magnitur qvesistemastan

aseTi saxis dinamiur sistemebSi ganixil eba el eqtronebis urTier- Tqmedeba magnetikis atomTa spinebTan S-d model is fargl ebSi [25-26]. er- Tzonian miaxl oebsi sistemis hamil tonians aqvs Semdegi saxe:

$$H = H_e + H_M + H_A$$

$$H_e = \sum_{\vec{c}s} E_{\vec{c}} a_{\vec{c}s}^+ a_{\vec{c}s}; \quad H_A = \frac{2A}{N} \sum_{\substack{\vec{c}, \vec{c}' \\ s, s'}} a_{\vec{c}s}^+ (\vec{S}_e \vec{S}_{na}) \mathbf{ss}' a_{\vec{c}'s'} e^{i(\vec{c}-\vec{c}') \vec{R}_{na}} \quad (1.10)$$

aq H_e - gamtarobis el eqtronebis hamil toniania, H_A - warmoadgens hamil - tonians, romel ic aRwers el eqtronebis urTierTqmedebas magnetikis l o - kal izebul spinebTan (A - spin-el eqtronul i urTierTqmedebis mudmiva, N - magnitur atomTa ricxvia, \vec{S}_e - zonuri el eqtronis spinis operatoria, \vec{S}_{na} - warmoadgens magnituri atomis spinis operators, romel ic moTavsebul ia kvanZSi, roml is radius-veqtoria \vec{R}_{na} ; n - kvanZis nomeria, \mathbf{a} - qvemesris nomeri). H_M - magnituri qvesistemis hamil toniania (Cveul ebriv, rogorc wesi iReben haizenbergis gacvl iTi urTierTqmedebis hamil tonians

I okal izebul i spinebisatvis). H_A – hamiltonianSi el eqtronis spinis $\langle S_{na} \rangle$ saSual o spinebTan urTierTqmedebis gancal kevebis Semdeg, (1.10) hamiltoniani SesaZl ebel ia Caiweros Semdegi saxiT:

$$H = H_0 + H_1 + H_M$$

$$\text{sadac: } H_0 = \sum_{\vec{c}s} E_c a_{\vec{c}s}^+ a_{\vec{c}s} + \frac{2A}{N} \sum_{\substack{\vec{c}, \vec{c}' \\ s, s', n_a}} a_{\vec{c}s}^+ (\vec{S}_e)_{ss'} a_{\vec{c}'s'} \langle \vec{S}_a \rangle e^{i(\vec{c}-\vec{c}')\vec{R}_{na}} \quad (1.11)$$

$$H_1 = \frac{2A}{N} \sum_{\substack{\vec{c}, \vec{c}' \\ s, s', n_a}} a_{\vec{c}s}^+ (\vec{S}_e)_{ss'} a_{\vec{c}'s'} (\vec{S}_{na} - \langle \vec{S}_a \rangle) e^{i(\vec{c}-\vec{c}')\vec{R}_{na}}$$

Tu CavatarebT kanonikur gardaqmnas da gadaval T $a_{\vec{c}s}^+$, $a_{\vec{c}s}$ operator-ebidan axal C_g^+ , C_g operatorebze kristal is mocemul i gansazRvrul i magnituri struqturis dros, maSin SesaZl ebel ia H_0 hamiltonianis dayvana diagonal ur saxeze (magal iTad: feromagnetiki-ormesriani antiferomagnetiki da a.S.). magnituri mowesrigebis magnituri struqturis warmoqmnas miyavarT el eqtronul i zonis gaxl eCamde or zonad (qvezonad) [26], ise rom axal i $C_g^{(+)}$ da C_g el eqtronul i operatorebi xasiaTdebian kvanturi ricxvebis erTobl iobiT: $\vec{g} = (\vec{c}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{u})$ da energetikul i speqtriT \mathbf{e}_g el eqtronebisTvis (\mathbf{u} warmoadgens qvezonis nomers). magal iTad, aseT SemTxvevas aqvs adgil i cal RerZa helikoidal uri struqturabis SemTxvevaSi, romel Ta kerZo SemTxvevas warmoadgenen feromagnetiki da antiferomagnetiki). hol stein-primakovis gardaqmnis gamoyenebiT SesaZl ebel ia $S_{n,a}$ spinuri operatorebidan gadavideT spinuri tal Rebis operatorebze da miviRoT hamiltoniani, romel ic aRwers el eqtronebis urTierTqmedebas magnonebTan da romel ic zogadad Seicavs mraVal magnoniani (erTmagnoniani, ormagnoniani da a.S.) wevrebs. (hol stein-primakovis gardaqmnis samarTlianoba SesaZl ebel ia martivad davasabuToT magnetikebisatvis, romlebic imyofebian mowesrigebul fazaSi Zal ian dabal i temperaturebis dros: $T < T_e$ (T_e warmoadgens kritikul temperaturas) da didi spinebis mqone atomTa matricis SemTxvevaSi, rodesac $2S \gg 1$). zogierT SemTxvevebSi, rogorc wesi, SesaZl ebel ia SemovisazRvroT mxol od wrfivi operatorul i wevrebiT magnonebis

mixedvi T. aseT SemTxvevebSi (1.10)-(1.11) hamiltonianebi erTmagnoniani procesebisaTvis miiReben Semdeg saxes:

$$H = H_s + H_\Sigma + H_{\text{int}}$$

$$H_s = \sum_g \mathbf{e}(g) C_g^+ C_g; \quad H_\Sigma = \sum_k \hbar \Omega_k d_k^+ d_k \quad (1.12)$$

$$H_{\text{int}} = \sum_k [B_k(s) d_k + B_k^+(s) d_k^+]; \quad B_k(s) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \sum_{g,g'} A_{g,g',k} C_g^+ C_{g'},$$

sadac: Ω_k - k magnonuri modis sixSi rea; $(k = (\vec{k}, j))$, j - magnonuri Stos nomeria, d_k, d_k^+ - magnonebis gaqrobis da dabadebis boze operatorebia, xolo $A_{g,g',k}$ warmoadgens "C-sidides".

magaliTad, anti feromagnetikebSi, sadac el eqtronebis energetikuli doneebi gadagvarebulia spinis mixedviT, Sesazilebia SemovisazRvrot erTmagnoniani procesebis ganxilviT dabal i temperaturebis dros. (ormagnoniani procesebi, romlebic aRiwereba H_1 wevrit (1.11) hamiltonianSi, romelic Seicavs $S_{na}^z - \langle S_a^z \rangle$ wevrebs, warmoadgenen mcire sididebs, rodesac $2S \gg 1$ da temperatura aris dabal i $(S - \langle \vec{S} \rangle) \ll S$). (qvemserTa damagniteba mimarTulia z RerZis paral el urad, e.i. $\langle S_{n_1}^z \rangle = -\langle S_{n_2}^z \rangle$; $\langle S_{na}^x \rangle = \langle S_{na}^y \rangle = 0$). Sevisnot, rom magnitur naxevargantarebSi S -d urTierTqmedebis A_S parametri principSi ar warmoadgens mcire sidides el eqtronuli energetikuli zonis ΔE siganestan Sedarebit, ase rom adgili aqvs ZierierTierTqmedebis (bmis) SemTxvevas. amitom, am urTierTqmedebam Sesazilebia migviyvanos magnituri fl uqtuonebis da pol aronebis warmoqmnande, rac arsebit gavl enas axdens kristalis optikur, magnitur da kinetikur Tvisbebeze [27-28].

amrigad, Cvens mier ganxiluli (1.12) hamiltoniani formal urad miekuTvneba (1.1)-(1.2) saxis hamiltonianta kl ass.

am mokle ganxilvis Semdeg dinamiuri sistemebisa, romlebic urTierTqmedeben TermostatTan (bozonur vel Tan), an ufrozogadad - kvanturi, disipaciuri da Ria arawonasworuli modeluri sistemebis zogierTi magaliTisa Tanamedrove fizikis sxvadasxva dargidan, gadavideT usualodim dinamiuri sistemebis mimoxilvasa, Seswavl asa da gamokvl evaze, romlebic Seadgenen mocemuli sadisertacio naSromis Ziritad Sinaars -

el eqtron-fononur sistemaze da didi radiusis mqone pol aronis model ebze.

1.2. el eqtron-fononuri sistema. el eqtronis urTierTqmedeba akustikur da pol arul optikur fononebTan

kristal ur myar sxeul ebSi, magal iTad farTozonian naxevargamtarebSi, el eqtronis fizikuri Tvissebebi, romel ic gadaadgil deba kristal Si, ZiriTadad ganisazRvreba periodul i potencial iT, romel sac qmnian kristal uri mesris kvanZebSi ganl agebul i ionebi.

ionTa rxevebs wonasworul i mdebareobebis maxl obl obaSi miyvavarT el eqtronebis energiebis praqtikul ad myisier cvl il ebamde da kristal isaTvis Sredingeris adiabaturi gantol ebis hamil tonianSi, romel ic aRwers el eqtronebis mdgomareobebis, damatebiTi wevris - H_{int} -is warmoqmnamde. es damatebiTi wevri aRwers el eqtronebis urTierTqmedebas fononebTan. ionebis mcire amplitudebiT rxevebisSemTxvevaSi, fononuri (bozonuri) sistema Σ warmoadgens araurTierTqmedi harmoniul i oscilatorebis erTobl iobas. am sistemis energias aqvs Semdegi saxe: $H_{\Sigma} = \sum_k \hbar \omega(k) b_k^+ b_k$, da igi warmoadgens fononuri vel is sakuTriv hamil tonians meoradi dakvantvis warmodgenaSi (nul ovani rxevebi mxedvel obaSi ar miReba). rac Seexeba urTierTqmedebis energias - H_{int} - igi wrfivad aris damokidebul i cal keul i, aRebul i harmoniul i oscilatoris normal ur koordinatebze.

im sistemis Tvissebebis Seswavl a, romel ic Sedgeba kvazinawil akisagan (el eqtronisagan) da fononuri (bozonuri) vel isagan, romel Ta Soris urTierTqmedeba aris wrfivi fononuri operatorebis mixedviT, warmoadgens myari sxeul ebis da kondensirebul garemoTa fizikis da agreTve vel is kvanturi Teoriis metad mniSvnel ovan amocanas.

amgvarad, el eqtron-fononuri sistema warmoadgens magal iTs el eqtronis urTierTqmedebisa dakvantul fononur vel Tan kristal Si. am SemTxvevaSi qvesistema S Sedgeba erTi kvazinawil akisagan (el eqtronisagan), xol o Σ Termostatis rol Si gvevl ineba fononuri vel i.

cnobil i gamartivebebis Semdeg, ararel ativisturi kvazinawil aki (el eqtroni), romel ic urTierTqmedebis kristal uri mesris rxevebis dakva-

ntul skal arul vel Tan, aRiwereba frol ix-pekaris tipis hamiltoniani T [29-31]:

$$H = \frac{\bar{P}^2}{2m} + \sum_{\vec{k}} \hbar \mathbf{w}(\vec{k}) b_{\vec{k}}^+ b_{\vec{k}} + \sum_{\vec{k}} \left[V_{\vec{k}} e^{i\vec{k}\vec{r}} b_{\vec{k}} + V_{\vec{k}}^* e^{-i\vec{k}\vec{r}} b_{\vec{k}}^+ \right] \quad (1.13)$$

$$\mathbf{w}(\vec{k}) > 0,$$

sadac \vec{r} – el eqtronis radius-veqtoria, \bar{P} - kvaziimpul sis operatori, $b_{\vec{k}}, b_{\vec{k}}^+$ - fononebis gaqrobis da dabadebis operatorebia tal Ruri veqtorit \vec{k} , m - el eqtronis efeqturi masaa kristal uri mesris periodul potencial ur vel Si, xolo $\mathbf{w}(\vec{k})$ – warmoadgens fononuri vel is kvantis sixSires, romel ic aris \vec{k} -tal Ruri veqtoris radial urad simetriuli funqcia: $\mathbf{w}(-\vec{k}) = \mathbf{w}(\vec{k})$.

1.2.1. el eqtronis urTierTqmedeba kristal uri mesris akustikur rxevebTan. deformaciis potencial is meTodi

rogorc cnobil ia, el eqtronebis gabnevisas akustikur fononebze grZel tal Rovan miaxl oebaSi $ka \ll 1$ (a - mesris mudmivaa) fononebis dispersiis miaxl oebiT kanons aqvs Semdegi saxe [32-33]: $\mathbf{w}(\vec{k}) = V_s |\vec{k}|$, sadac V_s – bgeris siCqarea kristal Si, xolo (1.13) formul is $V_{\vec{k}}$ – mudmivebi, roml ebic warmoadgenen el eqtronis fononebTan urTierTqmedebis energiis furie-komponentebis, moicemian Semdegi TanafardobiT:

$$V_{\vec{k}} = \left(\frac{4pa}{V} \right)^{1/2} \frac{\hbar^2}{m} k^{1/2}, \quad (1.14)$$

sadac: V – kristal is mocul obaa, xolo $\mathbf{a} = \frac{D^2 m^2}{8\pi \hbar^3 V_s}$ – warmoadgens el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis uganzomil ebo mudmivas; D aris deformaciis potencial is mudmiva da r - kristal is masuri simkvrive. unda aRiniSnos, rom zemoTmoyvanili gamosaxul ebebi samarTliania $A^III B^V$ da $A^II B^VI$ naxevargamtarebisaTvis, romel TaTvisac adgili aqvs dispersiis izotropul kanons da roml ebSic zonis eqstremumi imyofeba bril uenis zonis centrSi.

mokl ed SevexoT deformaciis potencial is meTods. am meTodis idea mdgomareobs SemdegSi: rodesac kristal Si vrcel deba drekadi tal Ra el ementarul i uj redi ganicdis deformacias, icvl eba misi mocul oba (icvl eba kristal uri mesris mudmiva), rac Tavis mxriv iwvevs gamtarobis zonis fskerisa da saval ento zonis Weris mdebareobis cvl il ebas, vinaidan zonis sigane mgrZnobiarea mesris mudmivas sididis cvl il ebis mimarT. gamtarobis zonis fskeris cvl il eba ki faqtiurad warmoadgens gamtarobis el eqtronis urTierTqmedebis energias kristal uri mesris rxevebTan. akustikuri rxevebis SemTxvevaSi, rodesac $\vec{k} \rightarrow 0$ yvel a atomi el ementarul uj redSi irxeva sinfazurad. rogorc cnobil ia, \vec{r} wertil is $\vec{U}(\vec{r})$ wanacvl eba kristal Si grZel tal Rovan miaxl oebaSi ($\kappa a \ll 1$) SesaZl ebel ia CavveroT Semdegi saxiT [32]:

$$\vec{U}_{av}(\vec{r}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \sum_{\vec{k}, j=1}^3 \vec{e}_{kj}(\vec{k}) \left[b_{jk}^- e^{i\vec{k}\vec{r}} + b_{jk}^+ e^{-i\vec{k}\vec{r}} \right], \quad (1.15)$$

sadac $\vec{e}_{kj}(\vec{k})$ aris pol arizaciis veqtori, roml is absol uturi mniSvnel oba akustikuri rxevebisatvis grZel tal Rovan miaxl oebaSi erTis tol ia, xol o NV – el ementarul uj redTa raodenobaa kristal Si.

vinaidan grZel tal Rovan miaxl oebaSi akustikuri rxevebisas irxeva mxol od el ementarul i uj redis masaTa centri da TviT uj redi ki ar ganicdis deformacias, amitom urTierTqmedebis energia warmoadgens mxol od $\vec{U}_{av}(\vec{r})$ wanacvl ebis koordinatebis mixedviT pirvel i warmobul ebis wrfiv funqcias da ar aris damokidebul i TviT wanacvl ebis sidideze. amitom urTierTqmedebis energia Caiwereba Semdegi saxiT:

$$H_{int} = D \text{div} \vec{U}_{av}(\vec{r}). \quad (1.16)$$

H_{int} sidides uwodeben deformaciis potencial s, xol o D proporciul obis koeficients deformaciis potencial is mudmivas, romel ic ZiriTadad ganisazRvreba eqsperimentidan. (1.15) da (1.16) formul ebis daxmarebiT martivad mi vi RebT:

$$H_{int} = \frac{iD}{\sqrt{N}} \sum_{\vec{k}, j=1}^3 (\vec{k} \vec{e}_{kj}(\vec{k})) \left[b_{jk}^- e^{i\vec{k}\vec{r}} - b_{jk}^+ e^{-i\vec{k}\vec{r}} \right]. \quad (1.17)$$

ukanasknel i formul idan Cans, rom im SemTxvevaSi, rodesac gvaqvs izotropul i gabneva gamtarobis el eqtroni urTierTqmedebis mxol od grZiv

grZel tal Rovan akustikur fononebTan ($\vec{k} // \vec{e}_{\vec{k}_j}(\vec{k})$). zogad SemTxvevaSi, rodesac gabneva anizotropul ia da deformaciis potencial is mudmiva warmoadgens tenzorul sidides D_{ab} . ($\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b} = 1, 2, 3$) - deformaciis potencial isTvis gveqneba gamosaxul eba: $H_{\text{int}} = \sum_{j=1}^3 D_{ab}^{(j)} U_{ab}^{(j)}$, sadac $U_{ab}^{(j)}$ warmoadgens deformaciis tenzors. am SemTxvevaSi urTierTqmedebis procesSi monawil eobas Rebul oben agreTve ganivi fononebic [32-33].

1.2.2. el eqtronis urTierTqmedeba pol arul optikur fononebTan

pol arul nivTierebebsi (pol arul naxevargamtarebsa da ionur kristal ebSi) ionTa rxevebisas warmoiqmneba ara marto deformaciis potencial i, aramed garda amisa, adgili aqvs Sorsmqmedi makroskopul i el eqtrul i vel is warmoSobas da amitom el eqtronis urTierTqmedebas am vel Tan miyavarT damatebiti gabnevis meqanizms warmoSobamde. es urTierTqmedeba, romel sac uwodeben el eqtronis gabnevas pol arul optikur fononebze, bevr kristal ebSi ufro arsebitia, vidre denis (muxtis) gadamtanis gabneva akustikur fononebze. am saxis gabnevac grZel tal Rovan miaxl oebaSi aRiwereba (1.13) saxis hamiltoniani T. $V_{\vec{k}}$ - sidideebs el eqtronis gabnevisas pol arul optikur fononebze aqvs Semdegi saxe [29-31]:

$$V_{\vec{k}} = -i \frac{\hbar \mathbf{w}(\vec{k})}{|\vec{k}|^{1/2} U^{1/2}} \left(\frac{4\mathbf{p}\mathbf{a}}{V} \right)^{1/2}; \quad U = \left(\frac{2m\mathbf{w}(\vec{k})}{\hbar} \right)^{1/2} \quad (1.18)$$

$$\mathbf{a} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\mathbf{e}_{\infty}} - \frac{1}{\mathbf{e}_0} \right) \frac{e^2 U}{\hbar \mathbf{w}(\vec{k})}.$$

aq V aris sistemis (kristal is) mocul oba, e da m - el eqtronis muxti da efeqturi masaa, Sesabamisad; \mathbf{a} - el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis frol ixis uganzomil ebo bmis mudmivaa, xolo \mathbf{e}_0 da \mathbf{e}_{∞} - warmoadgenen mocemul i nivTierebis statikuri da optikuri diel eqtrikul i SeRwevadobis mudmivebs. el eqtronis urTierTqmedebisas grZiv optikur fononebTan: $\max \mathbf{w}(\vec{k}) \equiv \mathbf{w}_0$ - warmoadgens dispersiis armqone, kristal is grZivi optikuri rxevebis sixSires. zogierT SemTxvevaSi, el eqtron-

fononuri sistemisTvis: $H_s = \frac{\vec{p}^2}{2m}$ gamosaxul ebis nacvl ad aucil ebel ia gamoyenebul i iqnas ufro zogadi saxe el eqtronis energiisa gamtarobis zoni dan- $H_s = T(\vec{p})$. iseve rogorc (1.2) formul aSi, aj amva \vec{k} -tal Ruri veqtori T (1.13). formul aSi xorciel deba kvazidiskretul i speqtris mixedvi T:

$$\vec{k} = \left(\frac{2\mathbf{p}}{L} h_1, \frac{2\mathbf{p}}{L} h_2, \frac{2\mathbf{p}}{L} h_3 \right); L^3 = V, \quad (1.19)$$

sadac h_1, h_2, h_3 – mTel i ricxvebia (rogorc dadebi Ti, aseve uaryofi Ti).

amrigad, el eqtron-fononuri sistemisaTvis (1.1), (1.2), (1.13) formul ebis Tanaxmad, $C_k(s)$ da $C_k^+(s)$ operatorebs aqvs Semdegi saxe:

$$C_k(s) = V_k e^{i\vec{k}\vec{r}}; \quad C_k^+(s) = V_k^* e^{-i\vec{k}\vec{r}} \quad (1.20)$$

(simbol o * aRniSnavs kompl eqsurad SeuRi ebul s).

rodesac el eqtron-fononuri sistema imyofeba gareSe, erTgvarovan el eqtrul vel Si, roml is daZabul oba $\vec{E}(t)$, maSin el eqtronis gareSe el eqtrul vel Tan urTierTqmedebis hamil tonians aqvs saxe:

$$H_{\text{ext}} = -e\vec{E}(t)\vec{r}. \quad (1.21)$$

im SemTxvevaSi, rodesac gareSe el eqtrul i vel i icvl eba harmoniul i kanoniT el eqtrul i vel is daZabul obisTvis gvaqvs:

$$\vec{E}(t) = \vec{E}_0 e^{-e|t|} \cos(\mathbf{w}t), \quad (1.22)$$

sadac: \mathbf{w} warmoadgens cvl adi el eqtrul i vel is sixSires, xol o \vec{E}_0 - aris vel is amplituda, $e^{-e|t|}$ Tanamamravl i aRwers gareSe urTierTqmedebis adiabatur CarTvas (gamorTvas), rodesac $t \rightarrow \mp\infty$ da $e \rightarrow 0^+ (e > 0)$.

el eqtronis pol arul optikur fononebze gabnevisas, el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis (ufro zogadad pol aronis amocanis) specifika mdgomareobs imaSi, rom saerTod, uganzomil ebo parametri \mathbf{a} , romel ic aRwers el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis siZl ieres, ar SeiZl eba CaiTval os rogorc mcire sidide. III-V j gufis naxevargamtarebSi el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedeba SesaZl ebel ia iyos susti ($\mathbf{a} < 1$); II-VI j gufis pol arul naxevargamtarebsa da diel eqtrikebSi saSual o siZl ieris ($\mathbf{a} \approx 1$) da ionur kristal ebSi Zl ieri ($\mathbf{a} \gg 1$). amitom, zogad SemTxvevaSi, uaryofil i unda iqnas daSveba imis Sesaxeb, rom muxtis gadamtanTa

(el eqtronebis) energetikul i speqtri ganisazRvreba maTi susti urTierTqmedebiT ideal uri kristal uri mesris potencial ur vel Tan da kristal uri mesris rxevebis roli mdgomareobs imaSi, rom maT miyavarT SedarebiT iSviaT gadasvl ebTan el eqtronis mdgomareobebs Soris ideal ur kristal Si. pol arul kristal ebSi el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedeba iw-vevs el eqtronul i speqtris arsebiT cvl il ebas (pol aronul i efeqti), denis gadamtanebis SedarebiT Zl ier gabnevas optikur fononebze da am ukanasknel Ta dispersiis kanonis cvl il ebas. yvel aferi es ki arTul ebs pol arul i kristal ebis el eqtrul i da agreTve optikuri Tvissebebis Seswavl as [29-31, 36-39].

amrigad, Zl ieri (arasusti) el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi, zogadad el eqtron-fononuri sistemis Termodinamikis sakiTxebis ganxil visas da kinetikuri movl enebis Seswavl isas Cven bunebrivad davdivarT pol aronis amocanis ganxil vamde [29-30, 37-39].

13. pol aronis amocana. didi radiusi s mqone pol aronis model ebi

ukanasknel wl ebSi aqtual uri gaxda sakiTxi struqturul ad Sedgenil i nawil akebis dinamiuri model ebis agebisa. warmodgenebi nawil akis rTul i struqturisa da am nawil akis agznebul i mdgomareobebis arsebobis Sesaxeb yovel Tvis warmoadgenda Zl ieri urTierTqmedebis (bmis) Teoriis ZiriTad sakiTxs. unda aRiniSnos rom Zl ieri bmis Teoriebis siZnel eebi Tavidanve ganpirobepul i iyo iseTi cnebebis SemoRebasa da operirebasTan, roml ebic arsebiTad gansxvavebodnen Tavisufal i vel ebis Teoriis warmodgenebisagan. n.n. bogol ubovis SronebSi ganxil ul i da gamokvl eul i iyo amocana ararel ativisturi nawil akis urTierTqmedebisa dakvantul skal arul vel Tan adiabaturi miaxl oebis zRvrul SemTxvevaSi [35,40].

1.3.1. pol aronis frol ixisa da pekaris model ebi

pirvel ad amocana ararel ativisturi nawil akis urTierTqmedebisa dakvantul skal arul vel Tan dasmul i iyo frol ixis mier egreTwodebul i pol aronebis probl emis gamosakvl evad. pol aronebis probl ema mdgomareobs gamtarobis el eqtronebis yofaqcevis Seswavl aSi pol arul kristal ebSi. el eqtroni, romel ic imyofeba kristal Si, Tavisi kul onuri vel iT waanacv- l ebs ionebs TavianTi wonasworul i mdebareobebidan; Tavis mxriv warmoq- mnil i ionuri pol arizacia moqmedebs el eqtronze da iwevs misi energiis Semicirebas. kristal Si gadaadgil ebisas, el eqtrons Tan gadaaqvs kristal uri mesris damaxinj ebis are. el eqtroni da masTan erTad aRebul i TviTSeTanxmehul i pol arizaciul i vel i SesaZl ebel ia ganxil ul i iqnes rogorc kvazinawil aki, romel sac uwodeben pol arons [29,38]. unda aRiniSnos, rom TviT pol aronis koncepcia SemoRebul i iqna pekaris mier, romel ic ganxil avda zRvrul SemTxvevas el eqtronisa da kristal uri mesris rxevebis Zl ieri urTierTqmedebisa da mis aRSawerad iyenebda adiabatur miaxl oebas, romel ic warmoadgens naxevradkl asikur meTods [29-30].

istoriul ad pirvel i da yvel aze gavrcel ebul i midgoma pol aronul i amocanis amoxsnisaTvis dafuznebul i iyo or ZiriTad miaxl oebaze, roml ebic arsebiTad gansazRvraven pol aronul i mdgomareobebis Tvisebebs: 1) efeqturi masis miaxl oeba, roml is Tanaxmadac el eqtronis urTierTqmedeba xisti kristal uri mesris periodul potencial Tan gaTval iswinebul ia m efeqturi masiT, rogorc parametriT. aseT SemTxve- vaSi el eqtronis kinetikuri energia $T(\vec{p}) = \frac{\vec{p}^2}{2m}$ gamtarobis zonaSi da TviT zonis sigane formal urad warmoadgenen SemousazRvrel sidideebs da amitom ar TamaSoben parametrebis rol s pol aronis amocanisaTvis; 2) kontinual uri miaxl oeba, roml is drosac ar gaiTval iswineba kristal uri mesris diskretul i struqtura. am miaxl oebaTa CarCoebSi, pol aronis amocana warmoadgens vel is kvanturi Teoriis tipiur magal iTs fermi- nawil akis urTierTqmedebisa dakvantul fononur vel Tan, da amitom, rogorc aseTi, igi gaxda erT-erTi magal iTi vel is Teoriis meTodebis gamoyenebisa myari sxeul ebis fizikaSi.

pol aronis ZiriTadi mdgomareobis Twisebebis Seswavl a arsebiTad martivdeba susti da Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis zRvrul SemTxvevebSi. susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi pol aronis fizikuri maxasiaTebi ebi kargad aRiwereba Cveul ebrivi SeSfoTebis Teoriis gamoyenebiT, xol o Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi pol aronul i mdgomareoba aRiwereba TviTSeTanxmebul i midgomiT, romel ic pirvel ad ganxil ul i iyo pekaris mier da romel ic eyrdnoboda adiabatur mi axl oebas [30-31, 39].

vel is Teoriis I agranjiseul i formul irebisa da standartul i da kvantvis proceduris gamoyenebiT, frol ixisa da pekaris mier miRebul i da ganxil ul i iyo pol aronul i sistemis hamil toniani (1.13-1.18) saxiT. vinaidan Sredingeris gantol ebis zusti amoxsna (1.13) saxis hamil tonianiT ver iqna napovni, amitom sxvadasxva dros mraval i avtoris mier gamoyenebul i iyo mi axl oebiTi meTodebi, roml ebsac susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi miyavarT an standartul i tipis SeSfoTebis TeoriasTan, an sxvadasxva saxis variaciul midgomebTan, roml ebiC faqturad warmoadgenen hartri-fokis mi axl oebis ama Tu im modifikacias [30, 37-38]. am gamokvl evebis Sedegebi gviCvenebs, rom uZravi el eqtronis energia mcirdeba sididiT: $\Delta E = -\hbar \omega_0 a$, romel ic SesaZl ebel ia ganxil ul iqnas, rogorc pol aronis sakuTari energia. garda amisa icvl eba el eqtronis efeqturi masa: $m^* = m(1 - a/6)^{-1}$.

susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi pol aroni pirvel mi axl oebaSi SesaZl ebel ia warmovidginoT rogorc kvazinawil aki (el eqtroni), romel ic garemocul ia fononuri vel is arakorel irebul i kvantebis Rrubl iT, romel Ta saSual o ricxvi proporciul ia bmis mudmivasi (pol aronis frol ixis model i) [29].

fizikis Tval sazrisiT bevrad ufro saintereso da aqtual uria Zl ier urTierTqmedebis SemTxveva rawil akisa fononur vel Tan. Zl ier el eqtron-fononur urTierTqmedebas miyavarT fononuri vakumis pol arizaciaze, rac iwvevs sabol ood Sedgenil i kvazinawil akis struqturis Camoyal ibebas. cxadia, rom nebi mier gamoTvl iT sqemas

(al goriTms) unda Seswevdes unari am Camoyal ibebul i struqturis model irebisa ukve pirvel mi axl oebaSi [38-40].

pekaris Tanaxmad, ZI ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi, kristal uri mesris deformacias, romel ic gamowveul ia gamtarobis el eqtroniT, miyavarT efeqturi potencial uri ormos Camoyal ibebamde da el eqtronis CaWeramde diskretul energetikul doneze, romel sac Seesabameba ukanasknel is finituri moZraoba. GaerTianebul i sistema (el eqtroni pl us deformaciis are), rogorc mTI iani gadaadgil eba kristal Si efeqturi masiT, romel ic sagrZnobl ad aRemateba el eqtronis masas (efeqturs) gamtarobis zonaSi [30,37,39].

amgvarad, ZI ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi pekaris mier ganviTarebul i Teoria iTval iswinebs ionuri kristal is diel eqtrikul pol arizacias gamowveul s gamtarobis el eqtronis el eqtrul i vel iT. warmoqmnili l okal uri pol arizacia dakavSirebul ia ionTa wanacvl ebasTan da amitom is aris inerciul i; mas ar SeuZI ia "mxari aubas" SedarebiT ufro swrafad moZrav el eqtrons da amitom es l okal uri inerciul i pol arizacia, rogorc ukve iTqva, el eqtronisTvis qmnis potencial ur ormos. sakmarisad Rrma ormoSi xdeba el eqtronis avtol okal izacia da am warmoqmnili potencial uri ormos siRrme sakmarisia, raTa masSi arsebobdes diskretul i energetikul i doneebi el eqtronisTvis. kristal Ta didi umravl esobisTvis ormos siRrme 0,5-1 el eqtron-voltis rigisaa. el eqtroni, romel ic imyofeba avtol okal izebul mdgomareobaSi erT-erT aseT energetikul doneze Tavisi el eqtrul i vel iT "iWers" kristal uri mesris l okal ur pol arizacias. ionebi TavianTi inerciul obis gamo "aRiqvamen" el eqtronis ara myisier, aramed saSual o el eqtrul vel s. el eqtronis aseTi avtol okal izebul i mdgomareoba anu kristal is aseTi mdgomareobebi pol arizaciul i potencial uri ormoTi, romel Siac l okal izebul ia el eqtroni, iwodeba pol aronul mdgomareobebad (pol aronis pekaris model i) [30,39-40].

erT-erT mniSvnel ovan da ZiriTad parametrs, romel ic axasiaTebis pol aronul mdgomareobas, warmoadgens pol aronis radiusi, romel ic aRwers maxasiaTebel zomebs kristal uri garemos deformaciis arisa. Tu el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedeba aris susti, maSin pol aronis radiusi SesaZI ebel ia Sefasebul i iqnas ganusazRvrel obis Tanafardobidan: $r_p \approx \hbar^{1/2} / (mW_0)^{1/2}$, rogorc maxasiaTebel i zoma el eqtronis fl uqtuaciebisa

sivrcesi, romel ic ganpirobul ia virtual uri fononebis gamosxivebisa da STanTqmis procesebiT. Zi ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi pol aronis radiusis sidide arsebitadaa damokidebul i am urTierTqmedebis xasiaTze. frol ix-pekaris pol aronis model Si, rodesac $a \gg 1$, martivi Tvisobrivi Sefaseba pol aronis radiusisaTvis iZi eva Semdeg mniSvnel obas: $r_p \approx \hbar^{1/2} / (m\omega_0)^{1/2} a$, rac Seesabameba pol aronis radiusis Semcirebas bmis mudmivas zrdasTan erTad [37,41].

didi radiusis mqone pol aronis adiabatur TeoriaSi pol aronis zoma ganisazRvreba optimal uri bal ansis pirobidan gamomdinare el eqtronis kinetikuri energiis dadebiti wvl il isa, romel ic lokalizebul ia SemosazRvrul i sivrcesi, dadebiti wvl il isa deformirebul i kristal uri mesris energiisa da uaryofiti wvl il isa el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis energiisa. yvel a es wvl il i erTi da igive rigisaa sididis mixedvit, rac jamSi iZi eva mogebas pol aronis energiisaTvis, Sedarebit Tavisufal i el eqtronis mdgomareobisaTvis aradeformirebul i kristal uri mesrisaTvis (pol aronul i wanacvl eba) [37,42-43]. unda aRiniSnos, rom principSi pol aronul i mdgomareobebis Tvisbebi arsebitad ganisazRvreba sami masStaburi energetikul i parametriT: $D, \hbar\omega, E_p$, sadac E_p warmoadgens pol aronul wanacvl ebas – energiis Semcirebas el eqtron-fononuri sistemisaTvis pol arizaciul i saxis urTierTqmedebis gamo da warmoadgens im energetikul masStabs, romel ic axasiaTebis am urTierTqmedebis intensivobas. D aris el eqtronebis gadaunomrvi zonis sigane, xolo ω warmoadgens fononebis maxasiaTebel rxevebis saSual o six-Sires. didi radiusis mqone pol aronis piroba moicema Semdegi Tanafardobit: $r_p > a$, sadac a aris kristal uri mesris mudmiva. SesaZi ebel ia naCveneb iqnas, rom didi radiusis mqone pol aronisaTvis adgili aqvs utol obas: $E_p/D < 1$, romel ic faqtiurad ekvivalenturia zemoT moyvanil i utol obisa [37,41].

pol aronul i mdgomareobebis mdgradobisTvis aucil ebel ia, rom el eqtronis bmis energia potencial ur ormoSi aRematebodes ionTasiTburi moZraobis saSual o energias kristal Si. variaciul i meTodis daxmarebit pekarma ganavitara mkacri Teoria el eqtronis Zi ieri urTierTqmedebisa

izotropul ionur diel eqtrikTan, rodesac kristal i ganixil eboda rogorc uwyveti garemo.

pekaris Tanaxmad el eqtronis energia pol arizebul kristal Si (diel eqtrikSi), roml is pol arizaciis veqtoriala - $\vec{P}(\vec{r})$, warmoidgineba Semdegi saxiT [29-30] (nul ovan adiabatur miaxl oebaSi, rodesac ar gaiTval iswineba ionTa moZraobis kinetikuri energia).

$$E[\Psi, \vec{P}] = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \int \Psi^*(\vec{r}) \Delta \Psi(\vec{r}) d\vec{r} + 2pe^* \int \vec{P}(\vec{r}) d\vec{r} - \int \vec{P}(\vec{r}) D(\vec{r}) d\vec{r}, \quad (1.23)$$

sadac: $D(\vec{r}) = e \int |\Psi(\vec{r}_1)|^2 \frac{\vec{r}_1 - \vec{r}}{|\vec{r}_1 - \vec{r}|^3} d\vec{r}_1$ warmoadgens el eqtrul i vel is induqciis veqtors diel eqtrikis wertil Si, roml is radius-veqtoriala \vec{r} , xol o $\mathbf{e}^{*-1} = \mathbf{e}_\infty^{-1} - \mathbf{e}_0^{-1}$ aris pol arizebul i garemos efeqturi diel eqtrikul i SeRwevadoba (ix. (1.18) formul a). (1.23) formul is pirvel i ori wevri aRwers el eqtronisa da pol arizaciul i vel is energiebs, xol o ukanasknel i wevri - maT Soris urTierTqmedebis energias. (1.23) gamosaxul eba ganixil eba rogorc funqcional i - $\Psi(\vec{r})$ da $\vec{P}(\vec{r})$ funqciebis mimarT. rodesac kristal i imyofeba ZiriTad mdgomareobaSi, maSin am funqcional s unda gaaCndes absol uturi minimumi, $\Psi(\vec{r})$ da $\vec{P}(\vec{r})$ funqciebis damoukidebel i variaciebis dros, im pirobiT rom adgili eqneba tal Ruri funqciis normirebis Senaxvis pirobas:

$$\int |\Psi(\vec{r})|^2 d\vec{r} = 1. \quad (1.24)$$

Tu gavutol ebT nul s (1.23) funqcional is variacias, romel ic ganpirobebul ia $\vec{P}(\vec{r})$ pol arizaciis cvl il ebiT, rodesac $\Psi(\vec{r})$ tal Ruri funqcia fiqsirebul ia, maSin martivad davadgenT kavSirs $\vec{P}(\vec{r})$ da $D(\vec{r})$ sididebs Soris:

$$\vec{P}(\vec{r}) = \frac{1}{4pe^*} D(\vec{r}), \quad (1.25)$$

sadac: $D(\vec{r})$ - induqcia (1.23) formul is Tanaxmad ganisazRvrebA $\Psi(\vec{r}_1)$ tal Ruri funqciis saSual ebiT. (1.25) gamosaxul ebis daxmarebiT, martivad vpoul obT (1.23) funqcional is saxes, romel ic damokidebul ia mxol od $\Psi(\vec{r})$ tal Rur funqciaze:

$$\mathfrak{S}[\Psi] = \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \int |\nabla \Psi(\vec{r})|^2 d\vec{r} - \frac{1}{8pe^*} \int \vec{D}^2(\vec{r}) d\vec{r}. \quad (1.26)$$

$\mathfrak{S}[\Psi]$ funcțional și gansazRvravs pol arizebul și kristal și (diel eqtrikis) energias, roml șiTvisac pol arizacia SeTanxmebul ia el eqtronis mdgomareobasTan, romel ic aRiwereba $\Psi(\vec{r})$ -funcțiiT. pol arizebul și kristal și aseTi mdgomareobisaTvis, el eqtronisTvis ufro "xel sayrel ia" energetikul și Tval sazrisiT imyofebodes ara gamtarobis zonaSi, aramed mdgomareobaSi, romel ic Seesabameba el eqtronis moZraobas kristal și SemosazRvrul (finitur) areSi da romel ic ganisazRvrebă - $\Psi(\vec{r})$ tal Ruri funcțiiT. el eqtronisTvis es energetikul ad ufro xel sayrel și mdgomareoba SesaZI ebel ia ganisazRvros (1.26) funcțional și minimumis pirobidan, (1.24) Tanafardobis gaTval iswinebiT, $\Psi(\vec{r})$ funcțiiis mixedviT. (1.26) funcțional și minimizaciisaTvis pekarma gamoiyena pirdapiri variaciul și meTodi [29-30]. ZiriTadi mdgomareobis (pol aronul și mdgomareobis) funcțiiis - $\Psi(\vec{r}) = \Psi_0(\vec{r})$. aproqsimacia xdeboda ramodenime parametris saSual ebiT. am funcțias hqonda Semdegi saxe:

$$\Psi_0(\vec{r}) = A[1 + \mathbf{a}'r + \mathbf{b}r^2]e^{-\mathbf{a}'r} \quad (1.27)$$

sadac: A mudmiva ganisazRvreboda normirebis pirobidan (tal Ruri funcțiiisTvis) da igi tol și iyo sididis:

$$A^2 = \frac{2\mathbf{a}^3}{\mathbf{p}(14 + 168\mathbf{g} + 720\mathbf{g}^2)};$$

$$\mathbf{g} = \frac{\mathbf{b}}{4\mathbf{a}^2}; \quad \Psi_0(x) = A\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}x + \mathbf{g}x^2\right)e^{-\frac{1}{2}x}; \quad x = 2\mathbf{a}'\mathbf{g} \quad (1.28)$$

sadac x warmoadgenda uganzomil ebo cvl ads. variaciul și gaTvl ebi \mathbf{a}' da \mathbf{g} parametrebisaTvis șiZI eoda Semdeg mniSvnel obebs: $\mathbf{a}' = 0,6585 \frac{me^2}{\hbar^2 e^*}$, $\mathbf{g} = 0,1129$; (1.28) formul ebis daxmarebiT pol aronis ZiriTadi mdgomareobis energiisaTvis miRebul și iyo Semdegi gamosaxul eba [30]:

$$E_0(\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{g}) = \frac{3\mathbf{p}\hbar^2 A^2}{2\mathbf{m}\mathbf{a}}(1 + 4\mathbf{g} + 24\mathbf{g}^2) - \frac{\mathbf{p}^2 e^2 A^4}{e^* \mathbf{a}^5}(10,494 + 209,88\mathbf{g} + 1884\mathbf{g}^2 + 8507,8\mathbf{g}^3 + 16727\mathbf{g}^4). \quad (1.29)$$

SedarebiT ufro uxeSi gaTvl ebiTvis, pekaris mier gamoyenebul și iyo agreTve tal Ruri funcția, romel ic Seicavda erT variaciul parametris. saerTod pol aronis ZiriTadi mdgomareobis energia ar șiZal ian "mgZnobiare" SerCeul și variaciul și parametrebis raodenobis mimarT.

magal iTad, erTi damoukidebel i meore parametris damateba tal Rur funqciaSi saSual ebas iZI eoda ZiriTadi mdgomareobis energiis mxol od 2%-iT Semcirebas. erTi variaciul i parametris mqone normirebul tal Rur funqcias hqonda Semdegi saxe:

$$\Psi_0(\vec{r}) = \frac{\mathbf{a}^{3/2}}{\sqrt{7p}} (1 + \mathbf{a}'r) e^{-\mathbf{a}'r}, \quad (1.30)$$

sadac $\mathbf{a}' \equiv \frac{1}{r_0} = \frac{me^2}{2\hbar^2 \mathbf{e}^*}$, \mathbf{a}' parametris (1.30) mniSvnel oba ganisazRvreboda (1.23), (1.26) da (1.30) formul ebis daxmarebiT - (1.26) funqcional is minimumis pirobidan. TviT (1.30) tal Rur funqcias Seesabameboda (1.26) funqcional is Semdegi mniSvnel oba:

$$\mathfrak{J}[\Psi_0] = -0,054 \frac{me^4}{\hbar \mathbf{e}^{*2}} \equiv -2 \cdot 0,054 \hbar \mathbf{w}_0 \mathbf{a}^2, \quad (1.31)$$

sadac: \mathbf{a} - aris el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis frolixis uganzomil ebo mudmiva (ix. (1.18) formul a). (1.31) gamosaxul eba faqtiurad gansazRvravs pol arizebul i kristal is srul energias. (1.23) da (1.25) gamosaxul ebebis daxmarebiT SesaZI ebel ia ganisazRvros kristal is pol arizacia, romel ic Seesabameba (1.30) mdgomareobas.

$$\bar{\mathbf{P}}_0(\vec{r}) = \frac{e}{4p\mathbf{e}^*} \int |\Psi_0(\vec{r}_1)|^2 \frac{\vec{r}_1 - \vec{r}}{|\vec{r}_1 - \vec{r}|^3} d\vec{r}_1, \quad (1.32)$$

xol o (1.32) formul isa da $V_0(r) = -\int \frac{\text{div} \bar{\mathbf{P}}_0(\vec{r})}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|} d\vec{r}'$ Tanafardobis daxmarebiT vipoviT sferul i pol arizaciul i potencial uri ormos formas (saxes), romel Siac moZraobs el eqtroni (ix. nax.1). el eqtronis tal Ruri funqcia (ix. 1.28) napovni \mathbf{a}' variaciul i parametris saSual ebiT Caiwereba Semdegi saxiT:

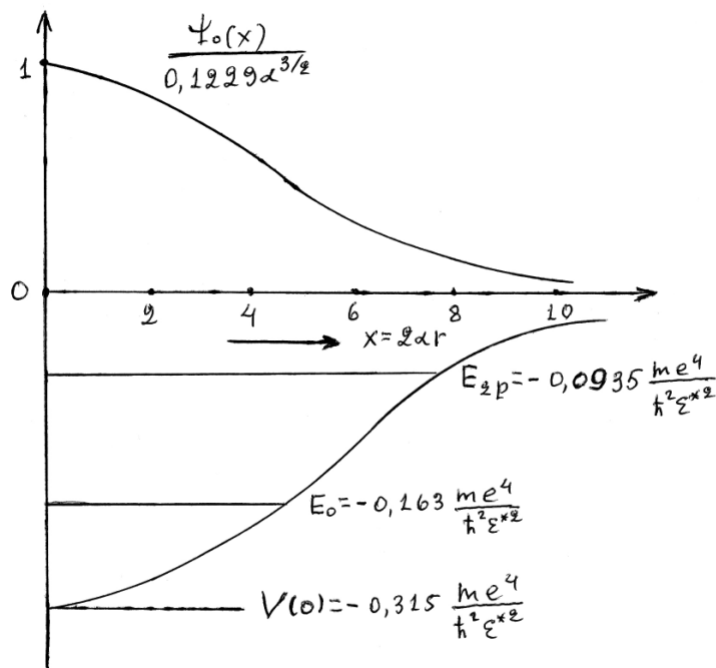
$$\Psi_0(r) = 0,1229 \mathbf{a}^{3/2} (1 + \mathbf{a}'r + 0,4516 \cdot \mathbf{a}^2 r^2) e^{-\mathbf{a}'r}.$$

TviT $V_0(r)$ potencial saqvs Semdegi anal izuri saxe:

$$V_0(r) = -\frac{2\mathbf{a}e^2}{\mathbf{e}^*} \left[\frac{1}{x} - e^{-x} \left(\frac{1}{x} + 0,7605 + 0,2605x + 0,05087x^2 + 0,005703x^3 + 0,0003024x^4 \right) \right], \quad (1.33)$$

sadac, x ganisazRvreboda (1.28) formul iT. rodesac $x \gg 1$, maSin eqsponencial uri Tanamamravli aris Zal ian mcire da $V_0(r)$ potencial is saxe aris

kul onuri: $V_0(r) \rightarrow -\frac{e^2}{e^* r}$; ($r \gg 1$); xol o $r=0$ wertil Si potencial s gacnia parabol uri tipis minimumi. pol aronis ZiriTadi mdgomareobis energia (1.33) fiqsirebul potencial ur ormoSi gamoiTvl eba (1.23), (1.30) da (1.32) formul ebis daxmarebiT. gamoTvl ebi iZl eva el eqtronis energiis Semdeg mniSvnel obas: $E_0 = -0,163 \frac{me^4}{\hbar^2 e^{*2}} = -2 \cdot 0,163 \hbar \omega_0 a^2$; Tu pol arizaciul i potencial uri ormo aris sakmaod Rrma, maSin masSi SesaZl ebel ia agreTve sxva diskretul i energetikul i doneebis arseboba el eqtronisaTvis (ix. nax.1).



nax.1. potencial uri ormo, energetikul i doneebi da el eqtronis Y-tal Ruri funxia pekaris pol aronis model Si

amrigad, pekaris pol aronul i mdgomareobebi SesaZl ebel ia ganxilul i iqnes rogorc el eqtronisa da kristal is l okal uri pol arizaciis bmul i (avtol okal izebul i) mdgomareobebi. es mdgomareobebi xasiaTdebian erTi an ramodenime diskretul i Sinagani energetikul i doneebis arsebobiT avtol okal izebul i el eqtronisTvis. gansxvavebiT pol aronis frol ixis model isagan, romelic aRiwereba susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis a mudmivaTi ($a < 1$), pekaris pol aronul i mdgomareobebi xorciel deba mxol od a bmis mudmivas didi mniSvnel obebis dros ($a \gg 1$). aseTi avtol okal izebul i mdgomareobebi - pol aronebi SesaZl ebel ia

gadaadgil dnen kristal Si, rogorc erTiani mTl iani struqtura (kvazinawil aki), raRac efeqturi masiT – pol aronis masiT.

pekaris mier gamoTvl il i iyo agreTve pol aronis masa, rodesac pol aroni asrul ebda gadataniT moZraobas kristal Si mcire siCqareebiT: $V \ll w_0 r_0$, sadac r_0 ganisazRvreba (1.30) tol obiT. miRebul i pol aronis efeqturi masis mniSvnel oba pekaris TeoriaSi SesaZl ebel ia warmovadginoT Semdegi saxiT [30]:

$$M = 5,8 \cdot 10^{-3} \left(\frac{me^2}{\hbar^2 e^*} \right)^3 e^2 C_2 = 9,08 \cdot 10^3 \left(\frac{m}{m_e} \right)^3 \frac{1}{e^{*3}} C_2, \quad (1.34)$$

sadac $C_2 = \frac{1}{e^* w_0^2}$ da m_e warmoadgens el eqtronis masas.

zogadad, pol aronis efeqturi masa M bevrad aRemateba el eqtronis efeqtur masas gamtarobis zonidan. ase magal iTad, $NaCl$ ionuri kristal iTvis, gamoTvl ebi gviCvenebs, rom $M \approx 391m$.

pekaris model Si, pol aronis Zvradobisa da el eqtrogamtarobis gamosaTvl el ad gamoiyeneboda bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol eba. ionebi ganixil eboda rogorc siTbur wonasworobaSi myofi. am gantol ebi daxmarebiT gamoTvl il i iyo pol aronis dabal temperaturul i ($K_B T \ll \hbar w_0$) Zvradoba, rodesac xdeboda el eqtronis gabneva pol arul optikur fononebze da gabnevis procesSi monawil eobas iRebda fononis erTi kvanti (erTfononiani procesebi). pol aronis dabal temperaturul i ZvradobisTvis miRebul i iyo Tanafardoba:

$$\mathbf{t} = \frac{e}{M} \mathbf{t}, \quad (1.35)$$

sadac: Tavisufal i ganarbenis saSual o dro \mathbf{t} tol i iyo sididis:

$$\mathbf{t} = \left[W_{\vec{k}, \vec{k}'} \right]^{-1}. \quad (1.36)$$

aq: $W_{\vec{k}, \vec{k}'}$ - warmoadgens pol aronis \vec{k} -dan \vec{k}' mdgomareobaSi gadasvl is al baTobas drois erTeul Si (gadasvl is sixSi res) da ganisazRvreba Semdegi TanafardobiT (\vec{k} da \vec{k}' -tal Ruri veqtorebia):

$$W_{\vec{k},\vec{k}'} = \frac{e^2 \sqrt{2Mw_0} \left(1 + \frac{1}{7}Z\right)^2}{4p\hbar^{3/2} (1+Z)^8} N; \quad (1.37)$$

$$N = \left[e^{\frac{\hbar w_0}{K_B T}} - 1 \right]^{-1}; \quad Z = \frac{|\vec{k}' - \vec{k}|^2}{4\mathbf{a}^2},$$

sadac: \mathbf{a}' - sidide moicema (1.30) formul iT. mcire siCqareebi T moZravi pol aronisTvis, rodesac $\frac{\hbar^2 \vec{k}^2}{2M} \ll \hbar w_0$ (1.34) formul is gaTval iswinebi T gveqneba:

$$Z \approx \frac{Mw_0}{2\hbar \mathbf{a}^2} = 0,0116 \frac{me^4}{\hbar^3 w_0 e^{*2}}. \quad (1.38)$$

(1.35) - (1.37) Tanafardobebis daxmarebi T martivad mi viRebT pol aronis ZvradobisaTvis Semdeg gamosaxul ebas kristal is dabal i temperaturebis dros:

$$\mathbf{m} = \mathbf{m}_0 N; \quad \mathbf{m}_0 = \frac{\hbar^{3/2} e^*}{M^{3/2} e \sqrt{2w_0}} \frac{(1+Z)^8}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{7}Z\right)^2}. \quad (1.39)$$

xol o, Tu visargebl ebT pol aronis M masis (1.34) mniSvnel obi T, maSin dabal temperaturul i Zvradoba warmoidgineba Semdegi saxi T [30]:

$$\mathbf{m}_0 = 5,8 \cdot 10^{-38} \frac{w_0^{5/2} (1+Z)^8 e^{*7}}{\left(\frac{m}{m_e}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{7}Z\right)^2}. \quad (1.40)$$

aqve unda aRiniSnos pol aronis M masisa da \mathbf{m}_0 dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis damokidebul eba \mathbf{a} -bmis mudmivaze pol aronis pekaris TeoriaSi. rogorc (1.18) da (1.34) formul ebi gviCveneben pol aronis masis yofaqceva moicema Tanafardobi T: $M \sim \mathbf{a}^4 (\mathbf{a} \gg 1)$, xol o (1.18), (1.34) da (1.39)-is Tanaxmad dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis yofaqceva aisaxeba damokidebul ebi T: $\mathbf{m}_0 \sim \mathbf{a}^5 (\mathbf{a} \gg 1)$ (rodesac ganixi-l eba mxol od erTfononiani procesebi pol aronis gabnevisas optikur fononebze). amrigad, pekaris pol aronis model Si miRebul i yvel a fizikuri sididis (pol aronis masa, Zvradoba da sxv.) mniSvnel oba, gansxvavebi T pol aronis frol ixis model isagan, samarTl iania mxol od Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi ($\mathbf{a} \gg 1$).

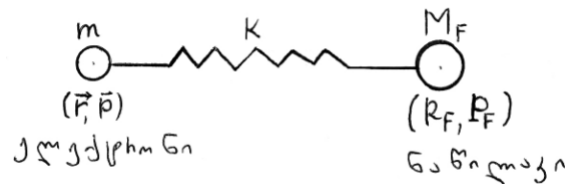
ganvixil oT axl a dinamiuri model i struqturul ad Sedgenil i kvazinawil akis-pol aronis, romel ic aRiwereba el eqtron-fononuri bmis a-mudmivas nebismeri mniSvnel obis dros, e.w. pol aronis feinmanis model i.

1.3.2. pol aronis feinmanis model i

el eqtron-fononuri sistemisTvis da pol aronis amocanaSi farTo gamoyeneba hpova feinmanis kontinual uri integrebis meTodma (integral ebi traektoriebis gaswvri) [44-45]. am meTodis warmateba pol aronis Termodinamikis sakiTxebis ganxil visas dakavSirebul ia Semdeg mTavar teqnukur momentebTan: 1) es meTodi Sesazl ebel s xdis, raTa moxdes zusti gamoricxva fononuri ampl itudebisa pol aronis amocanidan (probl emidan), ris Sedegadac mraval nawil akovani amocana daiyvaneba erTnawil akovani amocanis ganxil vamde, romel ic aRiwereba aral okal uri funqcional iT da romel ic damokidebul ia mxol od el eqtronis traektoriebze. pol aronis feinmanis model is formul irebisas fononuri operatorebi (ampl itudebi) gamoiricxeba zustad el eqtron-fononuri sistemis qmedebidan. amgvarad, miRebul i qmedeba, romel ic ar aris l okal uri fononuri operatorebis gamoricxvis Semdeg el eqtron-fononuri sistemidan, aRwers el eqtronis iseT moZraobas, rodesac amocana erTi nawil akis urTierTqmedebisa nawil akTa usasrul o ricxvTan, daiyvaneba erTi nawil akis (el eqtronis) urTierTqmedebaze Tavis TavTan (TviTqmedebaze). 2) amocanis aseTi arsebiTi gamartivebis Sedegad advil i xdeba amoxsnebisTvis variaciul i meTodebis formul ireba, dafuznebul i iensenis utol obaze, romel ic warmoadgens funqcional ur anal ogs n.n. bogol ubovis variaciul i principisa kvanturstatistikuri sistemebis Tavisufal i energiisTvis [25]. 3) miRebul funqcional Ta daxmarebiT, Sesazl ebel i xdeba zustad amoxsnad model Ta kl a-sis ageba, roml ebic Seesabamebian kvadratul funqcional ebs da roml ebic gamoiyenebian rogorc miaxl oebiTi model ebi variaciul i gamoTvl ebi-saTvis.

feinmanis model is (miaxl oebis) arsi pol aronis amocanisTvis mdgomareobs imaSi, rom ganxil eba zusti, aral okal uri qmedebis aprosimireba aral okal uri kvadratul i qmedebiT. aral okal urobis gaTval iswineba anu "maxsovrobis" efeqtis CarTva qmedebaSi, aZl evs feinmanis midgomas pol aronis amocanisadmi unikal obis Tvisebas, pol aronis sxva

Teoriebisagan gansxvavebiT [46]. feimanis sacdeli qmedeba arwers el eqtrons, romelic urTierTqmedebs meore fiqtiur nawil akTan, romlis koordinatebis gamoricxva xdeba qmedebidan-mas Semdeg, rac ganixileba el eqtronis moZraoba ionur kristal Si da kristaluri me-sris rxevebis (fononebis) gavlena el eqtronze modelirdeba meore nawilakiT-romlis masaa M_F da romelic urTierTqmedebs kvadratulad, k -urTierTqmedebis mudmivati el eqtronTan. aseTi saxis sistemas, romelic arwers el eqtronis urTierTqmedebas pol arul optikur fononebTan, urTierTqmedebis (bmis) a mudmivas nebsmieri mnisvnelobis dros, uwodeben pol aronis feimanis (erToscilatorian) modelis, romelic aris translaciurad invariantuli [44,46] (ix. nax. 2).



nax.2. pol aronis feimanis modelis el eqtroni, romelic dakavSirebulia "zambaris" mesveobit meore nawil akTan masiT M_F

amrigad, pol aronis feimanis modelis el eqtronisa da masTan dakavSirebuli virtualuri, korelirebuli fononebis "Rrublis" moZraoba ariwereba el eqtronis urTierTqmedebit fiqtiur nawil akTan. am modelis hamiltonians aqvs Semdegi saxi [44,46]:

$$H_s^F = \frac{\vec{P}^2}{2m} + \frac{\vec{P}_F^2}{2M_F} + \frac{1}{2}k(\vec{r} - \vec{r}_F)^2, \quad (1.41)$$

sadac: \vec{P} da \vec{P}_F - warmoadgenen el eqtronisa da fiqtiuri nawilakis impulsis operatorebs, Sesabamisad; xolo \vec{r} da \vec{r}_F arian el eqtronisa da fiqtiuri nawilakis radius-veqtorebi, m aris el eqtronis efeqturi masagamtarobis zonidan, xolo M_F - fiqtiuri nawilakis masa. (1.41) pol aronis feimanis modeluri hamiltoniani arwers nul ovan miaxloebaSi pol aronis aradisipaciur yofaqcevas el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis (bmis) a mudmivas nebsmieri mnisvnelobis dros. Tu SemoviRebT axial kanonikur cvl adebs, (1.41) hamiltoniani Sesazilebi daviyanoT diagonalur saxeze. marTlac gveqneba:

$$H_s^F = \frac{\bar{P}^2}{2(m+M_F)} + \frac{M_F+m}{2mM_F} \bar{P}_{os}^2 + \frac{k}{2} \bar{r}_{os}^2. \quad (1.42)$$

aq: $\bar{P} = \bar{P} + \bar{P}_F$ - warmoadgens mTI iani impul sis operators sistemisa, romel ic kanonikurad SeuRI ebul ia masaTa centris radius-veqtorTan:

$$\bar{R} = \frac{m\bar{r} + M_F \bar{r}_F}{m + M_F};$$

xol o $\bar{r}_{os} = \bar{r} - \bar{r}_F$ - warmoadgens fardobiT koordinatas.

$$\bar{P}_{os} = \frac{M_F \bar{P} - m \bar{P}_F}{m + M_F} \text{ aris } \bar{r}_{os} \text{ koordinatis kanonikurad SeuRI ebul i impul si. (1.42)}$$

hamil tonianis energetikul speqtrs aqvs Semdegi saxe:

$$E_{\bar{P}, \bar{h}} = \frac{\bar{P}^2}{2(m+M_F)} + \hbar \mathbf{n} (h_x + h_y + h_z + 3/2); \quad (1.43)$$

$$(h_x, h_y, h_z = 0, 1, 2, \dots),$$

xol o: $\mathbf{n} = \sqrt{k \frac{M_F + m}{mM_F}}$ warmoadgens harmoniul i oscil atoris sixSires da

$\frac{mM_F}{M_F + m}$ aris sistemis dayvanil i masa. $M_F + m$ - sidide mocemul model Si war-

moadgens pol aronis efeqtur masas.

Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi, rodesac $\mathbf{a} \gg 1$, adgil i aqvs utol obebs: $M_F \gg m$ da $\mathbf{n} \gg \mathbf{w}_0$. feinmanis mier SemoRebul i iyo uganzomil ebo parametrebi V da W , roml ebic dakavSirebul ia

M_F da \mathbf{n} sidideebTan Semdegi tol obebiT: $M_F = m \left[\left(\frac{V}{W} \right)^2 - 1 \right]$; $\mathbf{n} = V \mathbf{w}_0$; V da W

parametrebi ganisazRvrebodnen pol aronis Tavisufal i energiis minimizaciiT [44,46]. model is yvel a sxva danarCeni parametri, rogorebic

arian: $k, M_F + m, \frac{mM_F}{m + M_F}$ da sxv. SesaZl ebel ia ganisazRvron (m, \mathbf{w}_0) da (V, W)

parametrebis daxmarebiT. susti da saSual o siZl ieris (intensivobis) el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi ($\mathbf{a} < 1$): $V \gg W; M_F \rightarrow 0; \mathbf{n} \geq \mathbf{w}_0$;

$V \geq 1; V \approx 1 + \mathbf{a}/12$ [47]. (V da W variaciul i parametrebis yofaqcevis Sesaxeb

pol aronis feinmanis model Si ix. nax. 3).

pol aronis probl emisadmi variaciul i meTodis gamoyenebiT, feinmanis mier napovni iyo pol aronis ZiriTadi mdgomareobis energiis zeda

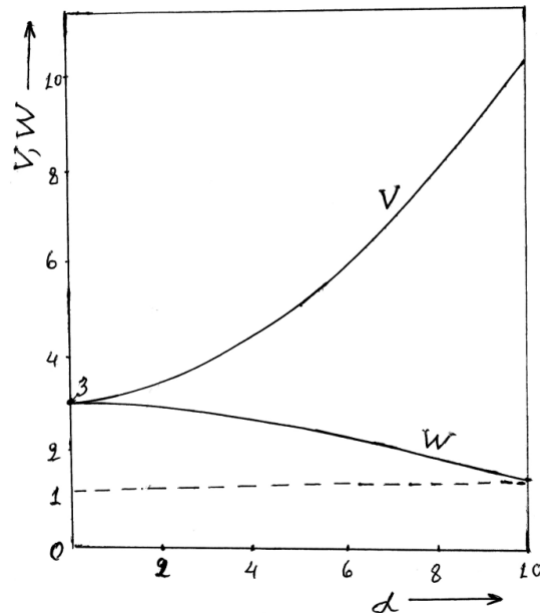
sazRvari, kristal uri mesris (fononebis) nul ovani temperaturis ($T = 0$) dros:

$$E \leq \frac{3}{4V}(V-W)^2 - \frac{aV}{\sqrt{p}} \int_0^\infty \frac{dUe^{-U}}{\left\{W^2U + \left[\left[\frac{V^2 - W^2}{V}\right](1 - e^{-UV})\right]\right\}^{1/2}}. \quad (1.44)$$

$(\hbar = w_0 = m = 1)$

fononuri operatorebis (amplitudebis) gamoricxvis Sedegad miRebul zust qmedebas hqonda Semdegi saxe (gamoiyeneboda feinmanis metodi integral ebi traektoriebis gaswriv kristal uri mesris nul ovani temperaturis pirobebSi):

$$S = \frac{1}{2} \int \left(\frac{d\vec{r}}{dt} \right)^2 dt - \frac{a}{\sqrt{8}} \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-|t-s|}}{|\vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(s)|} dt ds. \quad (1.45)$$



nax.3. V da W – variaciul i parametrebis yofaqceva, rogorc a-urTierTqmedebis (bmis) mudmivas funqciebi, pol aronis feinmanis TeoriaSi

(1.44) da (1.45) Tanafardobebis ganzogadoeba kristal uri mesris nebismieri temperaturebis dros Sesrul ebul i iyo [48] naSromSi. V da W parametrebis varirebis Sedegad (1.44) formul idan miReboda pol aronis ZiriTadi mdgomareobis energiis yvel aze saukeTeso umciresi zeda sazRvris Sefaseba a-bmis mudmivas sxvadasxva mniSvnel obebis dros:

1) a -s mcire mniSvnel obebis dros ($a < 1$), V da W -s saukeTeso mniSvnel obebia: $V = 3[1 + 2a(1-P)/3W]$, sadac $P = \frac{2}{W}[(1-W)^{1/2} - 1]$ da $W = 3$. V da W -s am mniSvnel obebisaTvis pol aronis E -energiisaTvis gveqneba Semdegi Sefaseba:

$$E \leq -a - \frac{1}{81}a^2 + O(a^3) = -a - 0.0123a^2 + O(a^3). \quad (1.46)$$

xol o SeSfoTebis Teoriis Sedegad miRebul i rezul tati tol ia sididis

$$E = -a - 0.0126a^2 + \dots \quad (1.47)$$

2) a -s didi mniSvnel obebis SemTxvevaSi, rodesac ($a \gg 1$), V da W -s saukeTeso mniSvnel obebisTvis gvaqvs: $V = \frac{4}{9p}a^2 4 \left(\ln 2 + \frac{C}{2} \right) + 1$, sadac C -eil er-maskeronis mudmivaa: $C = 0,5772\dots$ da $W = 1$. am SemTxvevaSi pol aronis energiisTvis gveqneba Sefaseba:

$$E \leq -\frac{a^2}{3p} - \frac{3}{2}(2\ln 2 + C) - \frac{3}{4} + O\left(\frac{1}{a^2}\right) + \dots \quad (1.48)$$

rogorc me-3 nax. naTI ad Cans, V da W variaciuli parametrebi, pol aronis feinmanis model Si, warmoadgenen bmis a -mudmivas uwyvet funqciebs. ricxviti gamoTvl ebis Sedegad miRebul i iyo pol aronis ZiriTadi mdgomareobis energiis damokidebul eba bmis mudmivaze. GgamoTvl ebma aCvena, rom pol aronis ZiriTadi mdgomareobis energiis mniSvnel oba pekaris TeoriaSi: $E_0 = -0.326a^2$ ($\hbar w_0$ -erTeul ebSi) – ufro mcire sididisaa, vidre pol aronis feinmanis TeoriaSi, rodesac $a > 34.29$. saertod ki unda aRiniSnos, rom pol aronis ZiriTadi mdgomareobis energiis Sefaseba feinmanis TeoriaSi bevrad ufro mcirea yvel a sxva SefasebebTan SedarebiT, roml ebic miReba pol aronis sxva Teoriebis saSual ebiT; garda amisa, unda aRiniSnos agreTve is garemoebac, rom feinmanis meTods gaaCnia didi upiratesoba sxva meTodebTan SedarebiT pol aronis TeoriebSi, vinaidan es meTodi (integral ebi traektoriebis gaswri) iZl eva saSual ebas rom vipovot pol aronis energiis Sefasebebi bmis a -mudmivas rogorc mcire, aseve saSual edo da didi mniSvnel obebis dros; Tanac es meTodi iZl eva erTaderT saimedo Sedegebs a -bmis mudmivas saSual edo ($5 < a < 10$) mniSvnel obebisaTvis [46,49].

funcional ur-variaciul i meTodiS daxmarebiT feinmanis mier gamoT-
 vl il i iyo agreTve pol aronis efeqturi masis sidide [44,46]. integral ebiT
 traeqtoriebis gaswvriV miaxl oebiT gamoTvl as – pol aronis feinmanis
 model is qmedebisTvis – miyavarT pol aronis efeqturi masis Semdeg
 gamosaxul ebamde:

$$m_F^* = 1 + \frac{aV^3}{3\sqrt{p}} \int_0^\infty dt e^{-t} t^2 \left[t + \frac{V^2 - 1}{VW} (1 - e^{-VWt}) \right]^{-3/2} \quad (m=1). \quad (1.49)$$

(1.49) formul aSi V da W variaciul i parametrebis optimal uri mni-
 Svel obebis CasmiT SesaZl ebel ia Sefasebul i iqnas m_F^* efeqturi masa a-
 bmis parametris mniSvel obaTa mTel interval Si. mcire siCqareebiT moZravi
 feinmanis pol aronis efeqturi masis (1.49) mniSvel oba susti da Zl ieri
 el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis zRvrul SemTxvevebSi warmoidgineba
 Semdegi saxiT:

$$m_F^* = 1 + \frac{a}{6} + \frac{2a^2}{81}; \quad a \ll 1 \quad (m=1) \quad (1.50)$$

$$m_F^* = \left(\frac{4a^2}{9p} \right)^2 - \frac{4a^2}{p} (1 + 2\ln 2 + C); \quad a \gg 1.$$

rasakvirvel ia, (1.49-1.50) gamosaxul ebebi samarTliania kristal is
 nul ovani temperaturis ($T=0$) SemTxvevaSi. (1.50) gamosaxul ebebi efeqturi
 masisaTvis ZiriTadi rigiT a-parametris mixedviT emTxveva, Sedegebs
 gamomdinare rogorc SeSfoTebis Teoriidan ($a \ll 1$), aseve adiabaturi
 miaxl oebidan ($a \gg 1$).

saintereso aRiniSnos is garemoeba, rom m_F^* efeqturi masis mniSvel
 l obebi, roml ebic napovnia (1.49) gamosaxul ebidan mxol od umniSvel od
 (ramodenime procentiT) gansxvavdeba sacdel i model is srul i masis

mniSvel obisagan: $M_F + 1 = \left(\frac{V}{W} \right)^2$ (m – el eqtronis efeqturi masis

erTeul ebSi). sasrul i temperaturebis dros, pol aronis feinmanis Teoriis
 formul irebisas gamoiTvl eboda gibsis operatoris kval i, traeqtoriebis
 gaswvriV integral ebis meTodiS gamoyenebiT, Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri
 urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi [48]. el eqtron-fononuri sistemis mdgo-
 mareobaTa erTobl ioba dakavSirebul ia hel mhol cis Tavisufal i energiis

mniSvnel obebTan, roml is minimizacia xdeboda V da W parametrebis mixedviT mocemul i, fiqsirebul i temperaturis pirobebSi; amgvarad ganisazRvreboda pol aronis saSual o energia, rogorc temperaturis funqcia. temperaturis zrdasTan erTad (a -parametris fiqsirebul i mniSvnel obis dros), pol aronis saSual o energiisa da misi efeqtur masis mniSvnel obebi mcirdeba. pol aronis saSual o energiisa da efeqturi masis aseTi yofaqceva, rodesac $T \rightarrow \infty$, $E \rightarrow 0$ da $m_F \rightarrow 0$ [48] naSromSi aixsneba imiT, rom vinaidan Zal ian dabal i temperaturebis dros fononebi arian "Tavisufali", maTi entropia izrdeba im fononebis entropiasTan SedarebiT, roml ebic dakavSirebul i arian el eqtronTan.

el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis TeoriaSi arsebul im mraval ricxovan gamokvl evaTa Soris, romelic miZRvnil ia pol aronis feinmanis model is kinetikis sakiTxebisadmi, gansakuTrebul i mniSvnel oba eniWeba naSromebs, roml ebSiac gamokvl eul ia pol aronis Zvradoeba da el eqtrogamtaroba. es gamokvl evebi damyarebul ia grinis funqciaTa meTodze [50] bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebis Seswavl aze [51-52], TviTSeTanxmebul i da feinmanis kontinual uri integrebis meTodebis gamoyenebaze [53-54], kubos wrfivi gamoZaxilis Teoriaze [55-56] da sxv. rogorc wesi, rezul tatebi miRebul i am sxvadasxva meTodebis daxmarebiT, roml ebSiac gamoiyeneba sxvadasxva miaxl oebebi, aris sxvadasxva (zogjer arsebiTadac gansxvavdeba erTmaneTisagan). unda aRiniSnos, rom zogadad pol aronis kinetikis ganxilvisas yvel a zemoT CamoTvl ili meTodi iTval iswinebs ZiriTadi mdgomareobis energiis Sencirebas da kvazinawil akis maxis gazrdas fononebTan urTierTqmedebis Sedegad, romelic gamowveul ia el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis didi nawil is gaTval iswinebiT. darCenil i el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedeba (e.w. "narCeni" urTierTqmedeba) aRwers pol aronis gabnevas real ur (siTbur) fononebze da izl eva Sesworebebs pol aronis ZiriTadi mdgomareobis energiisaTvis da efeqturi masisTvis.

amgvarad, TviT sakuTriv pol aronis feinmanis model Si, el eqtronis urTierTqmedebas pol arizaciul vel Tan miyavarT arsebiTad or, erTmaneTisagan gansxvavebul movl enasTan (efeqtTan):

1) el eqtroni garSemortymul ia virtual uri fononebis "RrubliT". sakmarisad Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi,

strukturul ad Sedgenil kvazinawil aks – pol arons gaaCnia Sinagani mdgomareoba. es “Cacmis” efeqti, romel ic aris Sedegi virtual uri fononebis gamosxivebisa da STanTqmisa, nul ovan miaxl oebaSi aRiwereba feinmanis model uri hamil tonianiT (1.41).

2) disipaciis efeqti. es efeqti, romel ic arsebiTad gansxvavdeba pir-vel isagan, aRwers pol aronis disipaciis movl enas; el eqtroni, fononur vel Tan urTierTqmedebis Sedegad - asxivebs da STanTqavs real ur (siTbur) fononebs, ris gamoc gadadis erTi stacionarul i mdgomareobidan meoreSi, magal iTad gareSe vel is zemoqmedebis Sedegad. TviT pol aronis urTierTqmedeba real ur fononebTan am model Si moicema frol ix-pekaris (1.13) urTierTqmedebis hamil tonianiT, sadac V_k sidi deebi ganisazRvreba (1.18) Tanafardobebi T.

amgvarad, feinmanis kontinual uri integrebis formal izmisa da funqcional uri-variaciul i meTodis gamoyenebiT SesaZl ebel i xdeba er-Tiani midgomis fargl ebSi aRweril iqnas pol aronis amocana a -bmis mudmivas nebismeri mniSvnel obis dros, Tanac a -mudmivas mniSvnel obaTa farTo interval Si vRebul obT pol aronis ZiriTadi mdgomareobis energiis Sefasebas bevrad ufro zusts, vidre sxva cnobil i meTodebis da miaxl oebebis gamoyenebisas; am formal izmis daxmarebiT SesaZl ebel ia gamoTvl il iqnas TiTqmis yvel a statikuri (Termodinamikuri) da dinamiuri sidi de, romel ic ki warmoaddgens interest pol aronis amocaniSTvis didi radiusis mqone pol aronis TeoriaSi. rasakvirvel ia, ar arsebobs winaswar garantia imisa, rom kargi miaxl oeba pol aronis Tavisufal i energiisTvis aseve kargad aRwers pol aronis sxva fizikur maxasiaTebi ebs (zogierT SemTxvevaSi, marTI ac es ase ar aris), magram zogadad unda iTqvas, rom funqcional ur-variaciul i midgoma SesaZl ebel s xdis pol aronul i sistemis yofaqcevis erTiani suraTis Camoyal ibebas a -bmis parametris mniSvnel obaTa farTo interval Si, kristal is sxvadasxva temperaturis dros, gareSe vel ebis sxvadasxva daZabul obebisa da sixSireebis SemTxvevaSi da sxv.

magram miuxedavad pol aronis feinmanis model is unikal obisa, am model sac gaaCnia erTgvari SemosazRvrul oba. rogorc ukve iyo aRniSnul i, feinmanis pol aronis TeoriaSi xdeba zusti, aral okal uri qmedebis miaxl oeba aral okal uri kvadratul i qmedebiT, rac adebs erTgvarad Sez-

Rudvas urTierTqmedebis potencial is formas, romel ic Semoifargl eba mxol od harmoniul i urTierTqmedebiT. Ggarda amisa, Zi ieri el eqtronfononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi naTI ad ar Cans kavSiri pol aronis feinmanis Teoriasa da pol aronis pekaris model s Soris.

pol aronis feinmanis model is ganzogadoeba Sesrul ebul i iyo [57-58] naSromebSi. gansxvavebiT pol aronis feinmanis model isagan, ganzogadoebul model Si ar xdeboda qmedebis aproqsimireba aral okal uri kvadratul i qmedebiT, anu urTierTqmedebis potencial i fiqtiur nawil akTan ar iyo harmoniul i tipis; ufro metic, el eqtronis urTierTqmedebis potencial i fiqtiur nawil akTan ar iyo fiqsi-rebul i saxis - am potencial is povna xdeboda variaciul i meTodis gamoyenebiT [57-58]. mimovixil oT axl a SedarebiT ufro dawvril ebiT pol aronis feinmanis ganzogadoebul i model i (fgm).

1.3.3. pol aronis feinmanis ganzogadoebul i model i (I atinj er-I us model i)

pol aronis feinmanis model isagan gansxvavebiT fgm-Si, el eqtronisa da masTan dakavSirebul i virtual uri, korel irebul i, optikuri fononebis "Rrubl is" moZraobis aproqsimireba xdeba el eqtronis traeqtoriit, roml is drosac el eqtroni urTierTqmedebis M_{GF} masis mqone fiqtiur nawil akTan V_{GF} potencial is meSveobiT. SedarebiT yvel aze ufro martiv SemTxvevaSi aseTi sistemis (el eqtroni+fiqtiuri nawil aki) hamil toniani aiReba Semdegi saxiT [57]:

$$H_{GF}^s = \frac{\vec{P}^2}{2} + \frac{\vec{P}_{GF}^2}{2M_{GF}} + V_{GF}(\vec{r} - \vec{R}_{GF}), \quad (1.51)$$

sadac: \vec{P}_{GF} , \vec{R}_{GF} da M_{GF} warmoadgenen impul sis operators, radius-veqtors da masas fiqtiuri nawil akisa, Sesabamisad. gamoTvl ebis gamartivebis mizniT, Cven SemovisazRvreb iT erTeul Ta sistemiT, romel Siac: $\hbar = m = w_0 = 1..$ (1.51) formul aSi, daSvebul ia, rom el eqtroni urTierTqmedebis fiqtiur nawil akTan $V_{GF}(\vec{r} - \vec{R}_{GF})$ - central uri, Zal uri potencial iT. Tu SemoviRebT axal kanonikur cvl adebs, SesaZl ebel ia (1.51) hamil tonianis dayvana diagonal ur saxeze da misi warmodgena Semdegi formiT:

$$H_{GF}^s = \frac{\vec{P}^2}{2(M_{GF} + 1)} + \frac{M_{GF} + 1}{2M_{GF}} \vec{P}_{1GF}^2 + V_{GF}(\vec{x}). \quad (1.52)$$

aq: $\vec{P} = \vec{P} + \vec{P}_{GF}$ aris sistemis srul i impul sis operatori, romel ic kanoni-

kurad SeuRI ebul ia masaTa centris radius-veqtorTan: $\vec{R} = \frac{\vec{r} - \vec{R}_{GF} M_{GF}}{M_{GF} + 1}$;

$\vec{x} = \vec{r} - \vec{R}_{GF}$ warmoadgens fardobiT koordinatas, xol o $\vec{P}_{1GF} = \frac{M_{GF} \vec{P} - \vec{P}_{GF}}{M_{GF} + 1}$ aris

Sesabamisi impul si. unda aRiniSnos, rom sidide $M_{GF} + 1$ mocemul miaxl oebaSi warmoadgens pol aronis efeqtur masas fgm-Si; TviT V_{GF} potencial i zogadad ar aris fiqsirebul i, misi forma (saxe) moiZebneba variaciul i principidan mocemul model Si (SevniSnvT, rom pol aronis feinmanis model Si Teoriis variaciul parametrebs warmoadgenen k da M_F si di deebi).

[57-58] naSromebsi ganzogadoebul i iqna feinmanis kontinual uri integrebis metodi (feinmanis formal izmi - integral ebi traeqtoriebis gaswvri), romli s daxmarebiTac da iensenis utol obis gaTval iswinebiT, miRebul i iyo optikuri pol aronisTvis energiis mniSvel oba E_0^{GF} , rogorc qveda sazRvari variaciul i energiisa E_V^{GF} , ise rom ar iyo fiqsirebul i forma (saxe) V_{GF} variaciul i potencial isTvis.

$$E_0^{GF} \leq E_V^{GF} = \left\langle u_0 \left| \frac{\vec{P}_{1GF}^2}{2\mathbf{m}} \right| u_0 \right\rangle - \frac{\mathbf{a}}{\sqrt{2\mathbf{m}}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \iint d\vec{x} d\vec{x}' \times$$

$$\times \frac{u_0^*(\vec{x}') u_0(\vec{x}) u_n^*(\vec{x}) u_n(\vec{x}')}{|\vec{x} - \vec{x}'|} \left\{ \frac{1 - \exp[-2C(1 + \Delta\mathbf{e}_n)^{1/2} |\vec{x} - \vec{x}'|]}{1 + \Delta\mathbf{e}_n} \right\}, \quad (1.53)$$

sadac: $\mathbf{m} = \frac{M_{GF}}{M_{GF} + 1}$; $\Delta\mathbf{e}_n = \mathbf{e}_n - \mathbf{e}_0$; $C = \frac{M_{GF}}{\sqrt{2(M_{GF} + 1)}}$ da: $u_n(\vec{x})$ da \mathbf{e}_n warmoadgenen

sakuTar funqciebs da sakuTar mniSvel obebs Sredingeris gantol ebisa, arafiqsirebul i (ganusazRvrel i) variaciul i potencial iT V_{GF} :

$$\left[-\frac{1}{2\mathbf{m}} \Delta_{\vec{x}} + V_{GF}(\vec{x}) \right] u_n(\vec{x}) = \mathbf{e}_n u_n(\vec{x}); \quad (1.54)$$

$(n = 0, 1, 2, \dots).$

(1.52) hamil tonianis cxadi saxe gviCvenebs, rom Sredingeris gantol eba sistemisaTvis (el eqtroni+fiqtiuri nawil aki) Sesazl ebel ia ganvacal kevoT

da CavveroT rogorc (1.54) Sredingeris gantol eba $V_{GF}(\vec{x})$ potencial iT, da agreTve Semdegi saxis Sredingeris gantol eba $\Psi_{\vec{p}}(\vec{R})$ tal Ruri funqci iTvis:

$$\left[-\frac{1}{2M_{GF}+1} \Delta_{\vec{R}} \right] \Psi_{\vec{p}}(\vec{R}) = E_{\vec{p}} \Psi_{\vec{p}}(\vec{R}), \quad (1.55)$$

sadac: sistemis srul i energia $E_{\vec{p},n}^{GF}$ moicema Tanafardobi T

$$E_{\vec{p},n}^{GF} = E_{\vec{p}} + \mathbf{e}_n \equiv \frac{\vec{p}^2}{2(M_{GF}+1)} + \mathbf{e}_n, \text{ xol o } \Psi_{\vec{p}}(\vec{R}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{V}} e^{i\vec{p}\vec{R}} \text{ warmoadgens brtyel tal Ras,}$$

romel ic normirebul ia sistemis V mocul obaze.

vinaidan (1.53) gantol ebis yvel a wevri, romel ic figurirebs aj amvis simbol os qveS, warmoadgens dadebiT sidides, amitom cxadia, rom Tu Cven SemovisazRvreb iT mxol od ZiriTadi wevriT ($\hbar=0$) (1.53) gantol ebis marj vena nawil Si, maSin am gantol ebis marj vena mxare gaxdeba zeda sazRvari pol aronis energi iTvis. ZiriTadi mdgomareobis miaxl oebaSi Cven gveqneba:

$$E_0^{GF} \leq E_V^{GF} = \int d\vec{x} u_0^*(\vec{x}) \frac{\vec{p}_{1GF}^2}{2m} u_0(\vec{x}) - \frac{\mathbf{a}}{\sqrt{2m}} \iint d\vec{x} d\vec{x}'. \quad E_V^{GF} = E_V^{0GF} \quad (1.56)$$

$$\frac{|u_0(\vec{x}) u_0(\vec{x}')|^2}{|\vec{x} - \vec{x}'|} \left\{ 1 - \exp \left[-2C |\vec{x} - \vec{x}'| \right] \right\}.$$

vinaidan (1.56) funqcional i Seicavs \mathbf{m} da $u_0(\vec{x})$ sidideebs, SesaZl ebel ia am sidideebis variireba, imisaTvis, rom vipovoT $E_V^{0GF}(\mathbf{m}, u_0)$ energiis minimal uri mniSvnel oba. Tu gamoviyenebT ritcis variaciul princips (meTods) pekaris tipis sacdel i tal Ruri funqciebiT, romel sac aqvs Semdegi saxe:

$$u_0(\vec{x}) = N \left(1 + b\mathbf{m}\mathbf{x} + ab^2 \mathbf{m}^2 \mathbf{x}^2 \right) e^{-b\mathbf{m}\mathbf{x}}; N^2 = \frac{2b^3 \mathbf{m}^3}{\mathbf{p}(14 + 42a + 45a^2)}, \quad (1.57)$$

sadac a da b warmoadgenen variaciul parametrebs, maSin SesaZl ebel ia gamoTvl il iqnas $E_V^{0GF}(\mathbf{m}, a, b)$ - pol aronis ZiriTadi mdgomareobis energiis minimal uri mniSvnel oba. SesaZl ebel ia agreTve gamoyenebul i iqnas variaciul i meTodi pirdapiri integrirebisa. vinaidan E_V^{0GF} warmoadgens \mathbf{m} (dayvanil i masis) parametr is funqcias da $u_0(\vec{x})$ funqciis funqcional s, da Seicavs damatebiTi pirobis saxiT mxol od $u_0(\vec{x})$ funqciis normirebas:

$\int d\vec{x} |u_0(\vec{x})|^2 = 1$, amitom moTxovna saukeTeso (optimal uri) urTierTqmedebis potencial is SerCevisa (romel ic ganapirobebs pol aronis ZiriTadi mdgomareobis - $E_V^{0GF}(\mathbf{m}, a, b)$ energiis minimal uri mniSvnel obis miRebas) ekvivalenturia Semdeg gantol ebaTa sistemisa:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{du_0(\vec{x})} \left\{ E_V^{0GF} - \int d\vec{x}' |u_0(\vec{x}')|^2 \right\} &= 0; \\ \frac{d}{d\mathbf{m}} E_V^{0GF} &= 0. \end{aligned} \quad (1.58)$$

amrigad, amocana faqtiurad daiyvaneba \mathbf{m} sididis TiToeul i mniSvnel obisaTvis, hartris saxis TviTSeTanxmebul i Sredingeris gantol ebis amoxsnamde:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\bar{P}_{1GF}^2}{2m} u_0(\vec{x}) - \frac{\mathbf{a}\sqrt{2}}{m} \int d\vec{x}' \frac{|u_0(\vec{x}')|^2}{|\vec{x} - \vec{x}'|} \left[1 - \exp(-2C|\vec{x} - \vec{x}'|) \right] \times \\ \times u_0(\vec{x}) = \mathbf{e}_0 u_0(\vec{x}). \end{aligned} \quad (1.59)$$

amitom, aseTi miaxl oebis dros V_{GF} TviTSeTanxmebul i variaciul i potencial istvis gveqneba Semdegi saxis gamosaxul eba:

$$V_{GF}^0(\vec{x}) = -\frac{\mathbf{a}\sqrt{2}}{m} \int d\vec{x}' \frac{|u_0(\vec{x}')|^2}{|\vec{x} - \vec{x}'|} \left[1 - \exp(-2C|\vec{x} - \vec{x}'|) \right]. \quad (1.60)$$

(1.56-1.57) da (1.59) gantol ebebis daxmarebiT Sesazl ebel ia aRdgenil i (miRebul i) iqnas pekaris naxevradkl asikuri Teoria [30,58]. Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi ($\mathbf{a} \gg 1$), rodesac $M_{GF} \gg 1$, ($\mathbf{e}_0 \gg \hbar \mathbf{w}_0$) da $C \rightarrow \infty$. (1.60) gantol ebis Tanaxmad $V_{GF}^0(\vec{x})$ potencial istvis gveqneba gamosaxul eba:

$$V_{GF}^0(\vec{x}) = -\frac{\mathbf{a}\sqrt{2}}{m} \int d\vec{x}' \frac{|u_0(\vec{x}')|^2}{|\vec{x} - \vec{x}'|}. \quad (1.61)$$

susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi ($\mathbf{a} < 1$), rodesac $M_{GF} \rightarrow 0$, $\mathbf{m} \rightarrow 0$, $C \rightarrow 0$, Tu (1.56), (1.60) formul ebis, integral qveSa gamosaxul ebebSi gavSi iT eqsponentas mwkrivad, maSin martivad davrwmundebiT, rom am zRvrul SemTxvevaSi pol aronis energia fgm-Si SemosazRvrul ia mniSvnel obiT: $-\mathbf{a}$, anu $E_0 \leq -\mathbf{a}$. zogad SemTxvevaSi, pol aronis

$E_V^{0GF}(\mathbf{m}, a, b)$ energiis mniSvnel oba SesaZl ebel ia gamoTvl il iqnas anal izurad Tu gamoviyenebT Semdeg cnobil formul ebs:

$$\frac{\exp\left(ik\left|\vec{\mathbf{x}}-\vec{\mathbf{x}}'\right|\right)}{4p\left|\vec{\mathbf{x}}-\vec{\mathbf{x}}'\right|} = ik \sum_{l=1}^{\infty} I_e(k\mathbf{x} <) h_l^{(1)}(k\mathbf{x} >) \sum_{m=-l}^{+l} Y_{lm}(\mathbf{q}\mathbf{j}) Y_{lm}^*(\mathbf{q}\mathbf{j});$$

$$\int_0^Z t^n e^{-bt} dt = \frac{n!}{b^{n+1}} - e^{-bZ} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{n!}{k!} \frac{Z^k}{b^{n-k+1}}; \quad (1.62)$$

$$\int_Z^{\infty} t^n e^{-bt} dt = e^{-bZ} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{n!}{k!} \frac{Z^k}{b^{n-k+1}}.$$

pol aronis energiis $E_V^{0GF}(\mathbf{m}, a, b)$ mniSvnel oba gamoTvl il i iyo [58] naSromSi. Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi ($\mathbf{a} \gg 1$) pol aronis energiis zeda sazRvris mniSvnel oba tol ia sididis: $-0,108504\mathbf{a}^2$ [57-58].

ricxviTi meTodebis gamoyenebiT, TviTSeTanxmebul i (1.60) potencial i rogorc sawyisi potencial i, saSual ebas iZl eva rom gamoTval oT $u_n(\vec{\mathbf{x}})$ aRgznebul i tal Ruri funqciebi, Sredingeris (1.59) gantol ebis daxmarebiT. pol aronis fgm-Si, TviTSeTanxmebul potencial is yofaqceva did manZil ze aris kul onuri tipis, xol o mcire manZil ze (areSi, sadac el eqtronis tal Ruri funqcia aris didi) potencial i aris parabol uri saxis (harmoniul i oscil atoris potencial is tipis) [30,57-58]. gansxvavebiT pol aronis feinmanis model isagan, am model Si martivad xerxdeba miRebul i Sedegebis (magal iTad: pol aronis ZiriTadi mdgomareobis energiis) dakavSireba SedegebTan, roml ebic gamomdinareoben pol aronis pekaris Teoriidan, Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi. [58] naSromSi naCvenebia, rom midgoma, romel ic eyrdnoba variaciul i meTodis gamoyenebas optimal uri, TviTSeTanxmebul i potencial is sapovnel ad, ukeTes Sedegs iZl eva pol aronis ZiriTadi mdgomareobis energiis gamoTvl isas, vidre harmoniul i aproqsimacia urTierTqmedebis potencial isTvis.

iseve rogorc pol aronis feinmanis model Si, pol aronis fgm-Si (1.51) model uri hamil toniani aRwers nul ovan miaxl oebaSi pol aronis aradisipaciur yofaqcevas, \mathbf{a} -parametris nebismieri mniSvnel obis dros. amrigad, pol aronis fgm-Sic, el eqtronis urTierTqmedebas pol arul optikur fononebTan miyvavart or gansxvavebul efeqtTan. erTi efeqti ganapirobebs pol aronis - rogorc kvazinawil akis struqturis Camoya-

libebas, romel ic aris Sedegi virtual uri fononebis gamosxivebisa da STanTqmisa da romel sac adgil i aqvs ZI ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis dros da meore efeqti, romel ic gansxvavdeba pirvel isagan da romel ic aRwers pol aronis disipaciis movl enas, ganpirobetul s el eqtronis urTierTqmedebiT siTbur pol arul optikur fononebTan. es ukanasknel i efeqti, iseve rogorc pol aronis feinmanis model Si, aRiwereba frol ix-pekaris tipis - (1.13) urTierTqmedebis hamil tonianiT.

miuxedavad kontinual uri integrirebis (integral ebi traektoriebis gaswvri) meTodis upiratesobisa sxva meTodebTan SedarebiT da funcional ur-variaciul i midgomis dadebiTi mxareebisa, roml ebsac Cven SevexeT pol aronis feinmanis model isa da fgm-is ganxil vis dros, wonasworul da arawonasworul statistikur meqanikaSi da, kerZod pol aronul i sistemebis Termodinamikisa da kinetikus sakiTxebis Seswavi isas farTo gamoyeneba hpova mowesrigebul operatorTa formal izmma da T-namravl Ta meTodma, romel ic agreTve emyareba fononuri ampl itudebis gamoricxvis teqnika [59-62]. ufro metic, SeiZl eba iTqvas, rom zogierTi Sedegi pol aronis TeoriaSi pirvel ad miRebul iqna swored am midgomis gamoyenebiT. garda amisa, mowesrigebul operatorTa formal izmsa da T-namravl Ta meTods eniWeba upiratesoba zogierTi sakiTxis ganxil visas, gansakuTrebiT maSin, rodesac saWiroa rezul tatebis marTebul obis safuZvl ianobisa da zogierTi Teoremebis damtkiceba statistikur meqanikaSi, da kerZod, pol aronis TeoriaSi [60-62].

gasul i saukunis 80-ian wl ebSi n.n. bogol ubovisa da n.n. bogol ubov (umc.) mier ganvitarebul iqna axal i midgoma el eqtron-fononuri sistemisaTvis da pol aronis wonasworul TeoriaSi (ganxil eboda el eqtronis urTierTqmedeba pol arul optikur fononebTan), romel ic samarTl iania nebismeri temperaturebisa da el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis α -parametris nebismeri mniSvnel obis dros. am midgomas safuZvl ad edo T-namravl Ta teqnikus gamoyeneba fononebis Tavisuflebis xarisxis gamosaricxad el eqtron-fononuri sistemidan, da Sesabamisad el eqtron-fononuri sistemis maxasiaTebel i fizikuri sidideebis wonasworul i saSual o mniSvnel obebis gamoTvla [62]. T-namravl Ta teqnika saSual ebas iZl eva mkacri maTematikuri sizustiT da SedarebiT martiv doneze daasabuTos kontinual uri integrebis meTodis safuZvl ianobis idea

[14-15]. Zustad amoxsnadi hamil tonianisa da agreTve variaciul i principis gamoyenebam pol aronis TeoriaSi, SesaZl ebel i gaxada pol aronis Tavisufal i energiis zeda sazRvris Sefaseba sasrul i temperaturebisa da a-bmis mudmivas nebismieri mniSvnel obis dros [40,62]. unda aRiniSnos, rom mowesrigebul operatorTa formal izmi da T-namravl Ta teqnika gansakuTrebiT efeqturi aRmoCnda pol aronis Tavisufal i energiis gamosaTvl el ad SeSfoTebis Teoriis meTodebis gamoyenebisas sasrul i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi da agreTve el eqtron-fononuri sistemis (pol aronis) kinetikis sakiTxebis ganxil visas [5,14-16,62].

axl a gadavideT fizikuri kinetikis zogierTi principul i sakiTxis mimoxil vase dinamiuri sistemebisa, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben bozonur (fononur) TermostatTan.

1.4. fizikuri kinetikis zogierTi sakiTxi dinamiuri sistemebisa, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben fononur (bozonur) vel Tan

rogorc cnobil ia, kinetikuri gantol ebebis miRebis Cveul ebrivi procedura dakavSirebul ia korel aciebis Sesustebis hipoTezasTan an ekvivalentur daSvebebTan, magal iTad Sfm-Tan. es hipoTeza an miaxl oeba saSual ebas iZl eva rom moxdes sistemis Semokl ebul i aRwera kinetikuri gantol ebis saxiT. magram, rogorc cnobil ia, dinamiur sistemebSi mimdinare stohastikuri procesebis Teoriidan, Tu dinamiuri sistema warmoadgens K tipis sistemas (a.n. kol mogorovis saxis sistemebi) [20,63], maSin araviTari hipoTeza ar aris saWiro kinetikuri gantol ebis misaRebad, Semokl ebul i aRwera warmoiqmneba avtomaturad dinamiuri sistemis evol uciis procesSi fazur sivrceSi Serevis procesebis arsebobis gamo erT-erTi an ramdenime dinamiuri cvl adis mixedviT. swored am cvl adis an cvl adebis mixedviT xdeba korel aciebis swrafi Sesustebe. anal ogiuri debul eba samarTI iania agreTve kvanturi - K sistemebisaTvis. tradiciul ad, rogorc wesi, kinetikuri gantol ebis gamoyvanas Tan axl avs specifiuri tipis apriorul i hipoTeza. kargad aris cnobil i, rom kinetikuri gantol ebis forma da struqtura ganisazRvrebba im procesebis al baTuri bunebiT da TvissebebiT, roml ebsac aRwers TviT es gantol eba. Tu gamoval T I iuvil is gantol ebidan ganawil ebis funqciisTvis (kvantur-meqanikuri midgomisas

fon-neimanis gantol ebidan statistikuri operatorisTvis), Cven Segvizi ia vipovoT kinetikuri gantol ebis saxe, Tu ugul vebel vyofT wevrebs romel - Ta gamo moZraobis dinamiuri xasiaTi arsebiTad gansxvavdeba SemTxveviTi procesebisagan. amis gamo kinetikuri gantol ebis miRebas ama Tu im formiT Tan axl avs raime principis an apriorul i hipotezis formul ireba, da amitom aseTi hipotezis arsi (datvirTva) mdgomareobs imaSi, rom mocemul i dinamiuri sistemisTvis SemoaqvT SemTxveviTobis (qaosis) esa Tu is el ementi [3,20].

im meTodebs Soris, roml ebsac mivyavarT kinetikuri gantol ebis miRebamde, yvel aze ufro srul yofil i ganvitareba da gamoyeneba hpova n.n. bogol ubovis meTodma, romel ic gadabmul i gantol ebebis ierarqiul i jaWvis daxmarebiT saSual ebas izi eva ganawil ebis funqciis agebisa, da romel ic gamomdinareobs liuvilis gantol ebidan. es meTodi cnobil ia, rogorc - bbgki-is (bogol ubovi-borni-grini-kirkvudi-ivoni) saxel wodebiT. bbgki-is jaWvi sabol ood mTavrdeba bol cmanis tipis gantol ebis miRebiT. am meTodSi gamoiyeneba sivrcul i korel aciebis Sesustebis principi, romel ic mdgomareobs imaSi, rom nawil akebi roml ebic sakmao manZil iT arian dacil ebul i erTmaneTisagan sivrcesi, asrul eben arakorel irebad moZraobas [4,34,64-65].

unda aRiniSnos, rom fundamenturi miRwevebi bol cmanis tipis kinetikuri gantol ebis (rogorc kl asikuris, aseve kvanturis) da ZiriTadi kinetikuri gantol ebis gamoyvanaSi, miuZRvis n.n. bogol ubovs. bol cmanis saxis kvantur-kinetikuri gantol eba mkacri saxiT miRebul i iqna n.n. bogol ubovis mier, romel ic eyrdnoboda korel aciebis Sesustebis hipotezas [36,66]. mis mier damuSavebul i iyo formal uri sqemebi zogadad kinetikuri gantol ebebis miRebisa da formul irebul i iyo mkacri maTematikuri formiT is dasvebebi, roml ebic avseben damatebiT am gamoyvanebis meTodebs. kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebis sxva formac - ZiriTadi kinetikuri gantol eba (master equation), romel ic pirvel ad SemoTava- zebul i iyo paul is mier - gamoyvanil i iyo n.n. bogol ubovis mier Sfm-Si, roml is miRebis drosac gamoynebul i iyo SeSfoTebis operatoris speqtral uri Tvissebebi [36,66].

K-tipis dinamiuri sistemebisaTvis (rogorc kl asikuris, aseve kvanturisTvis), SesaZi ebel ia paul is saxis kvanturi kinetikuri gantol e-

bis miReba Sfm-is gamoyenebis gareSe. aseTi saxis gantol ebis miReba demonstrirebuli iyo [20] naSromSi, kvanturi arawrfivi oscillatoris magaliTze, romel zedac moqmedebda gareSe perioduli Zal a. meTodis ZiriTadi idea, romelic gamoyenebuli iyo [20] naSromSi mdgomareobda imaSi, rom kvanturi K sistemebis ergodiuli Tvisეებს კლასიკურ ზრვრულ SemTxvevaSi miyavarT statistikური operatorის არადიagonalური მატრიცის ელემენტების სწრაფ მიღწევად. Sedegi miRebuli iyo kvazიკლასიკურ მიმდინარეობაში, რომელიც miyavarT kvantური დინამიური სისტემის Semokლებული არღერის შესაზღებობაზე (ფაზურ სივრცეში) და როგორც Sedegi - ნაპოვნი იყო პაულის სპინის კინეტიკური განტოლება.

უკანასკნელ წლებში, დინამიური სისტემების Teoriaში, ფართო განვითარება იქონია მკაცრმა მეტოდემა კვანტური დინამიური კვების დინამიკის არღერისა, რომელიც ურტიერტიკმეებს დაკვანტულ ბოზონურ ველთან (Termostatთან). ეს მეტოდეები გამოიწვევს იმ თავისებურებებს, რომ სასუალი ების იქნება, რატომ მიRebuli იქნას Tanაფარდობები, რომლებიც არღერენ კვების დინამიკას, რომელიც სამართლიანია ბოზონურ ველთან ურტიერტიკმეების (ბმის) მუდმივანების მიმართობების დროს, ნებისმიერი ტემპერატურებისა და ნებისმიერი გარეშე მოკმედი ზალები SemTxvevaში. ამ მიდგომების დროს არ გამოიყენება დასვება მთელი დინამიური სისტემის სტატისტიკური operatorის გამართების შესახებ დიდ დროების SemTxvevaში: $t \gg t_0$ (სადაც: t_0 - warmoadgens კოორდინაციის მაქსიატებელ დროს), როდესაც ამ დასვების Tanამად, მთელი კვანტური დინამიური სისტემის სტატისტიკური operatorი ხდება კვების დანაწილი (reducირებული) სტატისტიკური operatorის ფუნქციონალი.

პირველად ასეტი სპინის ევოლუციური განტოლება კვების სტატისტიკური operatorისათვის, როდესაც კვების სისტემა ურტიერტიკმეებს ბოზონურ ველთან (ფონონებთან), რომლებიც იმყოფებიან სტატისტიკური wonასვობის მიდგომარეობაში T ტემპერატურაში, მიRebuli იყო [15-16] naSromებში, ბოზონური ამპლიტუდების ზუსტი გამოიკვით ამ ევოლუციური განტოლებიდან. ევოლუციური განტოლება Sfm-ის გამოყენებით კვების სტატისტიკური operatorისთვის, რომელიც ურტიერტიკმეებს Termostatთან, მიRebuli იყო [67-71] Sromებში, რომელიც განსხვავებით [5-6, 14-16] naSromებში მიRebuli განტოლებების განმარტობის სივრცული ერტიგვარობების SemTxvevaში, კვების (ელეკტრონის) Termostatთან სუსტი ურტიერტიკმეების დროს

SeSfoTebis Teoriis meore miaxl oebaSi am evol uciuri gantol ebidan gamomdinareobs bol cmanis gantol eba el eqtronisaTvis [57,69-71]. ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebis mkacri gamoyvana el eqtron-fononuri sistemisaTvis Sesrul ebul i iyo [6,14-15] SromebSi, sadac ganxil ul i iyo agreTve am gantol ebebis gamoyeneba sxvadasxva model istTvis. Seqmnil i iyo meTodi kinetikuri gantol ebebis miRebisa, romel ic eyrdnoboda ganviTarebul specifiur teqnikas – vel is kvanturi Teoriisa da T-namravl Ta formal izmis daxmarebiT, – bozonuri ampl itudebis gamoricxvisa Sesabamisi kinetikuri gantol ebebidan [5-6]. Sesabamisi miaxl oebebis Sesrul ebiT, gamoyvanil i kinetikuri gantol ebebidan miRebul i iyo konkretul i fizikuri Sedegebi, roml ebic aRweren el eqtronisa da pol aronis kinetikas [27,29-31,38]. amrigad, fundamenturi midgoma, romel ic ganviTarebul i da gamoyenebul i iyo [14-15] SromebSi, saSual ebas izl eoda Sfm-Si ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evol uciuri gantol ebebis miRebas sistemis statistikuri operatorisTvis, gamoricxul i bozonuri ampl itudebiT.

ukanasknel periodSi, arawonasworul i da Seuqcevadi procesebis aRsawerad da Sesabamisi adekvaturi Teoriis Sesaqmnel ad, myari sxel ebis fizikaSi farTo gamoyeneba da ganviTareba hpova arawonasworul i statistikuri meqanikis sxvadasxva meTodebma. arawonasworul sistemebSi rel aqsaciuri procesebis Sesaswavl ad didi mniSvnel oba eniWeba korel aciuri da grinis funciebis meTods [4,34,64-65,72-73]. ukanasknel wl ebSi, arawonasworul i movl enebis gamosakvl evad xSirad gamoiyeneba agreTve proeqciul i operatoris meTodi [74]. Ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol eba statistikuri operatorisaTvis qvesistemisa, romel ic urTierTqmedebis bozonur TermostatTan, SesaZl ebel ia miRebul iqnas aseve arawonasworul i statistikuri operatoris meTodis gamoyenebiT [4,34].

[68] naSromSi, proeqciul i operatorisa da grinis superoperatoris meTodi gamoiyeneboda Caketil i evol uciuri gantol ebis misaRebad qvesistemis statistikuri operatorisaTvis, romel ic urTierTqmedebda bozonur vel Tan, saidanac gamoricxul i iyo bozonuri operatorebi. am naSromSi, liuvil is superoperatorul i formal izmisa da proeqciul i operatoris meTodis daxmarebiT, gamoyvanil i iyo moZraobis ganzo-

gadoebul i, kvanturi gantol eba grinis dagvianebul i superoperatorisTvis. grinis superoperatorebis meTodi gamoiyeneboda agreTve [75-76] naSromebSi, sadac miRebul i iyo kvanturi evol uciuri gantol ebebi qvesistemis operatorebis drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis. Sesabamisi miaxl oebebis ganxil visas qvesistemis (el eqtronis) dinamikisTvis, am gantol ebebidan martivad miReboda cnobil i Sedegebi el eqtron-fononuri sistemisTvis da, kerZod pol aronis kinetikaSi [29,77]; magram, miuxedavad amisa, xazi unda gaesvas im garemoebas, rom yvel a zemoT moyvanil naSromSi, qvesistemis statistikuri operatorisTvis ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evol uciuri gantol ebis gamoyvanisas, da grinis superoperatorebisTvis moZraobis gantol ebebis miRebisas, gamoiyeneboda aproqsimacia – Sfm, da amitom am naSromebSi yvel a miRebul i gantol eba – rogorc qvesistemis statistikuri operatorisTvis, ise qvesistemis operatorebis wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis – ar aris zusti.

rogorc cnobil ia, wrfivi gadatanis movl enebis Sesaswavl ad myar sxeul ebSi, erT-erT efeqtur xerxs warmoadgens meTodi, romel ic damyarebul ia bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebis gamoyenebaze. Ggadatani movl enebis kvanturi Teoria, roml is aRsawerad gamoiyeneba bol cmanis gantol eba, faqtiurad warmoadgens kvazikli asikur Teorias, romel ic dafuZnebul ia adiabatur miaxl oebasa da SeSfoTebis Teoriaze. el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis kvantur TeoriaSi bol cmaniseul i midgomisas igul isxmeba, rom gamtarobis el eqtronebi (an pol aronebi) imyofebian stacionarul da TiTqmis “Tavisufal ” mdgomareobebSi kvaziimpul sebis gansazRvrul i mniSvnel obebiT. kristal uri mesris periodul obis darRveva ganpirobepul i, magal iTad fononebiT, iwvevs el eqtronebis mdgomareobaTa arastacionarobas. el eqtronebis fononebze gabnevisas igul isxmeba, rom gabnevis procesebis aqtebi kargad aris gancaal kevebul i sivrcesa da droSi, da amitom, faqtiurad, adgil i ar aqvs interferenciis movl enas el eqtronebis erTi mdgomareobidan meoreSi gadasvl is dros. kristal ze modebul i gareSe el eqtrul i vel i ganxil eba rogorc susti intensivobisa (mcire amplitudebis mqone) da mdored cvladi sivrcesa da droSi. rogorc Sedegi, aseTi gareSe el eqtrul i vel is moqmedeba iwvevs mxol od muxtis matarebel Ta aCqarebas da maT gadasvl ebs

svadasva mdgomareobebSi ise, rom ar xdeba TviT am mdgomareobebis arsebiTi cvl il eba. aseT SemTxveebSi el eqtronis gabnevis kveTebi ar iReben did mniSvel obebs. amgvarad, bol cmaniseul i aRwera SeiZl eba CaiT-val os rogorc kvazikl asikuri, specifiuri kvantur-meqanikuri efeqtebis gareSe.

el eqtron-fononuri sistemisaTvis bol cmanis ganzogadoebul i gantol eba da pol aronis frol ixis model isaTvis bol cmanis gantol eba miRebul i iyo susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi [14-15] naSromebSi. bol cmanis gantol ebis miRebisa da gamoyenebis safuZvl ianoba el eqtronebis drekadi gabnevis SemTxvevaSi minarevul centrebze, rodesac es ukanasknel ni ganl agebul ni arian qaosurad sivrceSi, ganxil ul i iyo [78-79] naSromebSi. rogorc ukve aRvniSneT, bol cmanis gantol eba Sesazl ebel ia miRebul i iqnas agreTve qvesistemis (el eqtronis) simkvrivis matricis zusti, Caketil i kinetikuri gantol ebidan, rodesac adgil i aqvs el eqtronis sust urTierTqmedebas pol arul optikur fononebTan, romel ic ganxil ul i iyo [67,69-71] naSromebSi. magram miuxedavad amisa unda aRiniSnos, rom gadatanis movl enebis wrfiv TeoriaSi, gadatanis meqanikuri koeficientebis gamosaTvl el ad bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebis gamoyenebis are SezRudul ia. ase magal iTad, el eqtron-fononuri sistemis SemTxvevaSi, Tu el eqtronebis fononebze gabnevis svadasva aqtebi erTmaneTTan ganicdian interferencias, maSin cxadia, rom bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol eba ukve ar gamoiyeneba [80].

gasul i saukunis 70-ian wl ebSi, gadatanis arawrfivi movl enebis aRsa-werad da meqanikuri koeficientebis (mag. ZvradoBa) gamosaTvl el ad, tornbergisa da feinmanis mier ganviTarebul i iyo axal i midgoma, romel ic Tavisufal i iyo im SezRudvebisagan rasac moicavda gadatanis movl enebis bol cmaniseul i aRwera. gamoyenebul iqna ra kontinual uri integrebis meTodi, tornbergisa da feinmanis mier dadgenil i iyo arawrfivi damokidebul eba kristal ze modebul gareSe el eqtrul vel sa da muxtis matarebl is (el eqtronis) damyarebul saSual o sicqares Soris pol arul nivTierebebSi [84]. tornberg-feinmanis Teoriis sqemaSi el eqtron-fononuri sistemis statistikuri operatorisTvis, romel ic ganisazRvreboda l iuvil - fon neimanis evol uciuri gantol ebidan, gamoyenebul i iyo Zal ian rTul i

მათემატიკური ფორალიზმი დაფუძნებულია ფეინმანის ინტეგრალური ტრაექტორიების გასვრით [53,84]. უნდა აღინიშნოს, რომ ფეინმანის ტრაექტორიების ინტეგრალი არაა ხერხდობა, უბრალოდ ამიტომ უფრო მარტივად იყენებდნენ სხვადასხვა მიახლოებებს ფიზიკურის სფეროებში. ამ მიდგომის ფარგლებში, ელექტრონ-ფონონური სისტემის სიმკვრივის მატრიციდან უდობა ფონონური ოპერატორების გამოცხვად.

ამგვარად, ტორნბერგ-ფეინმანის მიდგომა და მეთოდი ამყარებულია არაფიქციურ ტანაფარდობას გარეშე სასრული (ზღირი) ელექტრონიკის და ელექტრონის სასრული სივრცეების სფეროების პოლარული კრისტალის, რაც ფაქტიურად სასრული იქნება იქნება მყარ სხეული იქნება გადანიშნული არაფიქციური მოვლენების შესახებ შესაძლებლობა [84-85]. ხაზი უნდა გასვას იმ გარემოებას, რომ ტორნბერგ-ფეინმანის მიერ მიღებული უფრო მაქსიმალური სფეროები სამართლიანია როგორც ზღირი, ასევე უსუსტი ელექტრონ-ფონონური ურთიერთქმედების შემთხვევაში. სამეცნიერო ლიტერატურაში ტორნბერგ-ფეინმანის მიდგომა ცნობილია როგორც ბალანსის გეგმების მეთოდი. აქვე უნდა აღინიშნოს, რომ ბალანსის გეგმების მეთოდი აუცილებელია ელექტრონის (ან პოლონის) ურთიერთობის გამოცხადის პოლარული ნივთიერების ზღირი დამოკიდებულების დროს. ამ მეთოდში მიჩნეულია, რომ არც თუ ისე ზღირი ელექტრონიკის და ელექტრონის მიწვევა სტაციონარული მიდგომარეობა, როდესაც ელექტრონი მოზრახვარდება სივრცეში. [84] ნაშრომში დახატულია ფიზიკური სურათი, ელექტრონის დამყარებული სივრცის დამოკიდებულებისა ზღირი სტატიკური ელექტრონიკის და, პრინციპში სამართლიანია a, T და E -ს ნებისმიერი მნიშვნელობისთვის, მაგრამ ავტორები აღნიშნავენ ორ ზღირად სურათებს, რომელიც ჯერ კიდევ არ არის გადამხილული დრეველ დრემდე:

1) იმპულსის ბალანსის გეგმების დაყრდნობით მიღებული სფეროები არაა შემთხვევითი სფეროების, რომლებიც მიწვევა ენერჯის ბალანსის გეგმებისა.

2) უსუსტი ინტენსივობის ელექტრონიკის და ელექტრონის შემთხვევაში, ურთიერთობის გამოცხადის ბალანსის გეგმების დახმარებით არაა შემთხვევითი ურთიერთობის, რომელიც მიწვევა ბოლომდე გეგმების ამოხსნით (განსხვავდება მისგან $\frac{3}{2} \frac{k_B T}{\hbar \omega_0}$ -ფაქტორით).

როგორც მოგვიანებით გაირკვა [15-16], ტორნბერგისა და ფეინმანის თეორიის სფეროები (მხოლოდ უსუსტი ელექტრონ-ფონონური ურთიერთქმედების ურთიერთობის შემთხვევაში) შესაძლებელია მნიშვნელოვანი გეგმებისა, თუ ვივარაუდებთ,

rom mis stacionarul amoxsnas aqvs kvazimaqsvel is ganawil ebis funqciis saxe. marTI ac, erTis mxriv el eqtron-fononuri sistemis qmedebis aproqsimacias kvadratul i funqcional iT (feinmanis meTodSi – integral ebi traeqtoriebis gaswvri) yovel Tvis miyavarT kvazimaqsvel is tipis impul sis ganawil ebis funqciastan [53,85] da amave dros, meores mxriv bol cmanis gantol ebis amonaxsnTa gamokvl evebi [86] da el eqtronis drei-ful i siCqaris gamoTvl is eqsperimental uri monacemebi ZI ier el eqtrul vel ebSi dabal i temperaturebisas [87] cxadad gvicveneben, rom impul sis ganawil ebis funqcia mkveTrad gansxvavdeba maqsvel iseul isagan. Tvisobrivad es dakavSirebul ia im faqtTan, rom dabal i temperaturebisa da ZI ieri vel ebis SemTxvevaSi, rel aqsaciis dominirebul meqanizmad gvevl ineba pol arul i optikuri fononebis gamosxiveba, romel ic aris ZI ier aradrekadi da anizotropul i xasiaTis procesi da romel sac miyavarT denis matarebl ebis specifiur yofaqcevamde, romel ic cnobil ia, rogorc “Streaming motion” movl ena. miuxedavad zemoT aRniSnul i sir-Tul eebisa, [84-85] naSromebSi mocemul i Teoria warmoadgens j erj erobiT erTaderT mikroskopul Teorias el eqtronisa, nebismieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi ZI ier gareSe el eqtrul vel Si.

imisaTvis, rom daeZl iaT el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis siZnel eebi naxevargamtarebsa da ionur kristal ebSi, roml ebic dafuZnebul i iyo bol cmanis gantol ebis gamoyenebaze, da im mizniT, rom aegoT impendansis erTiani wrfivi Teoria pol aronisTvis (el eqtronisTvis) gareSe el eqtrul i vel is nebismieri sixSireebis, kristal is nebismieri temperaturebisa da el eqtron-fononuri bmis mudmivas nebismieri mniSvnel obis dros, feinmanis, xel vorsis, idingsisa da pl atcmanis (fxip) mier ganvitarebul i iyo midgoma, romel ic dafuZnebul i iyo el eqtron-fononuri sistemisTvis arawonasworul i simkvrivis matricis gamoTvl aze feinmanis meTodiT – integral ebi traeqtoriebis gaswvri. fxip-is mier miRebul i iyo wrfivi gamoZaxil is funqciis zusti mniSvnel oba ormagi kontinual uri integral is saxiT traeqtoriebis gaswvri, romel ic Semdeg aproqsimirebul i iyo feinmanis erToscil atoriani model is fargl ebSi [88]. fxip-is midgomam Semdgomi ganvitareba hpova [47,89-90] SromebSi. fxip-is mier miRebul i impendansis zogadi gamosaxul ebidan gamoyvani l i iyo pol aronis efeqturi masisTvis zogadi formul a, napovni iyo pol aronis optikuri

STanTqm is koeficienti da sxv. miRebul i iyo agreTve pol aronis Zvradobis zogadi formul a bmis mudmivas nebismieri mniSvnel obisa da nebismieri temperaturis dros. unda aRiniSnos, rom fxip-is mier miRebul i yvel a Sedegi samarTl iania agreTve el eqtronisTvisac, bmis mudmivas mcire ($a < 1$) mniSvnel obebisas. magram miuxedavad fxip-is midgomis universal obisa, am midgomasac gaaCnia sirTul eebi, roml ebic dRemde ar aris gadawyvetil i. erT-erTi ZiriTadi sirTul e mdgomareobs imaSi, rom iseve rogorc tornberg-feinmanis TeoriaSi, aqac napovni dreiful i Zvradobis mniSvnel oba kristal is dabal i temperaturebis dros $\frac{3 K_B T}{2 \hbar \omega_0}$. Tanamamravl iT gansxvavdeba Zvradobis im mniSvnel obisagan, romel ic miReba bol cmanis gantol ebis amoxsniT dabal i temperaturebisas da bmis mudmivas rogorc mcire, aseve didi mniSvnel obis dros. Aarawonasworul i simkvrivis matri-cis meTodis sirTul e mdgomareobs agreTve imaSi, rom arseboobs garkveul i ganusazRvrel oba impendansis miaxl oebiTi mniSvnel obis SerCevaSi, romel ic aiReba maTematikurad aramkacri mosazrebebisa da fizikis Tval sazrisiT gonivrul i aproqsimaciis ganxil vaSi. saerTo jamSi unda iTqvas, rom fxip-is mier napovni el eqtrogamtarobis tenzor is gamosaxul eba ZiriTadad sworad da erTiani Tval sazrisiT misaRebad aRwers pol aronul efeqtebs optikaSi, gal vanomagnitur movl enebis da cikl otronul rezonans myari sxel ebis fizikaSi da sxv.

rogorc ukve aRniSnul i iyo sadisertacio naSromis Sesaval Si, el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis gamosakvl evad naxevargamtarebsa da ionur kristal ebSi, garda bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebisa da zemoTmoyvanil i midgomebisa da meTodebisa, SesaZl ebel ia gamoyenebul i iqnas srul iad gansxvavebul i (al ternatiul i) midgoma, romel ic dafuznebul ia kubos wrfivi gamoZaxil is Teoriaze [4,64,72-73]. am midgomis fargl ebSi araviTari SezRudva ar edeba el eqtronis gabnevis aqtebs (gabnevis kveTebis) fononebze, gansxvavebiT bol cmaniseul i aRwerisagan. magram miuxedavad amisa, el eqtrogamtarobis gamoTvl isas kubos meTodiT warmoiSveba sirTul eebi, roml ebic dakavSirebul ia ganSI adobebTan $s(?)$ -el eqtrogamtarobis gaSI isas mwkrivad el eqtronis urTierTqmedebis hamil tonianis mixedviT fononebTan (gambnevebTan), gareSe el eqtrul i vel is dabal i $\omega \rightarrow 0$ – sixSireebis SemTxvevaSi. susti el eqtron-

fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSic, $s(?)$ -el eqtrogamtarobisTvis swori Sedegis misaRebad, rodesac $\rightarrow 0$, aucil ebel ia ganSi adi wevrebisgan Sedgenil i usasrul o mwkrivis aj amva [80]. kubos wrfivi reaqciis Teoriam – el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis aRsawerad – Semdgomi ganviTareba hpova [91,93-95] SronebSi. [91] naSromSi l iuvil is gantol ebaze dayrdnobiT da proeqciul i operatoris meTodis gamoyenebiT, el eqtronfononuri sistemisTvis miRebul i iyo el eqtrowinaRobis zogadi formul a. SeSfoTebis Teoriis gamoyenebiTa da Sesabamisi miaxl oebebis ganxil viT (e.w. kenkre-drezdenis aproqsimacia) am zogadi gamosaxul ebidan napovni iyo el eqtrowinaRobis (impedansis) miaxl oebiTi formul a. mogvianebiT [101]-naSromSi naCvenebi iyo, rom kenkre-drezdenis aproqsimacia impedansisTvis da kubos formul isTvis ekvivalenturia fxip-is mier gamoyvanil i impedansis (el eqtrowinaRobis) miaxl oebiTi mniSvnel obisa susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi. kubos wrfivi gamoZaxil is Teoria da proeqciul i operatoris meTodi [94]-naSromSic gamoyenebul i iyo el eqtrul i winaRobis Teoriis asagebad. miRebul i iyo zogadi gamosaxul eba el eqtrowinaRobisTvis da naCvenebi iyo, rom iseve rogorc el eqtrogamtarobisTvis, el eqtrowinaRobis swori mniSvnel obis misaRebad aucil ebel ia cal keul i wevrebisgan Sedgenil i usasrul o mwvrivis aj amva. zogadi saxiT dadgenil i iyo martivi kavSiri kompl eqsur el eqtrogamtarobasa da impedans Soris. [95]-naSromSi kubos Teoriisa, fonneimanis gantol ebisa da cvancigis tipis proeqciul i operatoris daxmarebiT miRebul i iyo araerTgvarovani ZiriTadi kinetikuri gantol eba, romelic saSual ebas iZl eoda gamoZaxil is funqciis povnisa kubos formalizmSi. gamoyvanil i iyo agreTve formul ebi ganzogadoebul i amT-visebl obisa da el eqtrogamtarobisTvis. ZiriTadi kinetikuri gantol ebis daxmarebiT napovni iyo bol cmanis tipis gantol eba pirvel i momentisTvis, romelic Seicavda rogorc disipaciur, aseve nakadisebr wevrebs.

kubos formal izmi da grinis funqciaTa meTodi [83], [93] naSromSi gamoyenebul i iyo pol aronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis gamosaxul el ad SeSfoTebis Teoriis meoTxe miaxl oebaSi. avtorTa mier am naSromSi, el eqtronis sicqaris drois ormomentiani korel aciuri funqcia gamosaxul i iqna grinis ornawil akovani funqciis saSual ebiT, xol o grinis ornawil akovani funqcia warmodgenil i iqna grinis erThawil akovani

funqciisa da el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis mixedviT mwkrivis saxiT. sabol ood, maT mier napovni dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis mniSvnel oba iZl eoda karg miaxl oebas [55]-naSromSi miRebul pol aronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis sididesTan, rodesac $a < 1$. grinis funqciaTa meTodi da kubos wrfivi reaqqiis Teoria pol aronis Zvradobis gamosaTvl el ad ganxil ul i iyo agreTve [96] naSromSi. am naSromSi kubos formal izmisa da ornawil akovani temperaturul i grinis funqciis daxmarebiT, SeSfoTebis Teoriisa da feinmanis diagramul i teqnkis wesebis gamoyenebiT, napovni iyo el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis mniSvnel oba, am ukanasknel is rogorc pol arul optikur fononebze, aseve akustikur fononebze gabnevisas susti el eqtron-fononuri bmis SemTxvevaSi. avtoris mier, el eqtronis dreiful i Zvradobis aRmwer daj axebiT integral ebSi, nawil obriv aj amul i iyo mniSvnel ovani wevrebi SeSfoTebis Teoriis miaxl oebis yvel a rigis mixedviT feinmanis diagramis wverosaTvis (vertex terms, ladder diagrams). naCvenebi iyo, rom am wevrTa wvl il i mniSvnel ovania el eqtronis gabnevisas akustikur (piezoel eqtrul) fononebze. dadgenil i iyo agreTve, rom el eqtronis Zvradobis gamoTvl isas pol arul optikur fononebze gabnevisas, es wevrebi ar TamaSoben mniSvnel ovan rol s dabal i temperaturebis dros. [96]-naSromSi faqtiurad dadasturebul i iqna [93]-naSromi miRebul i Sedegebis marTebul oba el eqtronis dabal - temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis yofaqcevis Sesaxeb.

rogorc ukve iyo aRniSnul i, mraval i gamokvl eva iqna Catarebul i bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebis miRebaze pol aronis feinmanis model Si da am gantol ebaze dayrdnobiT pol aronis dreiful i Zvradobis gamoTvl aze. [97]- naSromSi feinmanis model iTvis gamoyvani i bol cmanis gantol eba gamoyenebul i iyo pol aronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis gamosaTvl el ad. bol cmanis gantol ebis daxmarebiT pol aronis dreiful i Zvradoba feinmanis model Si ganxil ul i da gamoTvl il i iyo [51-52,98] SromebSic. [51]- naSromSi miRebul i iyo bol cmanis gantol eba, napovni iyo statikuri da dinamiuri (sixSireze damokidebul i) dreiful i Zvradobebi da dadasturebul i iyo [97]- naSromSi miRebul i Sedegis samarTl ianoba pol aronis dabal temperaturul i statikuri ZvradobisTvis. [98]- naSromSi, iseve rogorc [97]- naSromSi, bol cmanis gantol ebis gamoyvanisas, ganxil ul i da gaanal izebul i iyo pol aronis drekadi gabnevis procesi

fononebze, e.w. pol aronis rezonansul i urTierTqmedeba (gabneva) fononebTan, da am procesis gaTval iswinebiTa da bol cmanis gantol ebis amoxsniT, napovni iyo dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis mniSvnel oba pol aronisTvis. [52]- naSromSi, pol aronis Zvradoba feinmanis model Si gamoTvl il i iyo sasrul i temperaturebisa da arasusti el eqtron-fononuri bmis SemTxvevaSi. [52]- naSromi faqtiurad warmoadgenda [51,55-56] Sromebis (osakas Sedegebis) ganzogadoebas – oRond gansxvavebiT yvel a sxva zemoT miTitebul i naSromebisgan, am naSromSi bol cmanis gantol eba amoxsnil i iyo variaciul i meTodis gamoyenebiT (zemoTaRniSnul Sromebis bol cmanis gantol ebis amosaxsnel ad ZiriTadad gamoiyeneboda rel aqsaciis drois miaxl oeba, an am meTodis esa Tu is modificirebul i forma). ricxviTi gamoTvl ebi Catarebul i iyo TIBr-kristal ebis ni muSTa monacemebis mixedviT da karg TanxvedraSi iyo eqsperimentis SedegebTan. aqve unda aRiniSnos, rom zemoTmoyvanil naSromebis da saerTod kinetikuri gantol ebis meTodSi, bol cmanis gantol ebis amoxsnisas (saubaria gawrfivebul gantol ebaze) gamoiyeneba sxvadasxva saxis miaxl oebebi (ix. mag. [106]), da amitom el eqtronis da pol aronis dabal temperaturul i ZvradobebisTvis miRebul i mniSvnel oebis ar aris Tanmimdevrul i da zusti. zogadad Zal ian rTul ia mkafiod dadgindes bol cmaniseul i midgomis gamoyenebis sazRvrebi saSual o da ZI ier i el eqtron-fononuri bmis SemTxvevebSi. mosal odnel ia, rom es midgoma samarTI iani iqneba kristal is dabal i temperaturebis dros, rodesac daj axeBaTa xangrZl ivobis dro (romel ic aris $\hbar b = \hbar / K_b T$ -s rigis) bevrad nakl ebia t -rel aqsaciis droze. variaciul i meTodi [106]- bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebis amosaxsnel ad pol aronis frol ixis model Si ganixil eboda agreTve [99]- naSromSi. gamoTvl il i iyo frol ixis pol aronis dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis sidide, romel ic emTxveoda rel aqsaciis drois miaxl oebaSi frol ixis mier napovn dabal temperaturul i statikuri Zvradobis mniSvnel obas pol aronisTvis [43]. amrigad, rogorc zemoTmoyvanil i naSromebis mimoxil va gviCvenebs, arsebobs arsebiTi gansxvaveba pol aronis Zvradobis mniSvnel oebis Soris, romel ic erTis mxriv miReba bol cmanis gantol ebis amoxsnisas rel aqsaciis drois miaxl oebaSi da meores mxriv feinmanis meTodis – integral ebi traektoriebis gaswrviv gamoyenebisas pol aronis frol ixisa da feinmanis model ebSi [100]. susti gareSe

el eqtrul i vel ebisa da susti el eqtron-fononuri bmis SemTxvevaSi, pol aronis Zvradobis gamoTvl isas rel aqsaciis drois miavl oeba SedarebiT ufro real uri Cans, vidre bal ansis gantol ebis meTodi [84-85,100]. [84,88] -naSromebSi pol aronis Zvradoba gamoTvl il i iyo feinmanis meTodiT – integral ebi traeqtoriebis gaswvri, xol o [15,85,101] SromebSi Zvradobis gamoTvl isas gamoiyeneboda el eqtronis impul sebis mixedviT maq-svel is wanacvl ebul i ganawil ebis funqcia. [101] - naSromSi naCvenebi iyo, rom meTodebi roml ebi ganvitarebul i da gamoyenebul i iyo [91-92,84,88] SromebSi, susti el eqtron-fononuri bmis da susti gareSe el eqtrul i vel ebis SemTxvevaSi, pol aronis dabal temperaturul i ZvradobisTvis iZl e-odnen faqtiurad erTnair mniSvel obebs; rac Seexeba gamoTvl ebs, roml ebi dafuznebul ia bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebis gamoyenebaze, optikuri pol aronis dabal temperaturul i dreiful i ZvradobisTvis miyavarT sxva mniSvel obebTan. [97,100]. kritikul i anal izi, pol aronis ZvradobisTvis miRebul i sxvadasxva mniSvel obebis Tanxvdenis Sesaxeb, Catarebul i iyo [102,103]- SromebSi, da dadgenil i iyo, rom optikuri pol aronis Zvradobis sidide damokidebul ia zRvrul i gadasvl ebis $\alpha \rightarrow 0$, $\omega \rightarrow 0$ operaciebis Tanmimdevrobaze (am SromebSi naCvenebi iyo, rom zRvrul i gadasvl ebis swori Tanmimdevrobaa: $\lim_{\alpha \rightarrow 0} \lim_{\omega \rightarrow 0}$).

pol aronis fgm-Si [57-58]-bol cmanis tipis kinetikuri gantol eba Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri bmis da kristal is dabal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi, miRebul i iyo [70-71]- SromebSi. bol cmanis gantol ebis miRebisas, avtorebi eyrdnobodnen maT mier [68-69]- naSromebSi gamoyvanil Caketil kinetikur gantol ebas qvesistemis (pol aronis) statistikuri operatorisaTvis, romel ic napovni iyo Sfm-Si. Gganixil eboda mcire siCqariT moZravi pol aroni dabal i temperaturebis dros da miRebul i iyo kinetikuri gantol eba qvesistemis statistikuri operatoris, rogorc diagonal uri matricul i el ementisaTvis (pol aronis ganawil ebis funqciisTvis, pol aronis ZiriTadi mdgomareobisTvis), aseve aradiagonal uri matricul i el ementebisaTvis (pol aronis agznebul i, gadagvarebul i mdgomareobebisTvis). rac Seexeba TviT sakuTriv pol aronis Zvradobas, igi gamoTvl il i ar iyo am model Si. aqve, erTxel kidev unda aRiniSnos da xazi gaesvas im garemoebas, rom TviT bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebis sxvadasxva meTodebiT gamoyvanisas da misi amoxsnisas gamo-

iyeneba sxvadasxva saxis mi axl oebebi, da amitom el eqtronis da pol aronis Zvradobis Tanmimdevrul i da koreqtul i gamoTvl is probl ema sxvadasxva model Si moiTxovs Semdgomi damatebiTi gamokvl evebis Catarebas.

koval entur (araionur) kristal ebSi, magal iTad germaniumisa da sil iciumis tipis naxevargantarebSi, el eqtronebis urTierTqmedeba fononebTan aRiwereba deformaciis potencial is meTodiT, romelic moqmedebs zonur el eqtronze da romelic warmoadgens axl omqmed SeSfoTebas kristal is periodul i potencial isTvis [39,42,107]. el eqtronis moZraobis SeSfoTeba, gamowveul i am urTierTqmedebiT, warmoadgens kvazinawil akis gabnevas deformaciis potencial ze. Tavisi bunebidan gamomdinare, es urTierTqmedeba damaxasiaTebel ia yvel a naxevargantarebisTvis da saerTod myari sxeul ebisTvis. rogorc cnobil ia, el eqtronis urTierTqmedeba (gabneva) akustikur fononebTan SesaZl ebel ia iyos rogorc susti, aseve Zl ieri [41,104]. el eqtronis susti urTierTqmedebisas akustikur fononebTan, el eqtronis gadaadgil ebas koval enturi kristal ebis gamtarobis zonaSi Tan axl avs kristal is l okal uri deformaciis gadanacvl eba, romelic aRiwereba SeSfoTebis Teoriis enaze, rogorc el eqtronis mier virtual uri fononebis gamosxivebisa da STanTqmis procesi; xolo kristal ebSi, roml ebsac gaaCniaT mcire drekadobis modul ebi da gamtarobis zonaSi el eqtronebis didi efeqturi masebi – el eqtronis urTierTqmedeba grZiv akustikur fononebTan aris Zl ieri, rasac miyvarT kristal is l okal ur deformaciasTan, romelic sakmarisia potencial uri ormos warmosaqmnel ad da romel Siac el eqtroni asrul ebs stacionarul moZraobas diskretul i energi iT (e.w. akustikuri pol aronis model i) [39,41-42,104-105]. Aakustikuri pol aronis model Tan, da saerTod kvazinawil akis l okal izaciis probl emasTan myar sxeul ebSi, mWidrod aris dakavSirebul i sakiTxi el eqtronis e.w. TviTCaWerisa, romelic gamowveul ia Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebiT [41-42,104-105]. akustikuri pol aronis model i – feinmanis meTodiT, integral ebi traektoriebis gasw-riv – Seswavl il i iyo [41,104-105] SromebSi. dadgenil i iyo, rom Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri bmis SemTxvevaSi adgil i aqvs el eqtronis TviTCaWeras, romelic ganpirobetul ia deformaciis potencial iT gamowveul i axl omqmedi urTierTqmedebiT. saerTod unda aRiniSnos, rom el eqtronebis TviTCaWeris amocanis Seswavl as didi mniSvnel oba aqvs el eqtronul i

(pol aronul i) gadatanis movl enebis aRsawerad myar sxeul ebSi, vinaidan kristal uri mesris deformaciis Sedegad TviTCaWeril i kvazinawil aki ar izl eva wvl il s el eqtrogamtarobaSi (ZvradobaSi).

susti el eqtron-fononuri bmis SemTxvevaSi, el eqtronul i gadatanis movl enebis Sesaswavl ad akustikuri pol aronis model Si kristal is dabal i temperaturebis dros, gamoiyeneba kinetikuri (bol cmanis) gantol ebis meTodi. dabal i temperaturebisas el eqtronis Zvradoba ZiriTadad ganisazRvreba misi gabneviT kristal Si arsebul minarevebze da akustikur fononebze. sufta kristal ebSi dabal i temperaturebisas- rodesac optikuri fononebi sustad arian aRgznebul i - dominirebs el eqtronis gabneva akustikur fononebze. el eqtronis urTierTqmedebis energia grZel - tal Rovan grZiv akustikur fononebTan mcire sididisaa, vidre misi urTierTqmedebis energia pol arul optikur fononebTan da, garda amisa, el eqtronis energiis cvl il eba akustikur fononebze gabnevisas, warmoadgens mcire sidides (kvazidrekadi gabneva). amis gamo, el eqtronis gabneva akustikur fononebze SesaZl ebel ia ganxil ul iqnas rel aqsaciis drois miaxl oebaSi [29,32-33,107]. vinaidan am SemTxvevaSiC bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebis amoxsnisas gamoiyeneba sxvadasxva saxis miaxl oeba (magal iTad, Sfm), el eqtronis Zvradobis gamoTvl a mis akustikur fononebze gabnevisas, moiTxovs damatebiTi gamokvl evebis Catarebas [29,108].

sadisertacio naSromSi ganvitarebul ia da gamoyenebul ia midgoma, el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis gamosakvl evad kvanturi dinamiuri sistemebis zemoTmoyvanil i model ebisTvis (roml ebic urTierTqmedeben fononur vel Tan), romel ic damyarebul ia kubos wrfivi gamoZaxil isa da SeSfoTebis Teoriaze [109-122, 125].

mowesrigebul operatorTa formal izmi da proeqciul i operatoris meTodi, T-namravl Ta meTodi (teqnika) da fononuri (bozonuri) operatorebis gamoricxvis procedura wonasworul i, droiTi korel aciuri funqciebisaTvis aRweril i da gamoyenebul i iqneba sadisertacio naSromis II da III TavSi. III TavSi ganxil ul ia el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis sakiTxebi kvantur disipaciur sistemebSi - el eqtron-fononur sistemaSi, pol aronis frol ixis model Si, akustikuri pol aronis model Si, pol aronis fgm-Si- dafuZnebul i kubos wrfivi gamoZaxil is Teoriaze; kerZod, III TavSi gamoTvl il ia el eqtronul i da po-

I aronul i gadatanis meqanikuri (kinetikuri) koeficientebi (Zvradoba, el eqtrogamtaroba) zemoT miTiTebul model ebSi, zemoT naxseneb formal izmsa da meTodze, da korel aciuri funqciebisaTvis ganzogadoebul kvantur kinetikur gantol ebebze dayrdnobiT.

**Tavi II. ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evol uciuri gantol ebebidrois
ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisa da grinis
funqciebisTvis dinamiuri qvesistema sa, romel ic urTierTqmedebs
TermostatTan (bozonur vel Tan)**

**2.1. mowesrigebul operatorTa formal izmi
da T-namravl Ta meTodi**

ganvixil oT mcire dinamiuri qvesistema s , romel ic urTierTqmedebs bozonur (fononur) vel Tan S . mTI iani $(s + S)$ sistemis hamiltoniani aviRoT Semdegi saxiT:

$$H = H_s + H_\Sigma + H_{\text{int.}}, \quad (2.1)$$

sadac H_s aris s qvesistemis sakuTari hamiltoniani; H_Σ - warmoadgens bozonuri (fononuri) vel is hamiltonians; xolo $H_{\text{int.}}$ - aris s qvesistemis urTierTqmedebis hamiltoniani – bozonur vel Tan.

$$H_\Sigma = \sum_k \hbar \omega(k) b_k^+ b_k; \quad H_{\text{int.}} = \sum_k [C_k(s) b_k + C_k^+(s) b_k^+], \quad (2.2)$$

$C_k(s)$ da $C_k^+(s)$ – warmoadgenen operatorebs, romlebic miekuTvnebian s qvesistemas. mTI iani (2.1) – hamiltoniani ar aris damokidebuli droze. A_s, B_s, \dots arvniSnoT operatorebi Sredingeris warmodgenaSi, romlebic damokidebuli arian mxolod s qvesistemis dinamiur cvl adebze da romlebic ar arian damokidebuli droze. operatorebi, romlebic damokidebuli arian mxolod s -is an S -s cvl adebze, komutireben erTmaneTTan. bozonuri (fononuri) sistema S ganxil eba rogorc Termostati. davuSvat, rom $A_s(t)$ da $B_s(t)$ – warmoadgenen s qvesistemis operatorebs haizenbergis warmodgenaSi:

$$A_s(t) = e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} H t} A_s e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H t}; \quad B_s(\mathbf{t}) = e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} H t} B_s e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H t};$$

am operatorebis sawyisi mniSvnel obebisatvis gveqneba

$$A_s = A_s(t)|_{t=0}, \quad B_s = B_s(\mathbf{t})|_{\mathbf{t}=0}$$

drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebi da grinis funqciebi (dagvianebuli, winmswrebi da mizezobrivi) ganisazRvrebian Semdegi tol obebit (ix. mag. [25,34,64]).

$$F_{A_s B_s}(t - \mathbf{t}) = \langle A_s(t) B_s(\mathbf{t}) \rangle.$$

$$G^r(t-t) = \mathbf{q}(t-t) \langle [A_s(t)B_s(t)]_h \rangle; \quad G^a(t-t) = -\mathbf{q}(t-t) \langle [A_s(t)B_s(t)]_h \rangle$$

$$G^c(t-t) = \frac{1}{i\hbar} \langle T_h \{A_s(t)B_s(t)\} \rangle, \quad (2.3)$$

sadac:
$$\mathbf{q}(x) = \begin{cases} 1; x > 0 \\ 0; x < 0 \end{cases}; \quad [A_s(t)B_s(t)]_h = A_s(t)B_s(t) - \mathbf{h}B_s(t)A_s(t);$$

$$T_h \{A_s(t)B_s(t)\} = \mathbf{q}(t-t)A_s(t)B_s(t) + \mathbf{h}\mathbf{q}(t-t)B_s(t)A_s(t).$$

$\mathbf{h} = 1$ - boze operatorebisaTvis da $\mathbf{h} = -1$ Fermi operatorebisaTvis, da

$$\langle \dots \rangle = Z^{-1}(\mathbf{b}) SP_{s\Sigma} (e^{-bH} \dots); \quad \mathbf{b}^{-1} = k_B T, \quad (2.4)$$

sadac: $Z(\mathbf{b}) = SP_{s\Sigma} (e^{-bH})$ - wadmoadgens statjams mTel i (s + S) sistemisaTvis; k_B - aris bol cmanis mudmiva; T - absoluturi temperatura, xol o \hbar - plankis mudmiva; gasaSualeoba (2.4) formulasi xorciel deba gibsiskanonikuri ansamblis wonasworul i statistikuri operatoris mixedvit.

ganixileba Semdegi saxis zogadi amocana [109-113] - agebul i unda iqnas Teoria, romlisasaSualebitac SesaZlebel i iqnebamiviRoT zusti, ganzogadoebul i (al baT araCaketili), kvanturi evoluciuri (kinetikuri) gantolebebi drois ormomentiani wonaworul i korelaciuri da grinis funqciebisaTvis A_s da B_s - operatorebisaTvis, s - dinamiuri qvesistemisaTvis, romelic urTierTqmedebs S sistemastan - bozonur vel Tan. am Teoriis agebisas, gamoyenebul i unda iqnas mowesrigebul operatorTametodi [5-6, 59-61], (s + S) - sistemis (2.1) hamiltonianis cxadi saxeda gibsiskanonikuri ansamblis statistikuri operatoris. gamoviyvanoT jer ganzogadoebul i kvanturi, evoluciuri gantoleba wonasworul i korelaciuri funqciisaTvis:

$$F_{B_s A_s}(t) = \langle B_s(t)A_s \rangle = \langle B_s A_s(-t) \rangle. \quad (2.5)$$

dasmul i amocanis gadasawyvetad CavveroT (2.5) korelaciuri funqcia Semdegi saxiT:

$$\langle B_s(t)A_s \rangle = Z^{-1}(\mathbf{b}) SP_{s\Sigma} [e^{-bH} B_s(t)A_s] = Z^{-1}(\mathbf{b}) SP [A_s G_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b})] \quad (2.6)$$

(2.6) formulasi, Cven SemoviReT damxmare operatoris $G_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b})$, romelic ganisazRvrebato lobiT:

$$G_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b}) = SP_{s\Sigma} [e^{-bH} B_s(t)]. \quad (2.7)$$

Tu gavawarmoebT (2.5) – korel aciur funqcias t -droiT_i cvl adis mixedviT, maSin Cven miviRebT gantol ebas, romel ic gansazRvra_s mis evol uci_s droSi:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} F_{B_s A_s}(t) = \frac{i}{\hbar} \langle [H, B_s(t)]_- \cdot A_s \rangle, \quad (2.8)$$

sadac [...,...] – warmoadgens komutatoris agebul s ori operatorisagan.

gansazRvroT, agreTve evol uci_s wrfivi operatorebi: $W^+(t, 0)$,

$W(t, 0)$, $W^+(\mathbf{b}, 0)$, $W(\mathbf{b}, 0)$ - Semdegi Tanafar dobebiT:

$$\begin{aligned} e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} H t} &= W^+(t, 0) e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 t}, & e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H t} &= e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 t} W(t, 0), \\ e^{-bH} &= W^+(\mathbf{b}, 0) e^{-bH_0}, & e^{-bH} &= e^{-bH_0} W(\mathbf{b}, 0) \end{aligned} \quad (2.9)$$

sadac:

$$H_0 = H_s + H_\Sigma.$$

Tu SemoviRebT T-namravl Ta cnebas [5-6], maSin es operatorebi formal urad Sesazl ebel ia warmovadgi noT Semdegi saxiT:

$$\begin{aligned} W^+(t, 0) &= \begin{cases} T_a \exp \left[\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}(t) \right] & t > 0 \\ T \exp \left[-\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_t^0 dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}(t) \right] & t < 0 \end{cases} \\ W(t, 0) &= \begin{cases} T \exp \left[-\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}(t) \right] & t > 0 \\ T_a \exp \left[\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_t^0 dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}(t) \right] & t < 0, \end{cases} \end{aligned} \quad (2.10)$$

sadac: $\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}(\mathbf{t}) = e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 t} H_{\text{int}} e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 t}$ da:

$$\begin{aligned} W^+(\mathbf{b}, 0) &= T_a \exp \left[-\int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}(\mathbf{l}) \right]; & \mathbf{b} > 0 \\ \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}(\mathbf{l}) &= e^{-\mathbf{l} H_0} H_{\text{int}} e^{\mathbf{l} H_0} \\ W(\mathbf{b}, 0) &= T \exp \left[-\int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}(\mathbf{l}) \right]; & \mathbf{b} > 0 \\ \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}(\mathbf{l}) &= e^{\mathbf{l} H_0} H_{\text{int}} e^{-\mathbf{l} H_0} \end{aligned} \quad (2.11)$$

am operatorebis sawyi si mni Svel obebi saTvi s gveqneba:

$$W^+(t, 0) \Big|_{t=0} = W(t, 0) \Big|_{t=0} = 1; \quad W^+(\mathbf{b}, 0) \Big|_{\mathbf{b}=0} = W(\mathbf{b}, 0) \Big|_{\mathbf{b}=0} = 1.$$

SemoRebul operatorebs gaaCni aT agreTve j gufuri Tvi sebebi:

$$W^+(t, 0) = W(0, t) = W^{-1}(t, 0); \quad W(t, \mathbf{t}) W(\mathbf{t}, 0) = W(t, 0) \quad (2.12)$$

$$\text{da } W^+(\mathbf{b}, 0) = W(0, \mathbf{b}) = W^{-1}(\mathbf{b}, 0); \quad W(\mathbf{b}, \mathbf{I})W(\mathbf{I}, 0) = W(\mathbf{b}, 0)$$

nebismeri t, \mathbf{I} da \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{I} ($\mathbf{b} > 0, \mathbf{I} > 0$) mni Svel obebisatvis.

(2.10) formul ebSi T - qronol ogiurad mowesrigebis simbol oa (operatorTa mowesrigeba xdeba drois mixedviT marj venidan marcxniv drois momentis zrdasTan erTad, rodesac $t > 0$), xol o T_a - warmoadgens antiqronol ogiurad mowesrigebis simbol os drois mixedviT (operatorTa mowesrigeba xdeba drois mixedviT marcxnidan marjvniv drois momentis zrdasTan erTad, rodesac $t > 0$). anal ogiurad, (2.11) formul ebSi T da T_a warmoadgens qronol ogiurad da antiqronol ogiurad mowesrigebis simbol oeb operatorobisatvis \mathbf{I} temperaturul i cvl adis mixedviT. unda aRiniSnos, rom $W^+(t, 0), W(t, 0), W^+(\mathbf{b}, 0), W(\mathbf{b}, 0)$ operatorobisatvis droiTi da temperaturul i cvl adebi $\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}(t)$ da $\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}(\mathbf{I})$ operatorobis aniWeben ara maro raRac mni Svel oebis, aramed gansazRvaven agreTve maT mowesrigebul Tanmimdevrobas T namravl ebSi.

Tu gamoviyenebT $W(t, 0), W^+(t, 0)$ da $W(\mathbf{b}, 0)$ evol uciis operatorobis, maSin $G_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b})$ operatori SesaZI ebel ia warmoadginoT Semdegi saxiT:

$$\begin{aligned} G_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b}) &= SP_{\Sigma} \left[e^{-bH_0} W(\mathbf{b}, 0) W(t, 0) B_{SH_s}(t) W(t, 0) \right] = \\ &= e^{-bH_s} SP_{\Sigma} \left[e^{-bH_s} W(\mathbf{b}, 0) W^+(t, 0) B_{SH_s}(t) W(t, 0) \right] = \quad , \quad (2.13) \\ &= Z_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) e^{-bH_s} P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) \left[W(\mathbf{b}, 0) W^+(t, 0) B_{SH_s}(t) W(t, 0) \right] \end{aligned}$$

sadac: $P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) \dots = Z_{\Sigma}^{-1}(\mathbf{b}) SP_{\Sigma} \left[e^{-bH_{\Sigma}} \dots \right]$ - warmoadgens bozonuri vel is mdgomareobebis mixedviT gasaSual oebis operators (proeqciul operators); $Z_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b})$ - bozonuri vel is statj amia da $B_{SH_s}(t)$ operatori ganisazRvreba Semdegi formul iT:

$$B_{SH_s}(t) = e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} H_s t} B_s e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H_s t} . \quad (2.14)$$

cxadia, rom adgil i aqvs Tanafardobas:

$$B_{sH_0}(t) = B_{sH_s}(t), \text{ sadac } B_{sH_0}(t) = e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 t} B_s e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 t} .$$

SemoviRoT axl a special uri operacia, romel ic aRiniSneba simbol oTi $T_{F_s(t)}^{L,R,s}$ (ix. mag. [5-6,109]). $T_{F_s(t)}^{L,R,s}$ operacia garkveul i wesiT awesrigebs operatorTa namravl s, romel ic Sedgeba erTi $F_s(t)$ - operatorisagan da mis

gverdiT mdgomi $A_j(t_j, s)$ da $A_k(\mathbf{b}_k, s)$ operatorebisagan. t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n warmoadgenen $(0, t)$ -droiTi interval is sxvadasxva wertil ebs. ($j=1, 2, \dots, n$), da $\mathbf{b}_1, \mathbf{b}_2, \dots, \mathbf{b}_m$ arian $(0, \mathbf{b})$ – temperaturul i interval is sxvadasxva wertil ebi ($k=1, 2, \dots, m$).

vTqvaT simbol o aRniSnavs erTi $F_s(t)$ operatoris namravl s sxva $A_j(t_j, s)$ ($j=1, 2, \dots, n$) da $A_k(\mathbf{b}_k, s)$ ($k=1, 2, \dots, m$) operatorebze, roml ebi c aRniSnul i (moniSnul i) arian indeqsebi T: L (left) da R (right).

aRniSnul i operatorebis Tanmimdevrul i ganl ageba -Si nebismeria.

$$t_j \in (0, t); j \in 1, 2, \dots, n; \mathbf{b}_k \in (0, \mathbf{b}); k \in 1, 2, \dots, m.$$

operacia $T_{F_s(t)}^{L,R,s}$ gani sazRvreba Semdegnairad: yvel a $A_j^L(\mathbf{b}_j, s)$ – operatoris movaTavsebT $F_s(t)$ – operatoris marcxniv da ganval agebT anti-qronol ogiurad droiTi momentebis mixedviT; yvel a $A_k^L(\mathbf{b}_k, s)$ operators movaTavsebT $A_j^L(t_j, s)$ operatorTa marcxniv da ganval agebT qronol ogiuri wesis mixedviT da bol os yvel a $A_{j'}^R(t_{j'}, s)$ - ($j'=1, 2, \dots$) operators movaTavsebT marjvniv $F_s(t)$ operatoridan da ganval agebT qronol ogiurad droiTi momentebis mixedviT. am proceduris Sestrul ebi Semdeg Camovacil ebT L da R indeqsebs.

amrigad, am gansazRvris Tanaxmad Cven gveqneba

$$T_{F_s(t)}^{L,R,s} = T \left[\prod_k A_k^L(\mathbf{b}_k, s) \right] \times T_a \left[\prod_j A_j^L(t_j, s) \right] \times F_s(t) T \left[\prod_{j'} A_{j'}^R(t_{j'}, s) \right] \quad (2.15)$$

cxadia, rom $T_{F_s(t)}^{L,R,s}$ operaciis niSnis qveS, Semaval i yvel a operatori SegviZl ia gadavanacvl oT nebismerad ise, rom ar Sevcval oT Sedegi – TiTqos es operatorebi warmoadgendnen C sidideebis – vinai dan TviT es operacia avtomaturad amyarebs wesrigs sabol ood operatorTa ganl agebaSi. Cvens mier SemoRebul i operacia bunebrivad SegviZl ia agreTve ganvazogadod operatorebisagan Sedgenil transcendentul funccional ebzec. unda aRiniSnos, rom Cvens mier SemoRebul i special uri operacia $T_{F_s(t)}^{L,R,s}$ warmoadgens adre SemoRebul i $T_{s(L)s(R)}^F$ operaciis bunebriv ganzogadoebas droiT da temperaturul interval ebze [5-6,109,111-113].

axl a ganvixil oT (2.13) formul a da CavveroT is Semdegi saxiT:

$$G_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b}) = Z_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) e^{-bH_s} \tilde{G}_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b}): t > 0$$

sadac:

$$\begin{aligned} G_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b}) &= P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) [W(\mathbf{b}, 0) W^+(t, 0) B_{sH_s}(t) W(t, 0)] = \\ &= P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) \left\{ T \exp \left[-\int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}(\mathbf{l}) \right] \cdot T_a \exp \left[\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}(t) \right] \cdot B_{sH_s}(t) \times \right. \\ &\times T \exp \left[-\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}(t) \right] \left. \right\} = T_{B_{sH_s}}^{L,R,S}(t) \left\{ P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) \left[T_{\Sigma} \exp \left[-\int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{l}) \right] \times \right. \right. \\ &\times T_{a\Sigma} \exp \left[\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(t) \right] \cdot B_{sH_s}(t) T_{\Sigma} \exp \left[-\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(t) \right] \left. \right\}; t > 0 \end{aligned} \quad (2.16)$$

(2.16) formul aSi $\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}(\mathbf{l})$ da $\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}(t)$ operatorebi gansazRvrul ia (2.10-2.11) tol obebiT: T_{Σ} da $T_{a\Sigma}$ simbol oebi awesrigeben mxol od im operatorebs, roml ebic moqmedeben bozonur (fononur) vel is cvl adebze. Tu gaviTval iswinebT (2.10-2.11) tol obebs $\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{l})$ da $\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^{L,R}(t)$ operatorebisaTvis gveqneba:

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{l}) &= \sum_k \left[\tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, \mathbf{l}) b_{kH_0}(\mathbf{l}) + \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, \mathbf{l}) b_{kH_0}^+(\mathbf{l}) \right] \\ \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^{L,R}(t) &= \sum_k \left[\tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{L,R}(s, \mathbf{t}) b_{kH_0}(t) + \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L,R}(s, \mathbf{t}) b_{kH_0}^+(t) \right] \end{aligned} \quad (2.17)$$

$$b_{kH_0}(\mathbf{l}) = e^{lH_0} b_k e^{-lH_0} = e^{-l\hbar\omega(k)} b_k;$$

$$b_{kH_0}^+(\mathbf{l}) = e^{lH_0} b_k^+ e^{-lH_0} = e^{l\hbar\omega(k)} b_k^+;$$

sadac:

$$b_{kH_0}(t) = e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 t} b_k e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 t} = e^{-i\omega(k)t} b_k; \quad (2.18)$$

$$b_{kH_0}^+(t) = e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 t} b_k^+ e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 t} = e^{i\omega(k)t} b_k^+.$$

$$\tilde{C}_{kH_0}(s, \mathbf{t}) = \tilde{C}_{kH_s}(s, \mathbf{t}) = e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 t} C_k(s) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 t} = e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} H_s t} C_k(s) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H_s t}$$

$$\tilde{C}_{kH_0}^+(s, \mathbf{t}) = \tilde{C}_{kH_s}^+(s, \mathbf{t}) = e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 t} C_k^+(s) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H_0 t} = e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} H_s t} C_k^+(s) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H_s t}.$$

gamosaxul eba, romel ic mocemul ia (2.16) formul iT $P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b})$ gasaSual oebis simbol os qveS $\tilde{G}_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b})$ operatorisaTvis, gamoiTvl eba danarTsi miRebul formul is daxmarebiT (ix. danarTi, (1.4) formul a). am yvel afris gaTval iswinebiT gveqneba:

$$\tilde{G}_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b}) = T_{B_s, H_s}^{L, R, s}(t) \{ B_{s, H_s}(\mathfrak{d}) \exp[\Phi_{L, R, s}(t, \mathbf{b})] \}, \quad t > 0, \quad (2.19)$$

sadac $\Phi_{L, R, s}(t, \mathbf{b})$ funqcional i gani sazRvreba Semdegi gamosaxul ebi T:

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi_{L, R, s}(t, \mathbf{b}) = & -\frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t dt \int_0^t dx \sum_k [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{iw(k)(t-x)} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, \mathbf{x}) \times \\ & \times \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, \mathbf{t}) + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{-iw(k)(t-x)} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, \mathbf{x}) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, \mathbf{t})] - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t dt \times \\ & \times \int_0^t dx \sum_k [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{-iw(k)(t-x)} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^R(s, \mathbf{t}) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+R}(s, \mathbf{x}) + N_k(\mathbf{b}) \times \\ & \times e^{iw(k)(t-x)} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+R}(s, \mathbf{t}) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^R(s, \mathbf{x})] + \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t dt \int_0^t dx \sum_k [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\ & \times e^{-iw(k)(t-x)} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, \mathbf{t}) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+R}(s, \mathbf{x}) + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{iw(k)(t-x)} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, \mathbf{t}) \times \\ & \times \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^R(s, \mathbf{x})] - \frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt \int_0^b dI \sum_k [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{w(k)(it-\lambda I)} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, I) \times \\ & \times \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, \mathbf{t}) + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{-w(k)(it-\lambda I)} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, I) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, \mathbf{t})] + \frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt \times \\ & \times \int_0^b dI \sum_k [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{w(k)(it-\lambda I)} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, I) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+R}(s, \mathbf{t}) + N_k(\mathbf{b}) \times \\ & \times e^{-w(k)(it-\lambda I)} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, I) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^R(s, \mathbf{t})] + \int_0^b dg \int_0^b dI \sum_k [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\ & \times e^{-hw(k)(g-I)} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, \mathbf{g}) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, I) + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{hw(k)(g-I)} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, \mathbf{g}) \times \\ & \times \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, I)]; \quad t > 0. \end{aligned} \quad (2.20)$$

aq: $N_k(\mathbf{b}) = P_\Sigma(\mathbf{b})(b_k^+ b_k) = [e^{bh_w(k)} - 1]^{-1}$ war moadgens bozonebis (fononebis) Sevsebis ricxvebis saSual o mniSvnel obas k mdgomareobaSi; (2.18) formul ebis msgavsad $\tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, I)$ da $\tilde{C}_{kH_0}^+(s, I)$ – operator ebisaTvis gvaqvs Semdegi gamosaxul ebebi:

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, I) &= \tilde{C}_{kH_s}^L(s, I) = e^{1H_0} C_k(s) e^{-1H_0} = e^{1H_s} C_k(s) e^{-1H_s}; \\ \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^+(s, I) &= \tilde{C}_{kH_s}^+(s, I) = e^{1H_0} C_k^+(s) e^{-1H_0} = e^{1H_s} C_k^+(s) e^{-1H_s}. \end{aligned}$$

Tu gavarmoebT (2.19) gamosaxul ebas t droiT i cvl adis mixedviT da gamovi yenebT (2.16) formul as, maSin martivad vipoviT $\tilde{G}_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b})$ operatorisaTvis evol uciur gantol ebas (moZraobis gantol ebas):

da

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \tilde{G}_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b}) &= \frac{i}{\hbar} T_{B_s H_s(t)}^{L,R,S} \left\{ [H_s, B_{sH_s}(t)] \exp[\Phi_{L,R,S}(t, \mathbf{b})] \right\} + \\
&+ T_{B_s H_s(t)}^{L,R,S} \left\{ B_{sH_s}(t) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \Phi_{L,R,S}(t, \mathbf{b}) \cdot \exp[\Phi_{L,R,S}(t, \mathbf{b})] \right\}; \quad t > 0 \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \tilde{G}_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b}) &= \frac{i}{\hbar} P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) [W(\mathbf{b}, 0) W^+(t, 0) [H_s, B_{sH_s}(t)] W(t, 0)] + \\
&+ \frac{i}{\hbar} P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) [W(\mathbf{b}, 0) W^+(t, 0) [\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}(t), B_{sH_s}(t)] W(t, 0)]; \quad t > 0
\end{aligned} \tag{2.21}$$

xol o TviT $\Phi_{L,R,S}(t, \mathbf{b})$ funkcional is warmoebul isaTvis miviRebT

Semdeg gamosaxul ebas:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \Phi_{L,R,S}(t, \mathbf{b}) &= \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \sum_k \left\{ (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}(t-\mathbf{x})} \left[\tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, \mathbf{x}) \times \right. \right. \\
&\times \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+R}(s, t) - \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, \mathbf{x}) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, t) \left. \right] + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{-i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}(t-\mathbf{x})} \left[\tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, \mathbf{x}) \times \right. \\
&\times \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^R(s, t) - \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, \mathbf{x}) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, t) \left. \right] \left. \right\} + \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \sum_k \left\{ (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \right. \\
&\times e^{-i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}(t-\mathbf{x})} \left[\tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, t) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+R}(s, \mathbf{x}) - \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^R(s, t) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+R}(s, \mathbf{x}) \right] + N_k(\mathbf{b}) \times \\
&\times e^{i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}(t-\mathbf{x})} \left[\tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, t) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^R(s, \mathbf{x}) - \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+R}(s, t) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^R(s, \mathbf{x}) \right] \left. \right\} + \frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \times \\
&\times \sum_k \left\{ (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{\mathbf{w}^{(k)}(it-\hbar\mathbf{l})} \left[\tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, \mathbf{l}) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+R}(s, t) - \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, \mathbf{l}) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, t) \right] + \right. \\
&\left. + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{-\mathbf{w}^{(k)}(it-\hbar\mathbf{l})} \left[\tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, \mathbf{l}) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^R(s, t) - \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, \mathbf{l}) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, t) \right] \right\}; \quad t > 0
\end{aligned} \tag{2.22}$$

Tu visargebl ebT (2.16, 2.22) formul ebiT, da agreTve $W(t, 0)$, $W^+(t, 0)$, $W(\mathbf{b}, 0)$ evol uciis wrfivi operatorebis (2.9) gansazRvrebiT da (2.12) j gufuri TvissebebiT, maSin $G_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b})$ operatorisaTvis evol uciuri gantol eba SesaZI ebel ia warmovadgiNoT Semdegi saxiT [109]:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial t} G_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b}) &= \frac{i}{\hbar} SP_{\Sigma} \left\{ e^{-bH} e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} [H_s, B_s]} e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} \right\} - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \sum_k \{ (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\
&\times e^{i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} SP_{\Sigma} \left[e^{-bH} e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} C_k(s, -\mathbf{x}) C_k^+(s) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} B_s(t) \right] + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} \times \\
&\times SP_{\Sigma} \left[e^{-bH} e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{x}) C_k(s) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} B_s(t) \right] \} - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \sum_k \{ (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\
&\times e^{-i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} SP_{\Sigma} \left[e^{-bH} B_s(t) e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} C_k(s) C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{x}) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} \right] + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} \times \\
&\times SP_{\Sigma} \left[e^{-bH} B_s(t) e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} C_k^+(s) C_k(s, -\mathbf{x}) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} \right] \} + \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \sum_k \{ (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\
&\times e^{-i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} SP_{\Sigma} \left[e^{-bH} C_k(s, t) B_s(t) e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{x}) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} \right] + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} \times \\
&\times SP_{\Sigma} \left[e^{-bH} C_k^+(s, t) B_s(t) e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} C_k(s, -\mathbf{x}) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} \right] \} + \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \sum_k \{ (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\
&\cdot e^{i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} SP_{\Sigma} \left[e^{-bH} e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} C_k(s_1 - \mathbf{x}) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} B_s(t) C_k^+(s, t) \right] + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{-i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} \times \\
&\times SP_{\Sigma} \left[e^{-bH} e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{x}) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} B_s(t) C_k(s, t) \right] \} - \frac{1}{\hbar} \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \sum_k \{ (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\
&\times e^{-\mathbf{w}^{(k)}(it+h\mathbf{l})} SP_{\Sigma} \left[C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{l}) e^{-bH} C_k(s, t) B_s(t) \right] + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{\mathbf{w}^{(k)}(it+h\mathbf{l})} \times \\
&\times SP_{\Sigma} \left[C_k(s, -\mathbf{l}) e^{-bH} C_k^+(s, t) B_s(t) \right] \} + \frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \sum_k \{ (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{-\mathbf{w}^{(k)}(it+h\mathbf{l})} \times \\
&\times SP_{\Sigma} \left[C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{l}) e^{-bH} B_s(t) C_k(s, t) \right] + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{\mathbf{w}^{(k)}(it+h\mathbf{l})} SP_{\Sigma} \left[C_k(s, -\mathbf{l}) \times \\
&\times e^{-bH} B_s(t) C_k^+(s, t) \right] \}; \quad t > 0
\end{aligned} \tag{2.23}$$

(2.23) gantol ebaSi Semaval i: $C_k(s, \pm\mathbf{x})$, $C_k^+(s, \pm\mathbf{x})$, $C_k(s, -\mathbf{l})$ da $C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{l})$ operatorebi ganisazRvrebian Semdegi tol obebiT:

$$\begin{aligned}
C_k(s, \pm\mathbf{x}) &= e^{\pm\frac{i}{\hbar} H\mathbf{x}} C_k(s) e^{\pm\frac{i}{\hbar} H\mathbf{x}}; \quad C_k^+(s, \pm\mathbf{x}) = e^{\pm\frac{i}{\hbar} H\mathbf{x}} C_k^+(s) e^{\mp\frac{i}{\hbar} H\mathbf{x}} \\
C_k(s, -\mathbf{l}) &= e^{-\mathbf{l}H} C_k(s) e^{\mathbf{l}H}; \quad C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{l}) = e^{-\mathbf{l}H} C_k^+(s) e^{\mathbf{l}H}.
\end{aligned} \tag{2.24}$$

amrigad, rogorc vxedavT $G_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b})$ operatorisTvis (2.23) evol uciur gantol ebaSi bozonuri ampl itudebi ar gvaqvs. bozonuri ampl itudebis gamoricxva moxerxda $T_{B_s, H_s}^{L, R, S}$ special uri operaciisa da bozonuri vel iT gasaSual oebis $P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b})$ operatoris gamoyenebis Sedegad (naTel ia, rom bozonuri cvl adebi (ampl itudebi) gveqneba $e^{\pm\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht}$ evol uciis operatorebSi

da e^{-bH} gibsis faqtorSi). Semdeg paragrafSi (2.23) evol uciuri gantol eba $G_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b})$ operatorisTvis gamoyenebul i iqneba zusti, ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evol uciuri (kinetikuri) gantol ebebis misaRebad $F_{B_s A_s}(t)$ korel aciuri funqciisTvis da grinis funqciebisTvis [110].

2.2. zusti ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisa da grinis funqciebisTvis

gamoviyvanoT axl a zusti ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi korel aciuri funqciebisTvis. amisTvis ganvixil oT (2.6) formul a $F_{B_s A_s}(t)$ korel aciuri funqciisTvis da (2.5)-is daxmarebiT CavweroT is Semdegi saxiT:

$$\begin{aligned} F_{B_s A_s}(t) &= \langle B_s(t) A_s \rangle = \langle B_s A_s(-t) \rangle = Z^{-1}(\mathbf{b}) SP_s [A_s G_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b})] = \\ &= Z^{-1}(\mathbf{b}) SP_s [B_s G_{A_s}(-t, \mathbf{b})] \end{aligned} \quad (2.25)$$

sadac: $G_{A_s}(-t, \mathbf{b})$ operatorisTvis gansazRvris Tanaxmad gvaqvs Semdegi gamosaxul eba:

$$G_{A_s}(-t, \mathbf{b}) = SP_\Sigma [A_s(-t) e^{-bH}]. \quad (2.26)$$

Tu gavawarmoebT (2.25) Tanafardobas t -droiT i cvl adis mixedviT, maSin mi vi Rebt:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} F_{B_s A_s}(t) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle B_s A_s(-t) \rangle = Z^{-1}(\mathbf{b}) SP_s \left[A_s \frac{\partial}{\partial t} G_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b}) \right] = \\ &= Z^{-1}(\mathbf{b}) SP_s \left[B_s \frac{\partial}{\partial t} G_{A_s}(-t, \mathbf{b}) \right] \end{aligned} \quad (2.27)$$

Tu CavsvamT (2.27) gantol ebaSi $\frac{\partial}{\partial t} G_{B_s}(t, \mathbf{b})$ operatoris gamosaxul ebas (2.23) formul idan da visargebl ebT $SP_{s, \Sigma}(\dots)$ operaciis qveS operatorTa cikl iuri gadanacvl ebis SesaZI ebl obiT, maSin martivi gamoTvl ebis Semdeg vipoviT saZiebel zusti, ganzogadoebul kvantur kinetikur gantol ebas $\langle B_s A_s(-t) \rangle$ korel aciuri funqciisTvis [110-111,113]:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle B_s A_s(-t) \rangle &= \frac{i}{\hbar} \langle [H_s B_s]_- \cdot A_s(-t) \rangle - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \cdot \\
&\cdot e^{i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} \langle C_k(s, -\mathbf{x}) \cdot [C_k^+(s), B_s]_- \cdot A_s(-t) \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{-i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} \cdot \\
&\langle C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{x}) \cdot [C_k(s), B_s]_- \cdot A_s(-t) \rangle] + \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \cdot \\
&\cdot e^{-i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} \cdot \langle [C_k(s), B_s]_- \cdot C_k^+(s_1 - \mathbf{x}) \cdot A_s(-t) \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} \cdot \\
&\langle [C_k^+(s), B_s]_- \cdot C_k(s, -\mathbf{x}) \cdot A_s(-t) \rangle] - \frac{i}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^{\hbar\mathbf{b}} d\mathbf{q} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \cdot \\
&\cdot e^{-i\mathbf{q}\mathbf{w}^{(k)}} e^{i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}t} \langle C_k(s, -t - i\mathbf{q}) \cdot [C_k^+(s), B_s]_- \cdot A_s(-t) \rangle + \\
&+ N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{q}\mathbf{w}^{(k)}} e^{-i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}t} \langle C_k^+(s, -t - i\mathbf{q}) \cdot [C_k(s), B_s]_- \cdot A_s(-t) \rangle]; \quad t > 0.
\end{aligned} \tag{2.28}$$

anal ogiurad SesaZI ebel ia miviRoT zusti, ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol eba $F_{A_s B_s}(-t) = \langle A_s B_s(t) \rangle = \langle A_s(-t) B_s \rangle$ korel aciuri funciisTvis. am gantol ebis gamoyvana principul ad ar gansxvavdeba zemoTmoyvanil i gamoTvl ebisagan da amitom moviyvanT mxol od sabol oo Sedegs:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle A_s(-t) B_s \rangle &= \frac{i}{\hbar} \langle A_s(-t) \cdot [H_s B_s]_- \rangle - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \cdot \\
&\cdot e^{i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} \langle A_s(-t) \cdot C_k(s, -\mathbf{x}) \cdot [C_k^+(s), B_s]_- \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{-i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} \cdot \\
&\langle A_s(-t) \cdot C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{x}) \cdot [C_k(s), B_s]_- \rangle] + \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \cdot \\
&\cdot e^{-i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} \cdot \langle A_s(-t) \cdot [C_k(s), B_s]_- \cdot C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{x}) \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} \cdot \\
&\langle A_s(-t) \cdot [C_k^+(s), B_s]_- \cdot C_k(s, -\mathbf{x}) \rangle] - \frac{i}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^{\hbar\mathbf{b}} d\mathbf{q} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \cdot \\
&\cdot e^{i\mathbf{q}\mathbf{w}^{(k)}} e^{i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}t} \langle A_s(-t) \cdot [C_k(s), B_s]_- \cdot C_k^+(s, -t + i\mathbf{q}) \rangle + \\
&+ N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{q}\mathbf{w}^{(k)}} e^{-i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}t} \langle A_s(-t) \cdot [C_k^+(s), B_s]_- \cdot C_k(s, -t + i\mathbf{q}) \rangle]; \quad t > 0.
\end{aligned} \tag{2.29}$$

martivi SesamCnevia, rom (2.28) da (2.29) evol uciuri gantol ebebi korel aciuri funciebisTvis arian araCaketil i da markoviseul i. $t < 0$ SemTxvevaSi ganzogadoebul evol uciur (kinetikur) gantol ebebs korel aciuri funciebisTvis aqvT igive saxe, rogorc (2.28) da (2.29) gantol ebebs. magram, unda aRiniSnos, rom $t > 0$ da $t < 0$ SemTxvevebisTvis $W(t, 0)$ da $W^+(t, 0)$ - evol uciis operatorebis warmodgena iqneba sxvadasxva Tanaxmad (2.10) gansazRvrebisa. am gantol ebaTa miReba $t < 0$ SemTxvevaSi ar gansxvavdeba

zemoTwarmodgenil i gamoyvanisagan da amitomac aq ar moiyaneba. aRvniSnavT mxol od imas, rom am gantol ebaTa miRebisas saWiroa $T_{B_s A_s(t)}^{L,R,S}$ operaciis xel axal i gansazRvra $W(t,0)$ da $W^+(t,0)$ operatorebis (2.10) warmodgenis Sesabamisad. ($T_{B_s A_s(t)}^{L,R,S}$ operaciis xel axal i gansazRvra aucil ebel ia agreTve $F_{A_s B_s}(-t)$ korel aciuri funqciisTvis zusti, ganzogadoebul i kinetikuri gantol ebi misaRebadac, rodesac $t>0$). naTel ia, rom ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi $\langle B_s A_s(t) \rangle$ da $\langle A_s(t) B_s \rangle$ - korel aciuri funqciebisTvis miReba (2.28) da (2.29) gantol ebebidan t droiT i cvl adis formal uri cvl i- l ebiT: $t \rightarrow -t$. kinetikuri gantol ebebi: $\langle B_s A_s(t) \rangle$ da $\langle A_s(t) B_s \rangle$ korel aciuri funqciebisTvis Sesazl ebel ia warmovadginot agreTve aramarkoviseul i saxiT. Tu Sevasrul ebT (2.28) da (2.29) gantol ebebiSi t sididis cvl il ebas: $t \rightarrow -t$, visargebl ebT operatorul i tol obiT: $A_s(t) = e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} Hx} A_s(t-x) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} Hx}$; ($x \in [0, t]$), da $SP_{\Sigma}(\dots)$ operaciis qves operatorTa cikl iuri gadanacvl ebi Sesazl ebl obiT, maSin miviRebT Semdeg zust, ganzogadoebul kvantur kinetikur gantol ebebs $\langle B_s A_s(t) \rangle$ da $\langle A_s(t) B_s \rangle$ korel aciuri funqciebisTvis [110]:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle B_s A_s(t) \rangle &= -\frac{i}{\hbar} \langle [H_s B_s] A_s(t) \rangle - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\
&\times e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \langle C_k(s) \cdot [C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{x}), B_s(-\mathbf{x})]_+ A_s(t-\mathbf{x}) \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \times \\
&\times \langle C_k^+(s) [C_k(s, -\mathbf{x}), B_s(-\mathbf{x})]_- A_s(t-\mathbf{x}) \rangle + \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\
&\times e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \cdot \langle [C_k(s, -\mathbf{x}), B_s(-\mathbf{x})]_- C_k^+(s) A_s(t-\mathbf{x}) \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \times \\
&\times \langle [C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{x}), B_s(-\mathbf{x})]_+ \cdot C_k(s) A_s(t-\mathbf{x}) \rangle] + \frac{i}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^{\hbar b} d\mathbf{q} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\
&\times e^{-\mathbf{q}\mathbf{w}(k)} e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)t} \langle C_k(s, t-i\mathbf{q}) \cdot [C_k^+(s), B_s]_- A_s(t) \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{\mathbf{q}\mathbf{w}(k)} \times \\
&\times e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)t} \langle C_k^+(s, t-i\mathbf{q}) \cdot [C_k(s), B_s]_+ \cdot A_s(t) \rangle];
\end{aligned} \tag{2.30}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle A_s(t) B_s \rangle &= -\frac{i}{\hbar} \langle A_s(t) \cdot [H_s B_s]_- \rangle - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\
&\times e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \langle A_s(t-\mathbf{x}) \cdot C_k(s) [C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{x}), B_s(-\mathbf{x})]_- \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \times \\
&\times \langle A_s(t-\mathbf{x}) \cdot C_k^+(s) [C_k(s, -\mathbf{x}), B_s(-\mathbf{x})]_- \rangle + \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\
&\times e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \cdot \langle A_s(t-\mathbf{x}) [C_k(s, -\mathbf{x}), B_s(-\mathbf{x})]_- C_k^+(s) \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \times \\
&\times \langle A_s(t-\mathbf{x}) [C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{x}), B_s(-\mathbf{x})]_- \cdot C_k(s) \rangle] + \frac{i}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^{\hbar\mathbf{b}} d\mathbf{q} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\
&\times e^{-\mathbf{q}\mathbf{w}(k)} e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)t} \langle A_s(t) [C_k(s), B_s]_- \cdot C_k^+(s, t + i\mathbf{q}) \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{\mathbf{q}\mathbf{w}(k)} \times \\
&\times e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)t} \langle A_s(t) \cdot [C_k^+(s), B_s]_- \cdot C_k(s, t + i\mathbf{q}) \rangle];
\end{aligned} \tag{2.31}$$

(2.28) da (2.29) gantol ebebisagan gansxvavebiT, (2.30) da (2.31) evol uciuri (kinetikuri) gantol ebebi arian araCaketil i da aramarkoviseul i formis. (2.3) gamosaxul ebebi da (2.28)-(2.29) evol uciuri gantol ebebi gansazRvraven gantol ebebs grinis funqciebiSTvis. ase magal iTad, gantol ebas dagvianebul i grinis funqciisTvis: $G^r(t) = \mathbf{q}(t) \langle [A_s(t), B_s]_{\hbar} \rangle$ aqvs Semdegi saxe:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} G^r(t) = \mathbf{d}(t) \langle [A_s, B_s]_{\hbar} \rangle + \mathbf{q}(t) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle [A_s(t), B_s]_{\hbar} \rangle. \tag{2.32}$$

amdagvarad SesaZI ebel ia ganisazRvros agreTve evol uciuri gantol ebebi sxva danarCeni grinis funqciebiSTvis (winmswrebisa da mizezobriviSTvis). (2.30)–(2.31) formul ebiS daxmarebiT evol uciuri (kinetikuri) gantol eba $G^r(t)$ – grinis dagvianebul i funqciisTvis SesaZI ebel ia warmovadginoT Semdegi saxiT [110-111]:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial t} G^r(t) &= \mathbf{d}(t) \langle [A_s, B_s]_h \rangle - \frac{i}{\hbar} \mathbf{q}(t) \langle [A_s(t), [B_s, H_s]_-]_h \rangle + \\
&+ \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} d\mathbf{x} \mathbf{q}(\mathbf{x}) \mathbf{q}(t-\mathbf{x}) \left\{ (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{-i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} \langle [A_s(t-\mathbf{x}) C_k(s) \times \right. \\
&\times [B_s(-\mathbf{x}) C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{x})]_-]_h \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} \langle [A_s(t-\mathbf{x}) C_k^+(s) \times \\
&\times [B_s(-\mathbf{x}), C_k(s, -\mathbf{x})]_-]_h \rangle \left. \right\} - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} d\mathbf{x} \mathbf{q}(\mathbf{x}) \mathbf{q}(t-\mathbf{x}) \left\{ (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \right. \\
&\times e^{i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} \langle [A_s(t-\mathbf{x}) [B_s(-\mathbf{x}), C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{x})]_- C_k^+(s)]_h \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) \times \\
&\times e^{-i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}\mathbf{x}} \langle [A_s(t-\mathbf{x}) [B_s(-\mathbf{x}), C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{x})]_- C_k(s)]_h \rangle - \frac{i}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^{\hbar\mathbf{b}} d\mathbf{q} \times \\
&\times \left\{ (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{-\mathbf{q}\mathbf{w}^{(k)}} \mathbf{q}(t) \left\{ e^{i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}t} \langle A_s(t) [B_s, C_k(s)]_- C_k^+(s, t+i\mathbf{q}) \right\rangle - \right. \\
&- \mathbf{h} e^{-i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}t} \langle C_k(s, t-\mathbf{q}) [B_s, C_k^+(s)]_- A_s(t) \rangle \left. \right\} + N_k(\mathbf{b}) \cdot e^{\mathbf{q}\mathbf{w}^{(k)}} \mathbf{q}(t) \times \\
&\times \left\{ e^{-i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}t} \langle A_s(t) [B_s, C_k^+(s)]_- C_k(s, t+i\mathbf{q}) \rangle - \mathbf{h} e^{i\mathbf{w}^{(k)}t} \langle C_k^+(s, t-i\mathbf{q}) \times \right. \\
&\times [B_s, C_k(s)]_- A_s(t) \rangle \left. \right\} \left. \right\}.
\end{aligned} \tag{2.33}$$

miRebul i (2.28–2.31) da (2.33) kvanturi evol uciuri (kinetikuri) gantol ebebi warmoadgenen zust, ganzogadoebul gantol ebebs drois or momentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisa da grinis funqciisTvis [25,34,64]. gansxvavebiT kinetikuri gantol ebebisagan, roml ebic miRebul ia [5-6,75-77] SromebSi, gamoyvanil i evol uciuri gantol ebebis daj axebiTi integral ebi Seicaven rogorc maRal i rigis korel aciur da grinis funqciebs, aramed aseve sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciis amsaxvel wevrebs (ukanasknel i wevrebi (2.28–2.31 da 2.33) gantol ebebis marj vena mxareSi). SevnisnavT agreTve, rom (2.28–2.31) gantol ebebis marj vena mxareebis pirvel i wevrebi arweren korel aciuri funqciebis Tavisufal (aradaj axebiT) di nami kas.

2.3. markovi seul i mi axl oeba qvesistemis dinami kisTvis.

mi axl oebiTi gantol ebebi korel aciuri funqciebisTvis

davuSvaT, rom (2.2) urTierTqmedebis hamil toniani s qvesistema da S bozonur Termostats Soris Seicavs mcire parametrs ($C_k(s)$ da $C_k^+(s)$) urTierTqmedebis operatorebi Seicaven mcire parametrs). aseT SemTxvevaSi,

s qvesistema da S bozonur vel s Soris susti urTierTqmedebis gamo, adgil i eqneba droTa ierarqias:

$$\mathbf{t}_{ree} \gg t_0 = \max(t_s, t_\Sigma), \quad (2.34)$$

sadac: \mathbf{t}_{ree} - warmoadgens s qvesistemis rel aqsaciis maxasiaTebel dros, xol o $t_s \cdot \hbar \mathbf{b}$ aris s qvesistemis daj axebiTi (gabnevis) dro; $t_\Sigma \cdot \frac{1}{\tilde{\mathbf{w}}}$ aris korel aciebis fl uqtuaciebis mil evis dro TermostatSi ($\tilde{\mathbf{w}}$ - bozonebis rxevebis maxasiaTebel i sixSirea). (2.34) utol oba saSual ebas iZl eva Semovifargl oT SeSfoTebis Teoriis meore miaxl oebiT (H_{int} - urTierTqmedebis hamil tonianis mixedviT) (2.28–2.31) evol uciur gantol ebebSi korel aciuri funqciebisTvis. ase magal iTad, Tu Sevasrul ebT (2.28) evol uciur gantol ebaSi Semdegi saxis miaxl oebes:

$$\begin{aligned} C_k(s, -\mathbf{x}) &\Rightarrow C_{kH_0}(s, -\mathbf{x}); & C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{x}) &\Rightarrow C_{kH_0}^+(s, -\mathbf{x}); \\ C_k(s, -t - i\mathbf{q}) &\Rightarrow C_{kH_0}(s, -t - i\mathbf{q}); & C_k^+(s, -t - i\mathbf{q}) &\Rightarrow C_{kH_0}^+(s, -t - i\mathbf{q}). \end{aligned} \quad (2.35)$$

maSin mi viRebT, drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciisTvis: $\langle B_s A_s(-t) \rangle$ – ganzogadoebul, markoviseul kvantur kinetikur gantol ebas SeSfoTebis Teoriis meore miaxl oebaSi [110-111]:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle B_s A_s(-t) \rangle &= \frac{i}{\hbar} \langle [H_s B_s]_- \cdot A_s(-t) \rangle - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\ &\times e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \langle C_{kH_0}(s, -\mathbf{x}) \cdot [C_k^+(s), B_s]_- A_s(-t) \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \times \\ &\times \langle C_{kH_0}^+(s_1 - \mathbf{x}) \cdot [C_k(s), B_s]_- A_s(-t) \rangle] + \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\ &\times e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \cdot \langle [C_k(s), B_s]_- C_{kH_0}^+(s, -\mathbf{x}) A_s(-t) \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \times \\ &\times \langle [C_k^+(s), B_s]_- \cdot C_{kH_0}(s, -\mathbf{x}) A_s(-t) \rangle] - \frac{i}{\hbar^2} \sum_k \int_0^{\hbar \mathbf{b}} d\mathbf{q} [(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\ &\times e^{-\mathbf{q}\mathbf{w}(k)} e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)t} \langle C_{kH_0}(s, -t - i\mathbf{q}) [C_k^+(s), B_s]_- \cdot A_s(-t) \rangle + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{\mathbf{q}\mathbf{w}(k)} \times \\ &\times e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)t} \langle C_{kH_0}^+(s, -t - i\mathbf{q}) \cdot [C_k(s), B_s]_- \cdot A_s(-t) \rangle]. \end{aligned} \quad (2.36)$$

anal ogiurad miReba evol uciuri gantol ebebi sxva korel aciuri funqciebisa da grinis funqciisTvis (ix. (2.29), (2.30–2.31) da (2.33) formul ebi).

rogorc cnobil ia, xel sayrel da efektur meTods sustadarawonasworul i mdgomareobebisa, rel aqsaciuri procesebisa da kinetikuri movlenebis Seswavl isa – roml ebic mimdinareoben mcire dinamiur qvesistemaSi,

romel ic urTierTqmedebs TermostatTan da gareSe vel Tan, - warmoadgens korel aciuri funqciebisa da grinis funqciis meTodi.

drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebi da grinis funqciebi warmoadgenen ZiriTad sididebs kubos wrfivi gamoZaxil is (reaqciis) TeoriaSi [4,34,64,72-73]. (2.28–2.29) gantol ebebi gansxvavdebian msgavsi gantol ebebisagan, roml ebic gamoyvanil i iyvnen SemTxveviTi fazebis miaxl oebaSi [5-6,68,75-77], ukanasknel i wevrebiT gantol ebebis marj vena mxareebSi, roml ebic aRwren sawyisi korel aciebis evol ucias da gavlenas daj axebiT procesebze gabnevis (daj axebiT) integral ebSi (ix. agreTve (2.36) gantol eba). unda aRiniSnos agreTve is garemoeba, rom sawyisi korel aciebis evol ucia droSi moicema markoviseul i formiT ((2.28–2.29), (2.30–2.31)) kinetikur gantol ebebSi korel aciuri funqciebisTvis, da isini ar Seicaven maxsovrobis efeqtebs. Sfm-Si, rodesac $t=0$ drois sawyis momentSi mTel i $(s+\Sigma)$ sistemis wonasworul i statistikuri operatori (gibsis kanonikuri ganawil eba) aiReba faqtorizebul i saxiT:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{r}_{eq}(\mathbf{b}) = Z^{-1}(\mathbf{b}) \cdot e^{-bH} &\Rightarrow \mathbf{r}_s(\mathbf{b}) \mathbf{r}_\Sigma(\mathbf{b}): \mathbf{r}_s(\mathbf{b}) = Z_s^{-1}(\mathbf{b}) \cdot e^{-bH_s} \\ \mathbf{r}_\Sigma(\mathbf{b}) &= Z_\Sigma^{-1}(\mathbf{b}) \cdot e^{-bH_\Sigma}. \end{aligned} \quad (2.37)$$

sadac: $Z_s(\mathbf{b}) = SP_s[e^{-bH_s}]$ da $Z_\Sigma(\mathbf{b}) = SP_\Sigma[e^{-bH_\Sigma}]$ – warmoadgenen statj amebs s -qvesistemisa da Σ bozonuri vel isa, Sesabamisad; (anu ugul vebel vyofT H_{int} urTierTqmedebis hamil tonians e^{-bH} gibsis faqtorSi da $Z(\mathbf{b})$ statj amSi, magram vinarCunebT $e^{\pm \frac{i}{\hbar} Ht}$ - operatorebSi, ris gamoc $W(\mathbf{b},0) = W^+(\mathbf{b},0) = 1$ (ix. (2.9); (2.11) formul ebi)); – sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciis wevrebi (2.28)–(2.29) da (2.30)–(2.31); (2.36) gantol ebebSi xdeba nul is tol i da, rogorc Sedegi am miaxl oebaSi vRebul obT ganzogadoebul kvantur-kinetikur gantol ebebs korel aciuri funqciebisTvis, roml ebic miRebul i iyo [6,68,75-77] SromebSi.

sawyisi korel aciebis Sesustebis principis (postul atis) Tanaxmad “xel ovnurad” Seqmnil i sawyisi korel aciebi, roml ebic ganpirobepul ia $t=0$ drois sawyisi momentisTvis s -qvesistemis urTierTqmedebiT S TermostatTan, unda miilion drois mixedviT, rodesac $t \rightarrow \infty$, Tu isini ar miekuTvnebian Senaxvad sididebs, da unda moxdes daj axebiTi (namdvil i) korel aciebis aRdgena, roml ebic aRiwerebian maRal i rigis korel aciuri funqciebiTa da

grinis funqciebiT (2.28), (2.29), (2.30), (2.31), (2.36) – gantol ebebis daj axebiT integral ebSi.

amrigad, $r_{eq}(\mathbf{b}) = Z^{-1}(\mathbf{b}) \cdot e^{-bH}$ - sawyisi wonasworul i ganawil ebis "detal ebi" TiTqos ar unda iyos arsebiTi [4]; magram, miuxedavad amisa cxadia, rom principSi sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciis wevrebis arseboba ganzogadoebul kvantur kinetikur gantol ebebSi korel aciuri funqciebisa da grinis funqciebisTvis gavl enas axdenen evol uciur procesze, romel ic mimdinareobs s qvesistemaSi. s qvesistemis da S Termostatis (bozonuri vel is) susti urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSic, sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciuri wevrebi korel aciuri funqciebisTvis kinetikur gantol ebebSi ar miil evian nul isaken didi droebis asimptotur areSi, rodesac ($t \sim t_{rel} \gg t_0; t \rightarrow \infty$) da iZl evian Taviant wvl il s gadatanis kinetikur (meqanikur) koeficientebSi (Zvradoba, el eqtrogamtaroba) s qvesistemisTvis (ix. III Tavi). Kkinetikuri koeficientebis [34], gamoZaxil is funqciis (impedansi, admitansi) [72-73] da dinamiuri amTvisibl obis [4] gamoTvl isas; garda amisa, rel aqsaciuri procesebis Seswavl isas, roml ebic mimdinareoben Ria model ur sistemebSi, da myari sxedul ebis fizikis kvanturi disipaciuri sistemebis ganxil visas, ganzogadoebul kvantur kinetikur gantol ebebSi sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciuri wevrebis gaTval iswinebas aqvs principul i mniSvnel oba da maTi ugul vebel yofa ar SeiZl eba. miuxedavad amisa unda aRiniSnos, rom kinetikuri movl enebis Seswavl isas am sistemebSi "namdvil i" (daj axebiTi) korel aciebi TamaSoben dominirebul rol s sawyis korel aciebTan SedarebiT [4].

axl a ganvixil oT gansxvavebul i midgoma igive amocanisadmi, romel ic eyrdnoba liuvil is superoperatorul formal izmsa da proeqciul i operatoris meTods [114-122].

**2.4. ganzogadoebul i kvanturi evol uciuri gantol ebebi korel aciuri
funqciebis Tvis Sfm-is gamoyenebis gareSe.**

proeqciul i operatoris meTodi

ganvixil oT drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqcia $\langle A_s(t)B_s \rangle$ da warmovadginoT is Semdegi saxiT:

$$\langle A_s(t)B_s \rangle = Z^{-1}(\mathbf{b})SP_{\Sigma} [B_s e^{-bH} e^{iLt} A_s] \quad (2.38)$$

(2.38) formul aSi Cven SemoviReT I iuvil is superoperatoris (L) cneba, romelic moqmedebs nebis mier D-operatorze Semdegi wesiT:

$$LD = \frac{1}{\hbar} [H, D] : e^{\pm iLt} D = e^{\pm \frac{i}{\hbar} Ht} D e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} Ht}, \text{ anu } e^{\pm iLt} D = D(\pm t) \text{ da } D = D(t)|_{t=0}.$$

I iuvil is srul i L superoperatori Caiwereba Semdegi saxiT:

$$L = L_s + L_z + L_r, \text{ sadac } L_s \dots = \frac{1}{\hbar} [H_s, \dots], \quad L_z \dots = \frac{1}{\hbar} [H_z, \dots] \text{ da } L_r \dots = \frac{1}{\hbar} [H_{int}, \dots]; \quad (2.1)-(2.2)$$

hamiltonianis TIToeul i wevris Sesabamisad. (2.38) formul idan gamomdinare cxadia, rom korel aciuri funqciebis dinamika xel sayrel ia ganvixil oT Semdegi superoperatorების daxmarebit, romlebic moqmedeben D D-operatorze Semdegi wesiT:

$$\begin{aligned} R(t)D &= Z^{-1}(\mathbf{b})SP_{\Sigma} [e^{-bH} e^{iLt} PD] \\ I(t)D &= Z^{-1}(\mathbf{b})SP_{\Sigma} [e^{-bH} e^{iLt} QD], \end{aligned} \quad (2.39)$$

sadac: P warmoadgens Termostatis (bozonuri vel is) mdgomareobebis mixedvit gasasual ebis proeqciul operators:

$$\begin{aligned} P^2 &= P; \quad P = P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}); \quad PD = SP_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{r}_{\Sigma} D) = \langle D \rangle_{\Sigma}; \quad \mathbf{r}_{\Sigma} = Z_{\Sigma}^{-1}(\mathbf{b}) e^{-bH_{\Sigma}} \\ Z_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) &= SP_{\Sigma}(e^{-bH_{\Sigma}}); \quad Q = Q_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) = 1 - P. \end{aligned} \quad (2.40)$$

(2.38) gamosaxul eba $\langle A_s(t)B_s \rangle$ korel aciuri funqciisaTvis CavweroT Semdegi formiT:

$$\langle A_s(t)B_s \rangle = \langle A_s B_s(-t) \rangle = SP_s [B_s R(t) A_s]. \quad (2.41)$$

P da Q - proeqciul i operatorebis daxmarebit martivad miviRebT Semdeg zust moZraobis gantol ebebs R(t) da I(t) superoperatorებისათვის:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} R(t) &= iR(t)PLP + iI(t)QLP; \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial t} I(t) &= iI(t)QLQ + iR(t)PLQ. \end{aligned} \quad (2.42)$$

Tu CavatarebT (2.42) gantol ebis integrebas $I(t)$ superoperatorisaTvis, maSin Cven mi vi RebT Semdeg gamosaxul ebas:

$$I(t) = I(0)M_{\varrho}(t) + i \int_0^t dt R(t) PLQM_{\varrho}(t-t), \quad (2.43)$$

sadac:

$$I(0) = Z^{-1}(\mathbf{b}) SP_{\Sigma} e^{-bH} Q \quad (2.44)$$

aris $I(t)$ -superoperatoris sawyisi mni Svnel oba da $M_{\varrho}(t) = \exp[iQLQt]$ warmoadgens "masur" superoperators.

Tu CavsvamT $I(t)$ -superoperatoris (2.43) gamosaxul ebas (2.42) formul is pirvel gantol ebaSi, maSin Cven vipoviT zust, araerTgvarovan evol uciur gantol ebas $R(t)$ -superoperatorisaTvis:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} R(t) = iR(t)PLP + iI(0)M_{\varrho}(t)QLP - \int_0^t dt R(t) PLQM_{\varrho}(t-t)QLP. \quad (2.45)$$

mi Rebul i gantol eba gansazRvravs evol uciur gantol ebas (2.41) korel aciuri funqciisaTvis. marTI ac, Tu visargebl ebT (2.39) gansaz-Rvrebiba da $SP_{s,\Sigma}$ operaciis qveS operatorTa cikl iuri gadanacvl ebis SaZl ebl obiTa da (2.41)–(2.45) formul ebiT, maSin martivad vipoviT Semdeg evol uciur gantol ebas korel aciuri funqciisTvis [119]:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle A_s B_s(-t) \rangle = & i \langle [PLP A_s] B_s(-t) \rangle + i \langle [QM_{\varrho}(t)QLP A_s] B_s \rangle - \\ & - \int_0^t dt \langle [PLQM_{\varrho}(t-t)QLP A_s] B_s(-t) \rangle. \end{aligned} \quad (2.46)$$

(2.45) da (2.46) gantol ebebi warmoadgenen zust, aramarkoviseul evol uciur gantol ebebs $R(t)$ superoperatorisa da $\langle A_s B_s(-t) \rangle$ korel aciuri funqciisTvis. am gantol ebaTa araerTgvarovani wevrebiba (meore wevrebiba (2.45), (2.46) ganatol ebaTa marj vena nawil Si) aRwren sawyisi korel aciebis evol ucias drois mixedviT, roml ebic ganapirobebul ia s qvesistemis urTierTqmedebiT S TermostatTan (bozonur vel Tan) drois sawyis moment-Si: $t=0$. amis gamo, sawyisi amocanis (koSis amocana) amoxsnisas (2.45) gantol ebisaTvis (da korel aciuri funqciis povnisaTvis) saWiroa codna ara mar to superoperatorisa – $R(0)$, aramed agreTve $I(0)$ sididisa. Tu maxsovroba sawyisi korel aciebisa drois mixedviT miil eva, maSin evol uciis procesSi dominirebs daj axebaTa gavl ena. magram, miuxedavad amisa, principSi sawyisi

korel aciebis wevrebis arseboba evol uciur gantol ebebSi, romel ic ganapirobebul ia $I(0)$ -is arsebobiT, gavlenas moaxdens rel aqsaciur procesze, romel ic aRiwereba korel aciuri funqciit, qvesistemis susti urTierT-qmedebis SemTxvevaSiac TermostatTan. mogvianebiT Cven vaCvenebT, rom sawyis korel aciebs SeaqvT TavianTi wvl il i s qvesistemis (mag. el eqtronis) gadatanis kinetikur koeficientSi (el eqtrogamtaroba) [115-122].

bevrad ufro efeqturi da xel sayrel ia, Tu Cven ganvixil avT evol uciis zust da erTgvarovan gantol ebas, romel Siac sawyisi korel aciebi moicema araxadi saxiT. imisaTvis, rom vipovoT aseTi saxis gantol eba, visargebl oT cnobil i integral uri operatorul i igiveobiT:

$$e^{-bH} = e^{-bH_0} - \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} e^{-bH} e^{lH} H_{\text{int}} e^{-lH_0}, \quad (2.47)$$

sadac H_0 moicema (2.9) formul iT. am igiveobis gamoyenebiT, advil ia imis Cveneba, rom adgil i aqvs Semdeg gantol ebaTa sistemas $I(t)$ da $I(0)$ -superoperator ebisaTvis, roml ebic gamomdinareoben (2.43) da qvemot moyvanil i gantol ebidan:

$$I(0) = -R(t) \mathfrak{S}_Q(t, \mathbf{b}) - I(t) \mathfrak{S}_Q(t, \mathbf{b}) \quad (2.48)$$

da romel ic miiReba (2.47) gamosaxul ebisa da $I(t)$ -superoperatorisTvis (2.44) sawyisi pirobidan. (2.48) gantol ebaSi Cven SemoviReT integral uri superoperatori, romel ic ganisazRvrebSa Semdegi tol obiT:

$$\mathfrak{S}_Q(t, \mathbf{b}) = \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} e^{-lL} e^{lH} H_{\text{int}} e^{-lH} Q. \quad (2.49)$$

Tu amovxsnit (2.43) da (2.48) gantol ebebs $I(0)$ -is mimarT da CavsvamT (2.45) gantol ebaSi, maSin Cven mi viRebT saZiebel zust, erTgvarovan Caketil gantol ebas $R(t)$ -superoperatorisTvis:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} R(t) = & iR(t)PLP - iR(t)P\mathfrak{S}_Q(t, \mathbf{b})[1 + M_Q(t)\mathfrak{S}_Q(t, \mathbf{b})]^{-1} \times \\ & \times M_Q(t)QLP + \int_0^t dt R(t)PLQM_Q(t-t)\mathfrak{S}_Q(t, \mathbf{b})[1 + M_Q(t) \times \\ & \times \mathfrak{S}_Q(t, \mathbf{b})]^{-1} M_Q(t)QLP - \int_0^t dt R(t)PLQM_Q(t-t)QLP. \end{aligned} \quad (2.50)$$

unda aRvniSnoT, rom miRebul i gantol ebebi SesaZl ebel ia gavamar-tivoT, Tu visargebl ebT Semdegi Tanafar dobebiT:

$$L_2P = 0; PL_sQ = QL_sP = 0; PL_tP = 0. \quad (2.51)$$

dabol os, Tu gamoviyenebT (2.50)–(2.51) formul ebs, (2.46) gantol ebis nacvl ad miviRebT Semdeg zust kvantur evol uciur (kinetikur) gantol ebas korel aciuri funqciisTvis [119]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle A_s B_s(-t) \rangle &= i \langle [PL_s PA_s] B_s(-t) \rangle - i \langle \{P \mathfrak{S}_\varrho(t, \mathbf{b}) \times \\
 &\times [1 + M_\varrho(t) \mathfrak{S}_\varrho(t, \mathbf{b})]^{-1} M_\varrho Q L_i PA_s \} B_s(-t) \rangle + \int_0^t dt \times \\
 &\times \langle \{PL_i Q M_\varrho(t-t) \mathfrak{S}_\varrho(t, \mathbf{b}) [1 + M_\varrho(t) \mathfrak{S}_\varrho(t, \mathbf{b})]^{-1} \times \\
 &\times M_\varrho(t) Q L_i PA_s \} B_s(-t) \rangle - \int_0^t dt \langle [PL_i Q M_\varrho(t-t) Q \times \\
 &\times L_i PA_s] B_s(-t) \rangle.
 \end{aligned} \tag{2.52}$$

(2.50)–(2.52) evol uciur gantol ebebs gaaCniaT sakmarisad rTul i operatorul i struqtura sawyisi korel aciebis evol ucia droSi aRiwereba (2.49) integral uri superoperatoriT; igi Sedis evol uciur gantol ebebSi rogorc markoviseul i, ise aramarkoviseul i formiT (meore da mesame wevrebi (2.50) da (2.52) gantol ebebis marj vena nawil Si). Sfm-is dros, rodesac (2.38) korel aciuri funqciis gansazRvrebasi Cven viRebT e^{-bH_0} – operators, nacvl ad e^{bH} -gibsis statistikuri operatorisa, vRebul obT, rom $I(0)=0$, rogorc es naTI ad Cans (2.39) da (2.40) formul ebidan (vinaidan $PQ=0$). am garemoebas miyavarT im Sedegamde, rom integral uri superoperatori xdeba nul is toli ($\mathfrak{S}_\varrho(t, \mathbf{b}) \equiv 0$), rac Tavis mxriv iwvevs sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciis amsaxvel i wevrebis gaqrobas (isini xdebian nul is toli) (2.50) da (2.52) evol uciur gantol ebebSi. rogorc Sedegi da kerZo SemTxveva Cven vRebul obT evol uciur gantol ebas korel aciuri funqciisTvis, romel ic gamoyvani lia [75-77] Sromebsi.

evol uciuri gantol ebebi (2.3)-grinis funqciebisTvis gamomdinareoben (2.52)-gantol ebidan. ase magal iTad, grinis dagvianebul i funqciisTvis gveqneba gantol eba:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\partial}{\partial t} G^r(t) &= \mathbf{d}(t) \langle [A_s B_s]_h \rangle + \mathbf{q}(t) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle A_s B_s(-t) \rangle - \\
 &- \mathbf{h} \mathbf{q}(t) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle B_s A_s(t) \rangle.
 \end{aligned} \tag{2.53}$$

naTel ia, rom evol uciuri gantol eba $\langle A_s B_s(t) \rangle$ korel aciuri funqciisTvis miiReba (2.52) gantol ebidan, Tu gamoviyenebT Casmas $t \rightarrow -t$ [119, 121-122].

2.5. Termostatis bozonuri amplitudibus gamoricxva evoluciuri gantol ebidan korelaciuri funqciisaTvis. markoviseul i mixl oeba qvesistemis dinamikiSTvis

ganvixil oT axl a ufro detal urad (2.52) evoluciuri gantol eba korelaciuri funqciisTvis. advili misaxvedria, rom (2.52) gantol eba Seicavs Termostatis (bozonuri vel is) amplitudebs, roml ebic ar arian gamoricxuli am gantol ebidan. davuSvaT, rom hamiltoniani H_{int} (liuviliani L_i) Seicavs mcire parametrs (susti urTierTqmedebis SemTxveva qvesistema da Termostats Soris); maSin (2.52)-gantol ebidan principSi SesaZl ebel ia bozonuri amplitudibus gamoricxva. am amocanis gadasawyvetad gavSal oT mwkrivebad superoperatorobi, roml ebic figurireben (2.52)-gantol ebaSi $L_i(H_{int})$ liuvilianis (hamiltonianis) mixedvi T. gveqneba:

$$\begin{aligned} [1 + M_Q(t) \mathcal{S}_Q(t, \mathbf{b})]^{-1} &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k [M_Q(t) \mathcal{S}_Q(t, \mathbf{b})]^k \\ M_Q(t) &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} M_Q^{(k)}(t); \quad M_Q^{(0)}(t) = e^{iL_0 t} \\ M_Q^{(n)}(t) &= \int_0^t dt_1 \int_0^{t_1} dt_2 \dots \int_0^{t_{n-1}} dt_n e^{iL_0(t-t_1)} iQL_1 e^{iL_0(t_1-t_2)} iQL_2 \dots \times \\ &\quad \times e^{iL_0(t_{n-1}-t_n)} iQL_n e^{iL_0 t_n}; \quad (n=1, 2, \dots) \\ e^{-iLt} &= e^{-iL_0 t} \text{Texp} \left[-i \int_0^t L_i(\mathbf{x}) d\mathbf{x} \right] \\ e^{IH} &= e^{IH_0} \text{T}' \text{exp} \left[\int_0^I H_{int}(\mathbf{g}) d\mathbf{g} \right] \\ L_i(\mathbf{x}) &= e^{iL_0 \mathbf{x}} L_i e^{-iL_0 \mathbf{x}}; \quad H_{int}(\mathbf{g}) = e^{-\mathbf{g}H_0} H_{int} e^{\mathbf{g}H_0} \\ L_0 &= L_s + L_\Sigma, \end{aligned} \tag{2.54}$$

sadac T da T' simbol oebi aRniSnaven operatorTa mowesrigebas Sesabami sad \mathbf{x} da \mathbf{g} cvl adebis mixedvi T.

s qvesistemis S TermostatTan susti urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi (2.54) gaSl ebi formal urad SegviZl ia ganvixil oT rogorc SeSfoTebis Teoriis mwkrivebi da gamovTval oT wevrebi (2.50)–(2.52) gantol ebebis marjvena nawil ebSi mocemul i sizusti T. martivi saCvenebel ia, rom aseTi gaSl ebisas urTierTqmedebis mixedvi T im SemTxvevaSi, rodesac H_Σ da H_{int} aqvT (2.2) saxe, nul isgan gansxvavebul i iqnebian mxol od iseTi saSual o

sidideebi - $\langle \dots \rangle_{\Sigma}$, roml ebic Seicaven bozonebis dabadebisa da gaqrobis operatorebis erTnair raodenobas. amitom aseTi saxis saSual oebi tol i iqneba sidideebis, roml ebic proporciul i iqnebian bozonebis Sevsebis saSual o ricxvebis namravl ebis. amrigad, bozonuri (fononuri) operatorebi (amplitudebi) mTli anad gamoiricxeba (2.52) evol uciuri gantol ebidan wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciisaTvis.

davuSvaT, rom susti urTierTqmedebis gamo, romel sac adgil i aqvs s qvesistema da S Termostats Soris, gvaqvs droTa ierarqia mTel $(s+\Sigma)$ sistemaSi, romelic aRiwereba (2.34) utol obiT. (2.34) utol obis samarTli anoba gvrTavs nebas CavataroT markoviseul i miaxl oebeba (2.50)–(2.52) gantol ebebSi; Tu SemovisazRvreb iT SeSfoTebis Teoriis meore miaxl oebi T urTierTqmedebis $H_{\text{int}}(L_i)$ hamiltonianis (liuvilianis) mixedviT, visargebl ebT (2.54) gaSI ebiT da Sevasrul ebT Semdeg miaxl oebებს:

$$\begin{aligned} [1+M_Q(t)\mathfrak{S}_Q(t,\mathbf{b})]^{-1} &\Rightarrow 1 \\ M_Q(t) &\Rightarrow M_Q^{(0)}(t) = e^{iL_0 t} \\ \mathfrak{S}_Q(t,\mathbf{b}) &\Rightarrow \mathfrak{S}_Q^0(t,\mathbf{b}) = \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} e^{-iL_0 t} e^{iH_0} H_{\text{int}} e^{-iH_0} Q \\ B_s(-t) &\Rightarrow e^{iL_0(t-t)} B_s(-t). \end{aligned} \quad (2.55)$$

maSin (2.52) evol uciuri gantol eba martivdeba da igi iRebs saxes markoviseul i, ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri (evol uciuri) gantol ebisa wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciisTvis $\langle A_s B_s(-t) \rangle$ [119]:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle A_s B_s(-t) \rangle &= i \langle [L_s A_s] B_s(-t) \rangle - i \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \langle [P e^{-iL_0 t} e^{iH_0} \times \\ &\times H_{\text{int}} e^{-iH_0} e^{iL_0 t} L_t A_s] B_s(-t) \rangle - \int_0^t dt \langle [P L_t e^{iL_0(t-t)} L_t A_s] \times \\ &\times e^{iL_0(t-t)} B_s(-t) \rangle. \end{aligned} \quad (2.56)$$

miRebul i (2.56) gantol eba korel aciuri funqciisTvis j er kidev Seicavs gamouricxav bozonur amplitudebs. Tu visargebl ebT H_{Σ} da H_{int} hamiltonianebis - (2.2) cxadi saxiT da gamovricxavT bozonur operatorebs zemoT arweril i proceduris daxmarebiT, maSin (2.56) evol uciuri gantol eba korel aciuri funqciisTvis Caiwereba Semdegi sabol oo saxiT [119]:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle A_s B_s(-t) \rangle &= -\frac{i}{\hbar} \langle [A_s, H_s]_- B_s(-t) \rangle - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \sum_k \{ N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \times \\
&\times \langle [[A_s, C_k^+(s)]_- \cdot C_k(s, -\mathbf{x})]_{-w(k)} B_s(-t) \rangle + (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \times \\
&\times \langle [[A_s, C_k(s)]_- \cdot C_k^+(s, -\mathbf{x})]_{w(k)} B_s(-t) \rangle + \frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \sum_k \{ N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)(\mathbf{l} + i\hbar\mathbf{l})} \times \\
&\times \langle C_k^+(s, -t - i\hbar\mathbf{l}) \cdot [A_s, C_k(s)]_- B_s(-t) \rangle + (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)(\mathbf{l} + i\hbar\mathbf{l})} \times \\
&\times \langle C_k(s, -t - i\hbar\mathbf{l}) \cdot [A_s, C_k^+(s)]_- B_s(-t) \rangle \},
\end{aligned} \tag{2.57}$$

sadac: $N_k(\mathbf{b}) = [e^{b\hbar w(k)} - 1]^{-1}$ - wadmoadgens bozonebis (fononebis) Sevsebis saSual o ricxvs, da

$$\begin{aligned}
C_k(s_1 \pm Z) &= e^{\pm iL_s Z} C_k(s); \quad C_k^+(s_1 \pm Z) = e^{\pm iL_s Z} C_k^+(s) \\
\text{xol o } [E, D]_{\pm w(k)} &= ED - e^{\mp b\hbar w(k)} DE.
\end{aligned} \tag{2.58}$$

nebis mieri E da D operatorebis atvis.

(2.57) gantol ebis gamoyvanisas, Cven visargebl eT agreTve Semdegi Tanafardobebi T:

$$\begin{aligned}
e^{\pm iL_s t} b_k &= e^{\mp i\mathbf{w}(k)t} b_k; \quad e^{\pm iL_s t} b_k^+ = e^{\pm i\mathbf{w}(k)t} b_k^+ \\
P(b_k^+, b_{k'}) &= N_k(\mathbf{b}) d_{k,k'}; \quad P(b_k, b_{k'}) = (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) d_{k,k'}, \\
P(b_k, b_{k'}) &= P(b_k^+, b_{k'}) = 0.
\end{aligned} \tag{2.59}$$

Tu Sevasrul ebT $t \rightarrow -t$ Casmas (2.57) evol uciur gantol ebaSi, maSin martivad mi viRebT ganzogadoebul kvantur kinetiku gantol ebas $\langle A_s B_s(t) \rangle$ korel aciuri funqciisTvis:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle A_s B_s(t) \rangle &= \frac{i}{\hbar} \langle [A_s, H_s]_- B_s(t) \rangle - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \cdot \sum_k \{ N_k(\mathbf{b}) \times \\
&\times e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \langle [[A_s, C_k^+(s)]_- \cdot C_k(s, \mathbf{x})]_{-w(k)} B_s(t) \rangle + (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) \times \\
&\times e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)\mathbf{x}} \langle [[A_s, C_k(s)]_- \cdot C_k^+(s, \mathbf{x})]_{w(k)} B_s(t) \rangle \} - \frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \times \\
&\times \sum_k \{ N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)(\mathbf{l} - i\hbar\mathbf{l})} \langle C_k^+(s, t - i\hbar\mathbf{l}) \cdot [A_s, C_k(s)]_- B_s(t) \rangle + \\
&+ (1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)(\mathbf{l} - i\hbar\mathbf{l})} \langle C_k(s, t - i\hbar\mathbf{l}) \cdot [A_s, C_k^+(s)]_- B_s(t) \rangle \}.
\end{aligned} \tag{2.60}$$

(2.57)–(2.60) gantol ebebi gansxvavdeba Sfm-Si miRebul i gantol ebebi-sagan [75-77]. mesame wevrebis arsebobiT gantol ebaTa marjvena nawil Si, roml ebic arWeren sawyisi korel aciebis evol ucias [114, 119, 121-122].

dabol os, unda aRiniSnos erTi principul i sakiTxi, romel ic exeba sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciis wevrebis gaTval iswinebas ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebis daj axebiT integral ebSi, wonasworul i korel aciuri da grinis funqciebisTvis. Sfm – mTel i ($s + S$)-kvanturi dinamiuri sistemis statistikuri operatorisTvis – dafuznebul ia im daSvebaze da aRwers iseT situacias, rodesac drois sawyisi $t = 0$ momentisTvis adgil i ar aqvs korel aciebs s -kvanturi dinamiuri qvesistema da S -Termostatis mdgomareobebs Soris, da drois am momentisTvis xdeba “CarTva” urTierTqmedebisa, rogorc qvesistema da Termostats Soris, aseve qvesistema da gareSe vel ebs Soris. cxadia, rom aseT SemTxvevaSi mTl iani ($s + S$)-kvanturi dinamiuri sistemis sawyisi statistikuri ganawil eba (statistikuri operatori drois sawyis momentSi) aiReba faqtorizebul i saxiT (ix. (2.37) formul a). amitom, rogorc ukve iyo aRniSnul i, rogorc Sedegi vRebul obT ganzogadoebul kinetikur gantol ebebs korel aciuri da grinis funqciebisTvis, romel Ta daj axebiTi integral ebi ar Seicaven sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciis wevrebs [75-77].

yvel a im real ur model ebSi fizikuri sistemebisa (kvanturi disipaciuri sistemebi, Ria arawonasworul i model uri sistemebi da sxv.), roml ebsac ganxil avs statistikuri fizika (meqanika) da Termodinamika, fizikuri kinetika da a.S., qvesistemis urTierTqmedebis gamo TermostatTan, s dinamiuri qvesistema da S Termostatic erTad Seadgenen ganuyofel nawil ebs erTiani mTl iani dinamiuri sistema - ($s + S$) (qvesistema pl us Termostati). ufro metic, SeiZl eba iTqvas, rom qvesistema da Termostats Soris urTierTqmedebis gamo, eqsperimentebze faqtiurad SeuZl ebel ia maTi erTmaneTisagan gancal keveba. aseT situaciaSi, kinetikuri movl enebis srul da adekvatur aRwersa da gamokvl evas, roml ebic mimdinareoben mcire kvantur dinamiur qvesistemaSi, Seesabameba – mTel i ($s + S$) dinamiuri sistemis statistikuri operatoris sawyisi mniSvnel oba – ara Sfm-is tipis, aramed iseTi saxis sawyisi mniSvnel obebi mTel i sistemis statistikuri operatorisa, roml ebic iTval iswineben korel aciebs kvanturi dinamiuri qvesistema da Termostatis mdgomareobebs Soris drois sawyisi momentisaTvis ($t = 0$) (arafaqtorizebul i sawyisi statistikuri ganawil ebebi mTel i ($s + S$)-sistema) [19,21].

Cvens mier dasmul i amocanis Tanaxmad, mTel i $(s + S)$ dinamiuri sistema drois sawyisi $t = 0$ momentisaTvis imyofeba statistikuri wonasworobis mdgomareobaSi, romel ic aRiwereba gibsis kvanturi kanonikuri (an didi kanonikuri) ganawil ebiT mTel i $(s + S)$ sistemisTvis: $r_{eq}(\mathbf{b}) = Z^{-1}(\mathbf{b})e^{-bH}$, da drois amave $t = 0$ momentSi xdeba urTierTqmedebis "CarTva" mTel $(s + S)$ sistemasa da gareSe wyaroebis (vel ebs) Soris. amis gamo, kinetikuri procesebis mkacrad, zustad da koreqtul ad aRsawerad da Sesaswavl ad, roml ebic mimdinareoben mcire kvantur dinamiur qvesistemaSi, romel ic urTierTqmedebis TermostatTan (mag. bozonur (fononur) vel Tan), sawyisi korel aciebisa da sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciis wevrebis gaTval iswinebas - ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebis daj axebiT integral ebSi, wonasworul i korel aciuri da grinis funqciebisTvis s -qvesistemis dinamiuri sidi deebisaTvis- aqvs principul i mniSvnel oba, da maTi apriori ugul vebel yofa (ignoriereba) dauSvebel ia [19, 21, 110, 114-115, 119-122].

miRebul i ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis, sadisertacio naSromis III TavSi gamoyenebul i iqneba el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis gamosakvl evad myar sxedul ebSi - naxevargamtarebsa da ionur kristal ebSi [114-118, 120-122,125].

Tavi III. naxevargamtarebsa da ionuri kristal ebSi el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gamtarobisa da dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis kvanturi Teoria dafuZnebul i kubos wrfivi gamoZaxilis Teoriaze

rogorc ukve aRniSnul i iyo Sesaval sa da literaturis mimoxil vaSi, myar sxeul ebSi gadatanis wrfivi movl enebis Sesaswavl ad da denis matarebl ebis gadatanis kinetikuri (meqanikuri) koeficientebis gamo-saTvl el ad, SesaZl ebel ia gamoyenebul i iqnas ori gansxvavebul i midgoma: 1) dafuZnebul i kubos wrfivi gamoZaxilis (reakciis) Teoriaze, da 2) damyarebul i kinetikur gantol ebaze denis gadamtanebis ganawil ebis funqciisTvis, romel ic cnobil ia rogorc bol cmanis gantol eba.

rogorc ukve araerTxel iyo xazgasmul i, el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis Teoriis Seswavl a myar sxeul ebSi da maTi kinetikuri maxasiaTebel ebis gamoTvl a, warmoadgens erT-erT aqTual ur amocanas el eqtronisa da didi radiusis mqone pol aronis kinetikis Tanamedrove TeoriaSi [29-30,37-38]. gamoviyenoT axl a wina TavSi gamoyvanil i ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis movl enebis Sesaswavl ad naxevargamtarebsa da ionur kristal ebSi; kerZod – ganvixil oT konkretul i magal iTebi kvanturi dinamiuri qvesistemebis, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben fononur vel Tan: el eqtron-fononuri sistema (el eqtronis urTierTqmedeba (gabneva) pol arul optikur da akustikur fononebTan), pol aronis I atinj er-I us (fg) model i da maTze dayrdnobiT avagoT denis gadamtanebisTvis el eqtrogamtarobisa da Zvradobis wrfivi kvanturi Teoria da gamoTval oT kinetikuri maxasiaTebel ebi (korel aciuri funqciebis mil ebis devrementebi, rel aqsaciis droebi (sixSireebi) da sxv.) da gadatanis meqanikuri koeficientebi (kuTri el eqtrogamtaroba, dabal temperaturul i Zvradoba, da sxv.) kvanturi disipaciuri (qve) sistemebis am kerZo model ebisTvis. gani-xil eba midgoma, romel ic eyrdnoba kubos wrfivi reakciisa da SeSfoTebis Teorias.

3.1. el eqtron-fononuri sistema. el eqtronis dabal sixSi rul i el eqtrogamtarobisa da dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis gamoTvl a susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi

ganvixil oT SemTxveva nawil akis (el eqtronis) urTierTqmedebisa dakvantul fononur vel Tan (el eqtron-fononuri sistema), rodesac mTel i sistemis hamil toniani moicema (1.13) formul iT da el eqtronis energias gamtarobis zonidan aqvs Semdegi zogadi saxe: $H_s = T(\bar{P})$.

rogorc cnobil ia, kubos wrfivi reaquiis Teoriis Tanaxmad sistemaze moqmedi susti intensivobisa da ω -sixSiris mqone gareSe el eqtrul i vel is SemTxvevaSi, el eqtrogamtarobis tenzori SesaZl ebel ia gamovsaxoT "deni-denze" korel aciuri funqciis saSual ebiT. kubos formul is Tanaxmad el eqtrogamtarobis tenzori Caiwereba Semdegi saxiT [4,25,64,72,83]:

$$s_{mn}(\omega) = -\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} d\Omega \frac{\left(\frac{\hbar}{2} \mathbf{b} \hbar \Omega \right) I\{\mathbf{m}, \mathbf{n}\}(\Omega)}{\Omega} \frac{1}{\Omega - \omega - i\epsilon} \quad (3.1)$$

$\epsilon > 0; \epsilon \rightarrow 0^+ \quad (\mathbf{m}, \mathbf{n} = x, y, z),$

sadac: $I\{\mathbf{m}, \mathbf{n}\}(\Omega) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} dt e^{i\Omega t} [\langle j_n(0) J_m(t) \rangle + \langle j_m(t) J_n(0) \rangle].$

(3.1) formul is Tanaxmad el eqtrogamtarobis tenzoris disipaciuri nawil iTvis gveqneba:

$$\text{Re } s_{mn}^s(\omega) \equiv \frac{2\hbar \left(\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{b} \hbar \omega \right)}{\hbar \omega} \int_0^{\infty} dt \cos(\omega t) \Psi_{mn}^s(t), \quad (3.2)$$

sadac: $s_{mn}^s(\omega)$ da $\Psi_{mn}^s(t)$ warmoadgenen gamtarobis $s_{mn}(\omega)$ tenzoris da $\Psi_{mn}(t)$ korel aciuri funqciis simetriul nawil ebs:

$$s_{mn}^s(\omega) = \frac{1}{2} [s_{mn}(\omega) + s_{nm}(\omega)];$$

$$\Psi_{mn}^s(t) = \frac{1}{2} [\Psi_{mn}(t) + \Psi_{nm}(t)] = \frac{1}{2} [\Psi_{mn}(t) + \Psi_{nm}(-t)]; \quad (3.3)$$

$$\Psi_{mn}(t) = \frac{1}{2} [\langle j_n(0) j_m(t) \rangle + \langle j_m(t) j_n(0) \rangle] = \frac{1}{2} [\langle j_n(0) j_m(t) \rangle + \langle j_m(0) j_n(-t) \rangle]$$

da $j_m(t) = e^{iL t} j_m(0)$ aris \vec{j} -el eqtrul i denis operatoris \mathbf{m} komponenti hai zenbergis warmodgenaSi. amrigad, el eqtrogamtarobis gamosaTvl el ad

saWi roa vipovoT: $\Psi_{\mathbf{m}}(t) = \frac{e^2}{2} [\langle V_{\mathbf{n}}(0)V_{\mathbf{m}}(t) \rangle + \langle V_{\mathbf{m}}(0)V_{\mathbf{n}}(-t) \rangle]$ korel aciuri funqciis mniSvnel oba. \vec{V} warmoadgens el eqtronis siCqaris operators gamtarobis zonaSi. imisaTvis, rom vipovoT $\Psi_{\mathbf{m}}(t)$ korel aciuri funqciis sidide, gamoviyenoT naSromis II-TavSi miRebul i (2.57) da (2.60) miaxl oebiTi evol uciuri gantol ebebi wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebistvis el eqtronfononuri sistemistvis, da visargebl oT mTel i sistemis hamiltonianis (1.13) gamosaxul ebiT. miaxl oebiT evol uciur (kinetikur) gantol ebas el eqtronis drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciistvis "siCqare-siCqare" eqneba Semdegi saxe ($H_s = T(\bar{\mathbf{P}})$; $A_s = V_{\mathbf{n}}$; $B_s = V_{\mathbf{m}}$). [120-122]:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle V_{\mathbf{n}}(0)V_{\mathbf{m}}(t) \rangle &= \frac{i}{\hbar} \langle [V_{\mathbf{n}}, T(\bar{\mathbf{P}})]_- V_{\mathbf{m}}(t) \rangle - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \sum_k |V_{\vec{k}}|^2 \left\{ \left[e^{-i\mathbf{w}(\vec{k})\mathbf{x}} N_k(\mathbf{b}) + \right. \right. \\ &+ e^{i\mathbf{w}(\vec{k})\mathbf{x}} (1+N_k(\mathbf{b})) \left. \right] \langle [V_{\mathbf{n}}, e^{i\vec{k}\vec{r}}]_- e^{-i\vec{k}\vec{r}(\mathbf{x})} V_{\mathbf{m}}(t) \rangle - \left[e^{i\mathbf{w}(\vec{k})\mathbf{x}} N_k(\mathbf{b}) + e^{-i\mathbf{w}(\vec{k})\mathbf{x}} \times \right. \\ &\times (1+N_k(\mathbf{b})) \left. \right] \langle e^{-i\vec{k}\vec{r}(\mathbf{x})} [V_{\mathbf{n}}, e^{i\vec{k}\vec{r}}]_- V_{\mathbf{m}}(t) \rangle \left. \right\} - \frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \sum_k |V_{\vec{k}}|^2 \left[e^{i\mathbf{w}(\vec{k})\mathbf{x} - i\mathbf{h}\mathbf{l}} N_k(\mathbf{b}) + \right. \\ &\left. + e^{-i\mathbf{w}(\vec{k})\mathbf{x} - i\mathbf{h}\mathbf{l}} (1+N_k(\mathbf{b})) \right] \langle e^{-i\vec{k}\vec{r}(\mathbf{x}-i\mathbf{h}\mathbf{l})} [V_{\mathbf{n}}, e^{i\vec{k}\vec{r}}]_- V_{\mathbf{m}}(t) \rangle, \end{aligned} \quad (3.4)$$

sadac: $V_{\mathbf{m}}(t) = e^{iL_t} V_{\mathbf{m}}(0)$, $\vec{r}(\mathbf{x}) = e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} T(\bar{\mathbf{P}})\mathbf{x}} \vec{r} e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} T(\bar{\mathbf{P}})\mathbf{x}} \equiv e^{iL_{\mathbf{x}}\vec{r}}$ da $\vec{r}(\mathbf{x})$ aris el eqtronis Tavisufal i moZraobis "traeqtoria". anal ogiurad Caiwereba kinetikuri gantol eba $\langle V_{\mathbf{m}}(0)V_{\mathbf{n}}(-t) \rangle$ korel aciuri funqciistvis. (3.4) gantol ebis gamoyvanisas Cven visargebl ebT agreTve Semdegi TanafardobebiT: $\mathbf{w}(-\vec{k}) = \mathbf{w}(\vec{k})$; $V_{-\vec{k}} = V_{\vec{k}}$.

Cven Semovifargl ebiT mxol od erTi zonis miaxl oebiT el eqtronistvis, rodesac el eqtronis siCqaris operatori diagonal uria impul sur (kvaziimpul sis) warmodgenaSi da amitom adgil i aqvs Semdegtol obebs:

$$V_{\mathbf{m}}(\bar{\mathbf{P}}) = \frac{\partial}{\partial \mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{m}}} T(\bar{\mathbf{P}}); [V_{\mathbf{m}}(\bar{\mathbf{P}}), T(\bar{\mathbf{P}})]_- = 0, (\mathbf{m} = x, y, z).$$

Cven viyenebT agreTve aRniSvnaS $V_{\mathbf{m}}(\bar{\mathbf{P}})$ el eqtronis siCqaris operatoris matricul i el ementistvis $\langle \bar{\mathbf{P}} | V_{\mathbf{m}} | \bar{\mathbf{P}} \rangle$, romelic gamoiTvl eba el eqtronis kvaziimpul sis operatoris sakuTari funqciebis $|\bar{\mathbf{P}}\rangle$ meSveobiT.

Tu SemoviRebT Semdeg rel evantur (damxmare) operators (SedarbisTvis ix. (2.39)) $G_m(t, \mathbf{b})$; sawyisi mniSvnel obiT, rodesac $t=0$; $G_m(\mathbf{b}) = G_m(t, \mathbf{b})|_{t=0}$ da ganvsazRvravT tol obebiT:

$$G_m(t, \mathbf{b}) = Z^{-1}(\mathbf{b})SP_\Sigma[V_m(t)e^{-bH}]; G_m(\mathbf{b}) = V_m \frac{Z^s(\mathbf{b})}{SP_s[Z^s(\mathbf{b})]}, \quad (3.5)$$

sadac: $Z^s(\mathbf{b}) = SP_\Sigma[e^{-bH}]$ - dayvani i (reducirebul i) statj amia el eqtronfononuri sistemisTvis; maSin SemoRebul i (3.5) operatoris daxmarebiT SesaZl ebel ia $\langle V_n(0)V_m(\pm t) \rangle$ - korel aciuri funqciebi da maTi Sesabamisi kinetikuri gantol ebebi gamovsaxoT Semdegi formiT:

$$\begin{aligned} \langle V_n(0)V_m(\pm t) \rangle &= SP_s[V_n(0)G_m(\pm t, \mathbf{b})] \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle V_n(0)V_m(\pm t) \rangle &\equiv SP_s \left[V_n(0) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} G_m(\pm t, \mathbf{b}) \right] = \pm SP_s [V_n(0)\Gamma_n(\pm t, \mathbf{b})G_m(\pm t, \mathbf{b})], \end{aligned} \quad (3.6)$$

sadac: operatori $\Gamma_n(t, \mathbf{b})$ uSual od ganisazRvrebA (3.4) gantol ebidan da aqvs Semdegi saxe:

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_n(t, \mathbf{b}) &= -\frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \sum_{\bar{k}} |V_{\bar{k}}|^2 \left\{ \left[e^{-i\mathbf{w}(\bar{k})\mathbf{x}} N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b}) + e^{i\mathbf{w}(\bar{k})\mathbf{x}} (1 + N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b})) \right] V_n^{-1} \times \right. \\ &\times \left[V_n, e^{i\bar{k}\bar{r}} \right]_- e^{-i\bar{k}\bar{r}(\mathbf{x})} - \left[e^{i\mathbf{w}(\bar{k})\mathbf{x}} N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b}) + e^{-i\mathbf{w}(\bar{k})\mathbf{x}} (1 + N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b})) \right] V_n^{-1} e^{-i\bar{k}\bar{r}(\mathbf{x})} \times \\ &\times \left. \left[V_n, e^{i\bar{k}\bar{r}} \right]_- \right\} - \frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \sum_{\bar{k}} |V_{\bar{k}}|^2 \left[e^{i\mathbf{w}(\bar{k})\mathbf{x}} N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b}) + e^{-i\mathbf{w}(\bar{k})\mathbf{x}} (1 + N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b})) \right] \times \\ &\times V_n^{-1} e^{-i\bar{k}\bar{r}(t-i\hbar\mathbf{l})} \left[V_n, e^{i\bar{k}\bar{r}} \right]_-, \end{aligned} \quad (3.7)$$

sadac: $V_n^{-1} \cdot V_n = V_n \cdot V_n^{-1} = 1$.

(3.6) kinetikur gantol ebebi kval i el eqtronis (qvesistemis) mdgomareobebis mixedviT gamovTval oT el eqtronis kvaziimpul sis operatoris $|\bar{P}\rangle$ sakuTari funqciebis saSual ebiT. amis gaTval iswinebiT (4.6) Tanafardobebi SesaZl ebel ia Cavwer oT Semdegi saxiT:

$$\begin{aligned} \langle V_n(0)V_m(\pm t) \rangle &= \int d\bar{P} V_n(\bar{P}) G_m(\pm t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P}) \\ \int d\bar{P} V_n(\bar{P}) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} G_m(\pm t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P}) &= \pm \int d\bar{P} V_n(\bar{P}) \Gamma_n(\pm t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P}) G_m(\pm t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P}). \end{aligned} \quad (3.8)$$

(3.8) gantol ebebi miRebisas Cven gaviTval iswineT, rom el eqtronis siCqaris operatori diagonal uria kvaziimpul sis warmodgenaSi da, vinai dan ganixil eba sivrcul ad erTgvarovani sistema, amitom mxol od diagonal uri

matricul i el ementebi - $\langle \bar{P} | \Gamma_n(t, \mathbf{b}) | \bar{P} \rangle \equiv \Gamma_n(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P})$; $\Gamma_n(t, \mathbf{b})$ - operatoris aris gansxvavebul i nul isagan. Tu visargebl ebT Semdegi Tanafardobebi T:

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \bar{P}_1 | e^{\pm i\bar{k}\bar{r}} | \bar{P}_2 \rangle &= \mathbf{d}(\bar{P}_2 \pm \hbar\bar{k} - \bar{P}_1); \\ e^{\pm i\bar{k}\bar{r}} f(\bar{P}) &= f(\bar{P} \mp \hbar\bar{k}) e^{\pm i\bar{k}\bar{r}}; \\ f(\bar{P}) e^{\pm i\bar{k}\bar{r}} &= e^{\pm i\bar{k}\bar{r}} f(\bar{P} \pm \hbar\bar{k}), \end{aligned}$$

sadac: $f(\bar{P})$ warmoadgens \bar{P} kvaziimpul sis (impul sis) nebismier funqcias da visargebl ebT (3.7) gantol ebiT, maSin $\Gamma_n(t, \mathbf{b})$ operatoris $\Gamma_n(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P})$ matricul i el ementisaTvis miviRebT Semdeg gantol ebas [120]:

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_n(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P}) &= \frac{2}{\hbar} \sum_{\bar{k}} |V_{\bar{k}}|^2 \frac{V_n(\bar{P} + \hbar\bar{k}) - V_n(\bar{P})}{V_n(\bar{P})} \left\{ N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b}) \frac{\sin\left[\frac{t}{\hbar} \Delta^-(\bar{k}, \bar{P})\right]}{\Delta^-(\bar{k}, \bar{P})} + \right. \\ &+ (1 + N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b})) \frac{\sin\left[\frac{t}{\hbar} \Delta^+(\bar{k}, \bar{P})\right]}{\Delta^+(\bar{k}, \bar{P})} + \frac{i}{2} \left[N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b}) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} t \Delta^-(\bar{k}, \bar{P})} \frac{e^{-b\Delta^-(\bar{k}, \bar{P})} - 1}{\Delta^-(\bar{k}, \bar{P})} + \right. \\ &\left. \left. + (1 + N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b})) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} t \Delta^+(\bar{k}, \bar{P})} \frac{e^{-b\Delta^+(\bar{k}, \bar{P})} - 1}{\Delta^+(\bar{k}, \bar{P})} \right] \right\}, \end{aligned} \quad (3.9)$$

sadac: $\Delta^\pm(\bar{k}, \bar{P}) = T(\bar{P} + \hbar\bar{k}) - T(\bar{P}) \pm \hbar\mathbf{w}(\bar{k})$.

ganvixil oT axl a izotropul i SemTxveva, rodesac el eqtrogamtarobis tenzors da simetrizebul korel aciur funqcias aqvT Semdegnairi saxe:

$$\mathbf{s}_m^s(\mathbf{w}) = \mathbf{s}^s(\mathbf{w}) \mathbf{d}_m; \quad \Psi_m^s(t) = \Psi^s(t) \mathbf{d}_m$$

da visargebl oT miaxl oebiTi gantol ebiT, romel ic gamomdinareobs (3.8) gantol ebi dan:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} G_m(\pm t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P}) = \pm \Gamma_m(\pm t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P}) G_m(\pm t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P}). \quad (3.10)$$

cxadia, rom (3.10) kinetikuri gantol eba warmoadgens rel aqsaciis drois miaxl oebis (rdm) saxis aproqsimacias. naTel ia, rom (3.10) miaxl oebiTi gantol eba xdeba zusti, rodesac $\Gamma_m(\pm t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P})$ funqcia ar aris damokidebul i \bar{P} kvaziimpul sze. magal iTad, aseT SemTxvevas aqvs adgil i frol ixis pol aronisTvis dabal i temperaturebis areSi [116-118, 120].

Tu CavatarebT (3.10) gantol ebi integracias da gaviTval iswinebT (3.5) sawyis pirobebs, maSin Cven miviRebT:

$$G_m(\pm t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P}) = \exp[\tilde{\Gamma}_m(\pm t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P})] G_m(\mathbf{b}, \bar{P}); \quad \tilde{\Gamma}_m(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P}) = \int_0^t dt \Gamma_m(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P});$$

$$G_m(\mathbf{b}, \bar{P}) = \langle \bar{P} | G_m(\mathbf{b}) | \bar{P} \rangle = \frac{V_m(\bar{P}) Z^s(\mathbf{b}, \bar{P})}{\int d\bar{P} Z^s(\mathbf{b}, \bar{P})}; \quad Z^s(\mathbf{b}, \bar{P}) = \langle \bar{P} | Z^s(\mathbf{b}) | \bar{P} \rangle. \quad (3.11)$$

Tu CavsvamT $\Gamma_m(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P})$ -s (3.9) mni Svel obas (3.11) formul aSi, maSin integraciis Sedegad $\tilde{\Gamma}_m(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P})$ -Tvis Cven mi vi RebT gamosaxul ebas:

$$\tilde{\Gamma}_m(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P}) = \text{Re} \tilde{\Gamma}_m(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P}) + i \text{Im} \tilde{\Gamma}_m(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P});$$

$$\text{Re} \Gamma_m(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P}) = \sum_{\bar{k}} |V_{\bar{k}}|^2 \frac{V_m(\bar{P} + \hbar \bar{k}) - V_m(\bar{P})}{V_m(\bar{P})} \left\{ N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b}) \left[1 + e^{-b\Delta^-(\bar{k}, \bar{P})} \right] \times \right.$$

$$\left. \times \frac{1 - \cos \left[\frac{t}{\hbar} \Delta^-(\bar{k}, \bar{P}) \right]}{[\Delta^-(\bar{k}, \bar{P})]^2} + (1 + N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b})) \left[1 + e^{-b\Delta^+(\bar{k}, \bar{P})} \right] \frac{1 - \cos \left[\frac{t}{\hbar} \Delta^+(\bar{k}, \bar{P}) \right]}{[\Delta^+(\bar{k}, \bar{P})]^2} \right\}; \quad (3.12)$$

$$\text{Im} \tilde{\Gamma}_m(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P}) = - \sum_{\bar{k}} |V_{\bar{k}}|^2 \frac{V_m(\bar{P} + \hbar \bar{k}) - V_m(\bar{P})}{V_m(\bar{P})} \left\{ N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b}) \frac{1 - e^{-b\Delta^-(\bar{k}, \bar{P})}}{[\Delta^-(\bar{k}, \bar{P})]^2} \times \right.$$

$$\left. \times \sin \left[\frac{t}{\hbar} \Delta^-(\bar{k}, \bar{P}) \right] + (1 + N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b})) \frac{1 - e^{-b\Delta^+(\bar{k}, \bar{P})}}{[\Delta^+(\bar{k}, \bar{P})]^2} \sin \left[\frac{t}{\hbar} \Delta^+(\bar{k}, \bar{P}) \right] \right\}.$$

(3.11) da (3.12) gamosaxul ebebi asaxaven (3.6) korel aciuri funqciebis droze damokidebul ebas da principSi saSual ebas iZl evian, rom gamoTvl il iqnes el eqtrogamtarobis tenzori (3.2)-(3.3) formul ebis daxmarebiT. vinaidan Cven Semovifargl ebiT SeSfoTebis Teoriis mxol od meore miaxl oebiT (3.4) kinetikur gantol ebaSi el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis $H_i(V_{\bar{k}})$ hamiltonianis mixedviT, amitom Tanmimdevrobis dacvis mizniT Sevasrul oT miaxl oeba: $e^{-bH} \Rightarrow e^{-bH_0} = e^{-bH_s} e^{-bH_\Sigma}$ - korel aciuri funqciebis (3.5)-(3.11) - sawyisi mniSvel obebisaTvis. Aamrigad Cven gvaqvs:

$$G_m(\mathbf{b}) = \frac{e^{-bH_s}}{SP_s[e^{-bH_s}]} V_m; \quad G_m(\mathbf{b}, \bar{P}) = \frac{e^{-b\Gamma(\bar{P})}}{\int d\bar{P} e^{-b\Gamma(\bar{P})}} V_m(\bar{P}). \quad (3.13)$$

(3.8), (3.11) da (3.13) gantol ebebs miyavarT Semdeg gamosaxul ebande $\Psi_m(t)$ korel aciuri funqciisaTvis:

$$\Psi_m(t) = \frac{e^2}{2} \frac{\int d\bar{P} e^{-b\Gamma(\bar{P})} V_n(\bar{P}) V_m(\bar{P}) \left\{ \exp[\tilde{\Gamma}_n(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P})] + \exp[\tilde{\Gamma}_m(-t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{P})] \right\}}{\int d\bar{P} e^{-b\Gamma(\bar{P})}}, \quad (3.14)$$

sadac: $\tilde{\Gamma}_n(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})$ da $\tilde{\Gamma}_n(-t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})$ ganisazRvrebian (3.12) formul ebi T.

(3.12) da (3.14) tol obebis Tanaxmad, el eqtronis (qvesistemis) korel aciuri funqciebi miil evian oscil aciebi T imis gamo, rom rel aqsaciis $\tilde{\Gamma}_n(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})$ -faqtori warmoadgens kompl eqsur sidides, da rogorc Cven mogvianebi T vaCvnebi T, es oscil aciebi "sicocxl is unariani" arian didi droebis asimptotur areSi $t \gg t_0$ da izl evian wvl il s gadatanis kinetikur koeficientebSi (el eqtrogamtaroba, Zvradoba) [117-118, 120-122]. es daskvna gamomdinareobs im martivi garemoebidan, rom wonasworul i droi Ti korel aciuri funqciebis gansazRvrebaSi (ix. mag. (2.6) formul a) figurirebs gibsis ganawil eba, romel ic Seicavs sawyisi korel aciebis wevrs (H_{int}) da roml is zusti gaTval iswinebac xdeba evol uciur (kinetikur) gantol ebebSi am funqciebisTvis. Sfm-Si $\Gamma_n(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})$ _ rel aqsaciis faqtoris warmosaxvi Ti nawil i nul is tol ia, da, amitom zemoT miTiTebul oscil aciebs adgil i ar eqneba [75,77]. unda aRiniSnos, rom ganxil ul i msj el oba samarTi iania im SemTxvevaSi, rodesac adgil i aqvs droTa ierarqias (ix. (2.34) formul a); rogorc (3.12) formul idan naTi ad Cans, im SemTxvevaSi, rodesac ganxil eba el eqtronis urTierTqmedeba fononebTan: $t_s \sim \hbar \mathbf{b}$ da $t_\Sigma \sim \frac{1}{\mathbf{v}}$, sadac $\bar{\mathbf{w}}$ - warmoadgens fononTa maxasiaTebel sixSires. ufro metic, (3.12) gamosaxul ebidan gamomdinareobs, rom energiis Senaxvis kanoni el eqtronis fononebTan gabnevis procesis dros samarTi iania didi droebis SemTxvevaSi: $t \gg t_0$, $t_0 = \max(t_s, t_\Sigma)$; Tu ganvixil avT droTa did interval s $t \gg t_0$, maSin Cven SegviZI ia Sevasrul oT zRvrul i gadasvl a $t \rightarrow \infty$ (3.12) gamosaxul ebaSi da, rogorc Sedegi mi vi RebT [120]:

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \text{Re} \tilde{\Gamma}_n(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}}) &= -\Gamma_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}}) |t| = -\frac{1}{\mathbf{t}^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})} |t|; \\ \Gamma_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}}) &= -\frac{2\mathbf{p}}{\hbar} \sum_{\bar{k}} |V_{\bar{k}}|^2 \frac{V_n(\bar{\mathbf{P}} + \hbar \bar{k}) - V_n(\bar{\mathbf{P}})}{V_n(\bar{\mathbf{P}})} \{N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b}) \mathbf{d}[\Delta^-(\bar{k}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})] + \\ &+ (1 + N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b})) \mathbf{d}[\Delta^+(\bar{k}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})]\}; \\ \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \text{Im} \tilde{\Gamma}_n(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}}) &= -\mathbf{b}\mathbf{p} \sum_{\bar{k}} |V_{\bar{k}}|^2 \frac{V_n(\bar{\mathbf{P}} + \hbar \bar{k}) - V_n(\bar{\mathbf{P}})}{V_n(\bar{\mathbf{P}})} \{N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b}) \mathbf{d}[\Delta^-(\bar{k}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})] + \\ &+ (1 + N_{\bar{k}}(\mathbf{b})) \mathbf{d}[\Delta^+(\bar{k}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})]\} \text{Sign}t. \end{aligned} \quad (3.15)$$

(3.15) formul ebis gamoyvanis as Cven vi sargebl eT Tanafar dobebi T:

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 - \cos(\mathbf{w}t)}{\mathbf{w}^2} = \mathbf{p} |t| \mathbf{d}(\mathbf{w}); \quad \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin(\mathbf{w}t)}{\mathbf{w}} = \mathbf{p} \mathbf{d}(\mathbf{w}) \text{Sign}t.$$

aRvni SnavT, rom (3.15) gamosaxul ebebSi $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} zRvrul$ gadasvl amde unda Sesrul des Termodinamikuri zRvrul i gadasvl a (T-zRvari):

$$\sum_{\bar{k}} (...) = \frac{V}{(2\mathbf{p})^3} \int d\bar{k} (...).$$

cxadia, rom Zal ian didi droebis asimptotur areSi, rodesac ($t \gg t_0, t \rightarrow \infty$) (3.15) Tanafardobebi Cven gvaZI evs Semdeg tol obas:

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \text{Im} \tilde{\Gamma}_n(t, \mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}}) = \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{b} \hbar \Gamma_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}}) \text{Sign}t. \quad (3.16)$$

amrigad, $\Gamma_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})$ - sidide, romel ic faqturad warmoadgens el eqtronis "siCqare-siCqare" - korel aciuri funqciis mil evis dekrementis - SesaZI ebel ia ganxil ul iqnas rogorc el eqtronis $V_n(\bar{\mathbf{P}})$ siCqaris ? - komponentis rel aqsaciis sixSire ($\mathbf{t}_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})$ - warmoadgens Sesabamis rel aqsaciis dros).

dabol os, Tu visargebl ebT (3.2)-(3.3) da (3.14)-(3.15) Tanafardobebi T, sabol ood vpoul obT gamosaxul ebas kuTri el eqtrogamtarobis disipaciuri nawil isTvis [120]:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Re} \mathbf{s}_m^s = ne^2 \frac{\hbar \left(\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{b} \hbar \mathbf{w} \right)}{\hbar \mathbf{w}} \int d\bar{\mathbf{P}} \mathbf{r}_s(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}}) V_n(\bar{\mathbf{P}}) V_m(\bar{\mathbf{P}}) \left\{ \cos \left[\frac{\mathbf{b} \hbar}{2} \Gamma_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}}) \right] \times \right. \\ \left. \times \frac{\Gamma_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})}{\mathbf{w}^2 + [\Gamma_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})]^2} + \cos \left[\frac{\mathbf{b} \hbar}{2} \Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}}) \right] \frac{\Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})}{\mathbf{w}^2 + [\Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})]^2} \right\}, \quad (3.17) \end{aligned}$$

sadac: n - warmoadgens el eqtronebis koncentracias gamtarobis zonaSi, xol o $\mathbf{r}_s(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}}) = e^{-\mathbf{b}\Gamma(\bar{\mathbf{P}})} / \int d\bar{\mathbf{P}} e^{-\mathbf{b}\Gamma(\bar{\mathbf{P}})}$.

el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradoba, romel ic damokidebul ia gareSe el eqtrul i vel is ? sixSireze (ac-mobility), SesaZI ebel ia warmodgenil i iqnas Semdegi saxiT (saubaria dreiful Zvradobaze):

$$\mathbf{m}(\mathbf{w}) = \mathbf{m}_0(\mathbf{w}) - \Delta \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{w}),$$

sadac:

$$\mathbf{m}_0(\mathbf{w}) = \frac{e \hbar \left(\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{b} \hbar \mathbf{w} \right)}{\hbar \mathbf{w}} \int d\bar{\mathbf{P}} \mathbf{r}_s(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}}) V_v(\bar{\mathbf{P}}) V_m(\bar{\mathbf{P}}) \left\{ \frac{\Gamma_v^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})}{\mathbf{w}^2 + [\Gamma_v^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})]^2} + \frac{\Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})}{\mathbf{w}^2 + [\Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \bar{\mathbf{P}})]^2} \right\};$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{w}) = \frac{2eth \left(\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{b} \hbar \mathbf{w} \right)}{\hbar \mathbf{w}} \int d\vec{P} \mathbf{r}_s(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) V_V(\vec{P}) V_m(\vec{P}) \times \quad (3.18)$$

$$\times \left\{ \sin^2 \left[\frac{\mathbf{b} \hbar}{4} \Gamma_V^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \right] \frac{\Gamma_V^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})}{\mathbf{w}^2 + [\Gamma_V^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})]^2} + \sin^2 \left[\frac{\mathbf{b} \hbar}{4} \Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \right] \frac{\Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})}{\mathbf{w}^2 + [\Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})]^2} \right\}; (\mathbf{w} \ll t_0^{-1}).$$

rogorc naTI ad Cans (3.17) da (3.18) gamosaxul ebebidan, sawysi korel aciebi, roml ebic gamowveul ia el eqtronis urTierTqmedebiT fononebTan, figurireben am formul ebSi $\cos \left[\frac{\mathbf{b} \hbar}{2} \Gamma_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \right]$ da $\sin^2 \left[\frac{\mathbf{b} \hbar}{4} \Gamma_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \right]$ Tanamamravl ebis saxiT; magram, vinaidan adgil i aqvs droTa ierarqias (ix. (2.34)), amitom $\mathbf{b} \hbar \Gamma_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \ll 1; (t^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}), \sim 1/\Gamma_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}), t_s \sim \mathbf{b} \hbar)$. unda aRiniSnos, rom sawysi korel aciebi ar axdenen gavlenas $t_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{p})$ rel aqsaciis droze. $\Delta \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{w})$ -sidide warmoadgens temperaturul Sesworebas el eqtronis $\mathbf{m}(\mathbf{w})$ dabal temperaturul da sixSirul Zvradobaze, romelic gamowveul ia sawysi korel aciebis arsebobiT el eqtronis urTierTqmedebisas fononebTan arsebul sistemaSi [120].

Sfm-Si droiTi wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebistvis Cven ugul vebel vyofT H_{int} urTierTqmedebas e^{-bH} gibsis faqtorSi [75-77], magram vinarCunebT am urTierTqmedebas $e^{\pm \frac{i}{\hbar} Ht}$ evoluciis operatorebSi, ris Sedegadac aseT miaxl oebas miyavart Semdegi aproqsimaciebis Sesrul e-bamde (3.17)-(3.18) gamosaxul ebebSi: $\cos \left[\frac{\mathbf{b} \hbar}{2} \Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \right] \Rightarrow 1; \cos \left[\frac{\mathbf{b} \hbar}{2} \Gamma_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \right] \Rightarrow 1$. anu $\mathbf{b} \hbar \Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \Rightarrow 0; \mathbf{b} \hbar \Gamma_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \Rightarrow 0$; amgvarad, Sfm-Si Sesworeba Zvradobaze $\Delta \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{w}) \Rightarrow 0$.

amrigad, Cvens mier napovni gamosaxul ebebi kuTri el eqtro-gamtarobistvis, dabal temperaturul i Zvradobisa da el eqtronis "siCqaresiCqare" korel aciuri funqciebistvis warmoadgenen yvel aze ufro zogads ganxil ul i model is CarCoebSi da Sesrul ebul i miaxl oebelis fargl ebSi [112-113,120].

3.2. el eqtronis Zvradoba frol ixis pol aronis model Si

(“ $\frac{3}{2b\hbar w_0}$ probl ema” pol aronis dabal temperaturul i
Zvradobis TeoriaSi)

ganvixil oT axl a el eqtroni, romel ic moZraobs pol arul naxevar-
gamtarSi an ionur kristal Si, roml is moZraoba aRiwereba (1.13)-(1.18)
hamil tonianiT da romel ic sustad urTierTqmedebs pol arul optikur
fononebTan: ($a < 1$) (e.w. frol ixis pol aronis model i) [29-30]. ganvixil eba
el eqtronis urTierTqmedeba dispersiis armqone optikur fononebTan,
rodesac $w(\vec{k}) \equiv w_0$. vinaidan el eqtronis energiisTvis gamtarobis zonidan

gvaqvs gamosaxul eba $T(\vec{P}) = \frac{\vec{P}^2}{2m}$, amitom el eqtronis siCqaris m -
komponentisTvis gveqneba Semdegi formul a:

$$V_m(\vec{P}) = \frac{P_m}{m} \quad (3.19)$$

rogorc (3.14), (3.15) da (3.17) gamosaxul ebebidan Cans, sakiTxi daiyvaneba
el eqtronis rel aqsaciis sixSiris: $\Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})$ - gamoTvl aze, romel ic zogad
SemTxvevaSi damokidebul ia el eqtronis \vec{P} impul sze.

davuSvaT, rom el eqtrul i vel i mimarTul ia z RerZis dadebiTi mimar-
Tul ebis gaswrviv, da, gansazRvrul obisaTvis ganvixil oT $\Gamma_z^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})$. Tu
Sevasrul ebT Termodinamikur zRvrul gadasvl as da CavatarebT
integracias $|\vec{k}|$ cvl adis mixedviT, maSin (1.18) da (3.15) gamosaxul ebebidan
mivi RebT:

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_0^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) = \frac{a w_0}{2p} \frac{1}{\tilde{P}_z} \left\{ N_0(\mathbf{g}) \int_0^{2p} dj \int_0^p dq \sin q \cos q \frac{\tilde{P} \cos \Phi}{\sqrt{\tilde{P}^2 \cos^2 \Phi + 1}} + \right. \\ \left. + (1 + N_0(\mathbf{g})) \int_0^{2p} dj \int_0^p dq \sin q \cos q \frac{\tilde{P} \cos \Phi}{\sqrt{\tilde{P}^2 \cos^2 \Phi - 1}} \right\} (\tilde{P}^2 \cos^2 \Phi \geq 1). \end{aligned} \quad (3.20)$$

aq Cven SemoviReT el eqtronis uganzomil ebo impul si:

$$\tilde{P}_i = \frac{P_i}{\sqrt{2m\hbar w_0}}; i = (x, y, z) \text{ da } N_0(\mathbf{g}) = [e^{\mathbf{g}} - 1]^{-1}; \mathbf{g} = b\hbar w_0.$$

Φ - warmoadgens kuTxes \vec{k} da \vec{P} veqtorebs Soris, romel ic dakavSi-
rebul ia \mathbf{q} da \mathbf{j} kuTxeebTan (\mathbf{q} da \mathbf{j} kuTxeebi gansazRvraven \vec{k} veqtoris
mimarTul ebas) Semdegi Tanafar dobiT:

$$\tilde{P} \cos \mathbf{j} = \sin \mathbf{q} \cos \mathbf{j} \tilde{P}_x + \sin \mathbf{q} \sin \mathbf{j} \tilde{P}_y + \cos \mathbf{q} \tilde{P}_z.$$

(3.20) gamosaxul ebis gamoTvl el ad SemovisazRvroT dabal i temperaturebis SemTxveviT, rodesac

$$\mathbf{g} \gg 1 \quad (3.21)$$

da (3.14) korel aciuri funqciebi gansazRvrul ia el eqtronis impul sis mcire mniSvnel obebiT:

$$\tilde{P}^2 \ll 1. \quad (3.22)$$

am SemTxvevaSi, el eqtroni moZraobs "mcire" siCqariT da mas ar Seuzl ia gamoasxivos fononebi, vinaidan ar eqneba adgil i energiisa da impul sis Senaxvis kanonebs el eqtronis gabnevisas fononebze (ix. (3.15) da (3.20)). amgvarad, rodesac srul deba (3.21) da (3.22) pirobebi, (3.20) gamosaxul ebis meore wevri mis marjvena nawil Si xdeba nul is toli. Tu gaviTval iswinebT, rom $\tilde{P}^2 \cos^2 \Phi \ll 1$, maSin (3.20) gamosaxul eba SesaZl ebel ia warmovadginoT Semdegi saxiT:

$$\Gamma_z^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{\mathbf{P}}) \equiv \Gamma_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}) = \frac{2}{3} \mathbf{a} w_0 N_0(\mathbf{g}); (\tilde{P}^2 \ll 1). \quad (3.23)$$

amrigad, "mcire" siCqareebiT moZravi el eqtronis impul sis rel aqsaciis sixSire (dro) ar aris damokidebul i el eqtronis impul sze da ganpirobebul ia mxol od im procesebiT, roml is drosac xdeba fononebis STanTqma mis mier. Tu gaviTval iswinebT (3.23) Tanafardobas, maSin (3.14)-dan Cven mi vi RebT:

$$\langle V_z(0) V_z(\pm t) \rangle = \frac{\hbar w_0}{m \mathbf{g}} \exp[-\Gamma_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}) |t|] \exp\left[\pm \frac{i \mathbf{g}}{2 w_0} \Gamma_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g})\right] \quad (3.24)$$

$$(\mathbf{g} \gg 1, t \gg \frac{\mathbf{g}}{w_0}).$$

(3.24) gamosaxul ebis gamoTvl isas Cven visargebl eT Semdegi formul ebiT:

$$\int d\tilde{\mathbf{P}} e^{-\mathbf{g} \tilde{\mathbf{P}}^2} \tilde{P}_z^2 = \frac{1}{2 \mathbf{g}} \left(\frac{\mathbf{p}}{\mathbf{g}} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}; \quad \int d\tilde{\mathbf{P}} e^{-\mathbf{g} \tilde{\mathbf{P}}^2} = \left(\frac{\mathbf{p}}{\mathbf{g}} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \quad (3.25)$$

amrigad, rogorc (3.24) gamosaxul ebidan Cans, el eqtronis "siCqare-siCqare" korel aciuri funqciebi eqsponencial urad miil evian drois mixed-viT dabal i temperaturebis ganxil ul SemTxvevaSi. (3.24)-is Tanaxmad rel aqsaciis droisTvis gveqneba Semdegi gamosaxul eba: $\mathbf{t}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}) = [\Gamma_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g})]^{-1}$.

cxadia, rom Cvens mier miRebul i rezul tati napovnia Sfm-is gamoyenebis gareSe [120]. (3.24) gamosaxul eba gansxvavdeba Sedegisagan, romel - ic napovnia Sfm-Si [77] eqsponencial uri faqtoriT $\exp\left[\pm\frac{ig}{2w_0}\Gamma_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g})\right]$.

gamovTval oT axl a el eqtrogamtaroba da dabal temperaturul i Zvradoba el eqtronisTvis frol ixis pol aronis model Si susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis dros: ($a < 1$). Tu gaviTval iswinebT (3.19) da (3.23)–(3.25) gamosaxul ebebs, (3.17) formul idan kuTri el eqtrogamtarobisTvis mi vi RebT [120]:

$$\operatorname{Re} \mathbf{s}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) = \frac{ne^2}{mw_0} \frac{2}{g\tilde{\mathbf{w}}} \operatorname{th}\left(\frac{1}{2}g\tilde{\mathbf{w}}\right) \left[1 - 2\sin^2\left(\frac{g}{2}\Gamma_0(\mathbf{g})\right)\right] \frac{\Gamma_0(\mathbf{g})}{\tilde{\mathbf{w}}^2 + \Gamma_0^2(\mathbf{g})}; \quad (3.26)$$

$(a < 1, g \gg 1, \tilde{\mathbf{w}}g \ll 1),$

sadac: $\mathbf{s}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) = \mathbf{s}_{xx}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) = \mathbf{s}_{yy}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) = \mathbf{s}_{zz}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}); \tilde{\mathbf{w}} = \frac{w}{w_0}; \Gamma_0(\mathbf{g}) = w_0^{-1}\Gamma_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}) = \frac{2}{3}aN_0(\mathbf{g})$ xol o

dabal temperaturul i da dabal sixSirul i ZvradobisaTvis Sesabamisad gveqneba:

$$\mathbf{m}_0(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) = \frac{e}{mw_0} \frac{2}{g\tilde{\mathbf{w}}} \operatorname{th}\left(\frac{1}{2}g\tilde{\mathbf{w}}\right) \frac{\Gamma_0(\mathbf{g})}{\tilde{\mathbf{w}}^2 + \Gamma_0^2(\mathbf{g})}; \quad (3.27)$$

$$\Delta\mathbf{m}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) = \frac{e}{mw_0} \frac{4}{g\tilde{\mathbf{w}}} \operatorname{th}\left(\frac{1}{2}g\tilde{\mathbf{w}}\right) \sin^2\left(\frac{g}{2}\Gamma_0(\mathbf{g})\right) \frac{\Gamma_0(\mathbf{g})}{\tilde{\mathbf{w}}^2 + \Gamma_0^2(\mathbf{g})}$$

$(a < 1, g \gg 1, \tilde{\mathbf{w}}g \ll 1).$

(3.26) da (3.27) gamosaxul ebebi warmoadgenen osakas Sedegis ganzogadobas [55-56] susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi; (3.26) gamosaxul eba faqtiurad warmoadgens drudes formul as dabal temperaturul i da dabal sixSirul i el eqtrogamtarobisTvis, romel ic Seicavs temperaturul Sesworebas, romel ic ganpirobepul ia el eqtronis fononebTan arsebul i sawyisi korel aciebiT (meore wevri (3.26) formul aSi. Zvradobaze Sesworeba - $\Delta\mathbf{m}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}})$ moicema (3.27) formul iT). pirvel i wevri (3.26) formul aSi da $\mathbf{m}_0(\tilde{\mathbf{w}})$ -s gamosaxul eba Seesabameba Sfm-s. vinaidan $\tilde{\mathbf{w}}g \ll 1$ (romel ic gamomdinareobs $t \gg t_0$ pirobidan) da $g\Gamma_0(\mathbf{g}) \ll 1$ (ix. (2.34) piroba), Cven SegviZl ia gavSal oT $\frac{2}{g\tilde{\mathbf{w}}} \operatorname{th}\left(\frac{1}{2}g\tilde{\mathbf{w}}\right)$ da $\sin^2\left(\frac{g}{2}\Gamma_0(\mathbf{g})\right)$ wevrebi mwkrivebad (3.26) da (3.27) gamosaxul ebebSi. naTel ia, rom Sesworebebi, roml ebic ganpirobepul ia sawyisi korel aciebiT, warmoadgenen

mcire sididebs ($g \gg 1$). (3.27) gamosaxul ebedidan el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i statikuri ZvradobisTvis (dc-mobility) frol ixis pol aronis model Si gveqneba [120]:

$$\begin{aligned} m_0 &= \frac{e}{m\omega_0} \Gamma_0^{-1}(g) = \frac{e}{m\omega_0} \frac{3}{2a} e^g; \\ \Delta m &= \frac{2e}{m\omega_0} \sin^2 \left[\frac{g}{2} \Gamma_0(g) \right] \Gamma_0^{-1}(g) = \frac{e}{m\omega_0} \frac{1}{3} a g^2 e^{-g}; \\ & (g \gg 1, a < 1). \end{aligned} \quad (3.28)$$

napovni (3.28) gamosaxul ebebi warmoadgens Tanamimdevrul da swor rezul tats el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradobisa, frol ixis pol aronis model Si, mcire temperaturul i SesworebiT susti el eqtronfononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi [114-118,120].

ganvixil oT axl a el eqtronis gamtaroba da Zvradoba pol aronis frol ixis model Si el eqtrul i vel is maRal i sixSireebis SemTxvevaSi, rodesac adgil i aqvs Semdeg Tanafardobas:

$$\Gamma_m^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \ll \omega \ll \omega_0^{-1}. \quad (3.29)$$

izotropul SemTxvevaSi, (3.17) formul is Tanaxmad gveqneba (ix. agreTve (3.18)):

$$\begin{aligned} \omega^2 \text{Re} S_{0z}^s(\omega) &= ne^2 \frac{th(\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{b} \hbar \omega)}{\hbar \omega} \int d\vec{P} \mathbf{r}_s(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) V_z^2(\vec{P}) \Gamma_z^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}); \\ \omega^2 \text{Re} \Delta S_z^s(\omega) &= 2ne^2 \frac{th(\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{b} \hbar \omega)}{\hbar \omega} \int d\vec{P} \mathbf{r}_s(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) V_z^2(\vec{P}) \Gamma_z^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \times \\ & \times \sin^2 \left[\frac{\mathbf{b} \hbar}{2} \Gamma_z^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \right]. \end{aligned} \quad (3.30)$$

sadac: $\mathbf{r}_s(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})$ moicema Semdegi gamosaxul ebiT:

$$\mathbf{r}_s(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) = e \frac{\mathbf{b} \vec{P}^2}{2m} \int d\vec{P} e^{\frac{\mathbf{b} \vec{P}^2}{2m}}. \quad (3.31)$$

izotropul obis gamo, el eqtronis impul sis rel aqsaciis sixSire $\Gamma^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})$ warmoadgens skal arul sidides da is SesaZI ebel ia warmovadginoT Semdegi saxiT (ix. SedarebisTvis (3.15) formul a):

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) &= -\frac{2\mathbf{p}}{\hbar} \sum_{\vec{k}} |V_{\vec{k}}|^2 \frac{(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{P})}{\vec{P}^2} \{ (1 + N_0(\mathbf{b})) \mathbf{d} [\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{P})] + \\ & + N_0(\mathbf{b}) \mathbf{d} [\Delta^{(-)}(\vec{k}, \vec{P})] \}. \end{aligned} \quad (3.32)$$

gamovTval oT axl a (3.32)-is daxmarebiT el eqtronebis kuTri el eqtrogamtaroba da Zvradoba el eqtruli vel is maRal i \tilde{w} -sixSireebis SemTxvevaSi. vipovoT jer $s_0(\tilde{w})$ -kuTri el eqtrogamtarobis mniSvel oba. Tu CavsvamT $\Gamma^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \tilde{P})$ -s (3.32) gamosaxul ebas (3.30)-is pirvel formul aSi, CavatarebT martiv gardaqmnebs da gamoviyenebT (3.19) da (3.31) formul ebs, maSin \tilde{P} -impul suri cvl adiT integraciisa da Termodinamikuri zRvruli gadasvl is Semdeg, $s_0(\tilde{w})$ -el eqtrogamtarobisTvis miviRebT Semdeg gamosaxuli ebas:

$$\begin{aligned} s_0(\tilde{w}) &= \frac{ne^2}{m\mathbf{w}_0} \tilde{s}_0(\tilde{w}); \\ \tilde{w}^2 \tilde{s}_0(\tilde{w}) &= \frac{2}{g\tilde{w}} th\left(\frac{1}{2}g\tilde{w}\right) \frac{2}{3\sqrt{p}} ag^{3/2} N_0(g) \int_0^\infty dk \left[e^g \left(k + \frac{1}{k}\right) \times \right. \\ &\times \left. e^{-\frac{g}{4}\left(k + \frac{1}{k}\right)^2} + \left(k - \frac{1}{k}\right) e^{-\frac{g}{4}\left(k - \frac{1}{k}\right)^2} \right]; \quad \text{Re } s_0(\tilde{w}) \equiv s_0(\tilde{w}), \end{aligned} \quad (3.33)$$

sadac: $\tilde{s}_0(\tilde{w})$ warmoadgens uganzomil ebo dinamiur (sixSireze damokidebul) gamtarobas, xol o uganzomil ebo parametrebi: g , \tilde{w} da $N_0(g)$ moicema (3.20) da (3.26) formul ebiT. SevnisnoT, rom sixSireze damokidebul el eqtronis ZvradobisaTvis (3.33)-is msgavsad gveqneba: $\mathbf{m}_0(\tilde{w}) = \frac{e}{m\mathbf{w}_0} \tilde{\mathbf{m}}_0(\tilde{w})$ da $\tilde{\mathbf{m}}_0(\tilde{w}) \equiv \tilde{s}_0(\tilde{w})$.

el eqtronis dinamiuri gamtarobisTvis miRebuli (3.33) gamosaxul eba frol ixis polaronis model Si SesaZl ebel ia CavweroT kompaqturi formiT, Tu CavatarebT integracias k -cvl adiT (3.33) gamosaxul ebaSi. gveqneba:

$$\tilde{w}^2 \tilde{s}_0(\tilde{w}) = \frac{2}{g\tilde{w}} th\left(\frac{1}{2}g\tilde{w}\right) \frac{2}{3\sqrt{p}} ag^{3/2} e^{\frac{g}{2}} N_0(g) K_1\left(\frac{1}{2}g\right), \quad (3.34)$$

sadac: $K_1(z)$ warmoadgens pirveli gvaris makdonal dis funqcias.

(3.32) formul a saSual ebas izl eva, rom gamoTvlili iqnas el eqtronis impul sis rel aqsaciis sixSire, \tilde{k} -cvl adiT integraciis Semdeg. (3.32) gamosaxul eba: $\Gamma^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \tilde{P})$ -sidiTvis miiRebs Semdeg saxes:

$$\Gamma_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{P}) = \mathbf{w}_0 \mathbf{a} \frac{1}{\tilde{P}^2} \left\{ (1 + N_0(\mathbf{g}) \mathbf{q}(\tilde{P} - 1) \left[\sqrt{\tilde{P}^2 - 1} + \frac{1}{\tilde{P}} \text{arcch} \tilde{P} \right] + N_0(\mathbf{g}) \left[\sqrt{\tilde{P}^2 + 1} - \frac{1}{\tilde{P}} \text{arcsh} \tilde{P} \right] \right\} \quad (3.35)$$

cxadia, rom el eqtronis impul sis mcire mniSvnel obebisaTvis, ro-
desac: $\tilde{P} \ll 1, \tilde{P} \rightarrow 0$. (3.35) formul idan avtomaturad miviRebT (3.23) ga-
mosaxul ebas el eqtronis impul sis (siCqaris) rel aqsaciis sixSirisaTvis.
el eqtrogamtarobis (3.34) gamosaxul eba samarTI iania (3.29) pirobebis
dacviT. (3.29) utol obebs uganzomil ebo sidideebis saxiT Caweril s, eqneba
Semdegi saxe:

$$\tilde{\Gamma}_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{P}) \ll \tilde{w} \ll \min\left(\frac{1}{\mathbf{g}}; 1\right) \quad (3.36)$$

sadac: $\Gamma_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{P}) = w_0 \tilde{\Gamma}_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{P})$ da $\Gamma_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{P})$ aris uganzomil ebo, el eqtronis
impul sis rel aqsaciis sixSire. unda aRiniSnos, rom dinamiuri gamtarobis
(3.34) gamosaxul eba samarTI iania kristal is, rogorc dabal i, aseve maRal i
temperaturebis mniSvnel obebisaTvis. Ggamovikvl ioT axl a $\tilde{S}_0(\tilde{w})$
el eqtrogamtarobis \tilde{w} sixSiresa da T-temperaturaze damokidebul eba am
sidideebis sxvadasxva mniSvnel obebis dros.

I) dabal i temperaturebis SemTxveva, rodesac $\Gamma_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{P}) \ll \frac{1}{\mathbf{g}} \ll 1$ (3.36)

utol obis Tanaxmad Cven gvaqvs: $\tilde{\Gamma}_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{P}) \ll \tilde{w} \ll \frac{1}{\mathbf{g}} \ll 1$. vi naidan $\mathbf{g}\tilde{w} \ll 1$ da

$N_0(\mathbf{g}) \Rightarrow e^{-\mathbf{g}}$; $\frac{2}{\mathbf{g}\tilde{w}} \text{th}\left(\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{g}\tilde{w}\right) \Rightarrow 1$; $K_1\left(\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{g}\right) \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{p}}{\mathbf{g}}} e^{-\frac{\mathbf{g}}{2}}$, ($\mathbf{g} \gg 1$); amitom el eqtronis

gamtarobisaTvis (ZvradobisTvis) gveqneba yofaqceva:

$$\tilde{w}^2 \text{Re}\tilde{S}(\tilde{w}) = \tilde{w}^2 \tilde{\eta}(\tilde{w}) \approx \frac{4}{3} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{g} e^{-\mathbf{g}} \quad (3.37)$$

$$\mathbf{g} \rightarrow \infty.$$

amrigad kristal is dabal i temperaturebis areSi el eqtronis
Zvradoba ukuproporciulia sixSiris kvadratisa SedarebiT maRal i six-
Sireebis SemTxvevaSi da eqsponencial urad mcirdeba temperaturis
SemcirebasTan erTad. ganvixil oT axl a kristal is SedarebiT maRal i
temperaturebis SemTxveva.

II) maRal temperaturaTa are, rodesac $\tilde{\Gamma}_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{P}) \ll 1 \ll \frac{1}{\mathbf{g}}$ kristal is tem-
peraturaTa am areSi gamoiyofa \tilde{w} -sixSireTa ori are, ganvixil oT
TiToeul i maTgani cal -cal ke.

1). Sedarebi T dabal sixSirul i are, rodesac:

$\tilde{\Gamma}_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{\mathbf{P}}) \ll \tilde{\mathbf{w}} \ll 1 \ll \frac{1}{\mathbf{g}}; \mathbf{g} \rightarrow 0$. aseT SemTxvevaSi cven gveqneba Semdegi Tanafar-

dobebi (utol obebi): $\mathbf{g}\tilde{\mathbf{w}} \ll 1; \frac{2}{\mathbf{g}\tilde{\mathbf{w}}} \text{th}\left(\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{g}\tilde{\mathbf{w}}\right) \Rightarrow 1; K_1\left(\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{g}\right) \Rightarrow \frac{2}{\mathbf{g}}, (\mathbf{g} \ll 1)$ ami tom

el eqtronis ZvradobisTvis gveqneba Semdegnairi yofaqceva T-temperaturisa da $\tilde{\mathbf{w}}$ sixSiris mixedviT:

$$\tilde{\mathbf{w}}^2 \tilde{\mathbf{m}}_0(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) \approx \frac{8}{3\sqrt{\mathbf{p}}} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{g}^{-1/2}; (\mathbf{g} \rightarrow 0). \quad (3.38)$$

2). Sedarebi T maRal sixSirul i are, rodesac: $\tilde{\Gamma}_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{\mathbf{P}}) \ll 1 \ll \tilde{\mathbf{w}} \ll \frac{1}{\mathbf{g}}$

naTel ia, rom Sedarebi T maRal sixSirul areSi el eqtronis ZvradobisTvis gveqneba iseTive yofaqceva, rogorc Sedarebi T dabal sixSirul areSi, romelic moicema (3.38) gamosaxul ebiT. (3.30)- gamosaxul ebis daxmarebi T martivad gamoiTvl eba temperaturul i Sesworeba el eqtronis Zvradobaze maRal sixSirul areSi da kristal is dabal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi:

$$\frac{\Delta \tilde{\mathbf{m}}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}})}{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}_0(\tilde{\mathbf{w}})} = 2 \sin^2 \left[\frac{\mathbf{g}}{2} \tilde{\Gamma}_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}) \right]; \quad \frac{\Delta \tilde{\mathbf{m}}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}})}{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}_0(\tilde{\mathbf{w}})} \approx \frac{2}{9} \mathbf{a}^2 \mathbf{g}^2 e^{-2\mathbf{g}};$$

$$(\tilde{\Gamma}_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}) \ll \tilde{\mathbf{w}} \ll \frac{1}{\mathbf{g}} \ll 1; \mathbf{a} < 1) \quad (3.39)$$

rogorc (3.39) formul idan Cans temperaturul i Sesworeba el eqtronis Zvradobaze warmoadgens Zal ian mcire sidides.

ganvixil oT @ " $\frac{3 K_B T}{2 \hbar \mathbf{w}_0}$ probl ema" frol ixis pol aronis (el eqtronis)

dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis TeoriaSi [114-116,120,123-124]. Ffxip-is mier miRebul i Sedegi el eqtronis impendansisTvis (kompl eqsuri el eqtro-winaRobisaTvis da gamtarobisTvis) SesaZl ebel ia warmodgenil i iqnas Semdegi saxiT [47, 88-90, 101-103]:

$$\tilde{\mathbf{S}}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) = \frac{i}{\tilde{\mathbf{w}}} + i \frac{2\mathbf{a}}{3\sqrt{\mathbf{p}}} \frac{1}{\tilde{\mathbf{w}}^3} \int_0^\infty dt (1 - e^{i\tilde{\mathbf{w}}t}) \text{Im}[S(t)];$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{Z}}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) = \frac{1}{\tilde{\mathbf{S}}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}})} \approx -i\tilde{\mathbf{w}} + i \frac{2\mathbf{a}}{3\sqrt{\mathbf{p}}} \frac{1}{\tilde{\mathbf{w}}} \int_0^\infty dt (1 - e^{i\tilde{\mathbf{w}}t}) \text{Im}[S(t)] \quad (3.40)$$

sadac: $S(t)$ - "maxsovrobis" funqcias aqvs Semdegi saxe:

$$S(t) = D^{-\frac{3}{2}}(t) \left[(1 + N_0(\mathbf{g}))e^{it} + N_0(\mathbf{g})e^{-it} \right]; \quad \text{da } D(t) = \frac{t^2}{\mathbf{g}} - it; \quad (3.41)$$

Ffxip-is TeoriaSi (miaxl oebaSi) el eqtronis dreiful i Zvradoba Mmoicema (gani saZRvreba) Semdegi TanafardobiT:

$$\frac{1}{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}_{FXIP}} = \lim_{\tilde{\mathbf{w}} \rightarrow 0} \tilde{\mathbf{w}}^2 \operatorname{Re} \tilde{\mathbf{S}}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) = \lim_{\tilde{\mathbf{w}} \rightarrow 0} \operatorname{Re} \tilde{\mathbf{Z}}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}); \quad (3.42)$$

sadac: (3.40)-formul is Tanaxmad, el eqtronis impendansis real uri nawil i gani saZRvreba Semdegi tol obiT:

$$\operatorname{Re} \tilde{\mathbf{Z}}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) = \frac{2\mathbf{a}}{3\sqrt{\mathbf{p}}} \int_0^\infty dt \frac{\sin(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}t)}{\tilde{\mathbf{w}}} \operatorname{Im}[S(t)] = \frac{4}{3\sqrt{\mathbf{p}}} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{g}^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{g}} N_0(\mathbf{g}) K_1\left(\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{g}\right). \quad (\tilde{\mathbf{w}} \rightarrow 0) \quad (3.43)$$

(3.43)-gamosaxul ebidan martivad miiReba el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i statikuri ($\mathbf{w}=0$) dreiful i Zvradobis mniSvnel oba (ix. Sedarebi-saTvis (3.37)-formul a) fxip-is miaxl oebaSi:

$$\mathbf{m}_{FXIP} = \frac{3}{2\mathbf{g}} \frac{1}{2\mathbf{a}} e^{\mathbf{g}}; \quad (\mathbf{g} \gg 1, \mathbf{g} \rightarrow \infty) \quad (3.44)$$

Bbal ansis gantol ebis meTodze dayrdnobiT tornberg-feinmanis mier miRebul i el eqtronis statikuri dreiful i Zvradobis mniSvnel oba moicema Semdegi gamosaxul ebiT: [53, 84-85, 101-103];

$$\frac{1}{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}_{TF}} = \frac{2\mathbf{a}}{3\sqrt{\mathbf{p}}} \int_0^\infty dt \cdot t \cdot \operatorname{Im}[S(t)] = \frac{4}{3\sqrt{\mathbf{p}}} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{g}^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{g}} N_0(\mathbf{g}) K_1\left(\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{g}\right) \quad (3.45)$$

romel ic emTxveva fxip-is mier miRebul dreiful i Zvradobis (3.43)-mniSvnel obas. Aamitom cxadia, rom frol ixis polaronis (el eqtronis) dabal temperaturul i ZvradobisTvis gvaqvs igive saxis gamosaxul eba, rogoric fxip-is TeoriaSi:

$$\tilde{\mathbf{m}}_{TF} = \frac{3}{2\mathbf{g}} \frac{1}{2\mathbf{a}} e^{\mathbf{g}}; \quad (\mathbf{g} \gg 1, \mathbf{g} \rightarrow \infty) \quad (3.46)$$

[15] - naSromSi gamokvl eul i da naCvenebi iyo, rom tornberg-feinmanis midgomaSi el eqtronis dreiful i Zvradobis gamoTvl isas gamoiyeneboda maqsvel is wanacvl ebul i ganawil ebis funqcia el eqtronisaTvis; xol o fxip-is TeoriaSi el eqtronis Zvradobis gamosaTvl el ad gamoiyeneba el eqtrogamtarobis (el eqtrowinaRobis) mniSvnel oba SeSfoTebis Teoriis meore miaxl oebaSi. (\mathbf{a} -bmis mudmivas rigis mixedviT).

rogorc aRniSnul i iyo literaturis mimoxil vaSi, frol ixis polaronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis gamosaTvl el ad mraval i gamokvl eva

iqna Catarebul i bol cmanis kinetikur gantol ebaze dayrdnobiT [55, 91, 93, 98]. aRniSnul i gamokvl evebis Sedegad miRebul i dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis mniSvnel oba moicema Semdegi gamosaxul ebiT:

$$\tilde{m}_B = \frac{1}{2a} e^g; \quad (\tilde{w} = 0, g \gg 1; g \rightarrow \infty) \quad (3.47)$$

(3.47)- formul is miRebis dros, bol cmanis gawrfivebul i (gareSe el eqtrul i vel is mixedviT) kinetikuri gantol ebis amoxsnisas gamoiyeneboda rel aqsaciis drois miaxl oeba da Tanac daj axebiT integral ebSi gadasvl is sixSireebis da TviT integral ebis gamoTvl isas gaTval iswinebul i iyo mxol od "danakl isis" wevrebi. Aam miaxl oebebis fargl ebSi - el eqtronis ganawil ebis funqciis rel aqsaciis sixSirisaTvis (droisTvis) miiReboda Semdegi saxis gamosaxul eba:

$$\Gamma_B^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{p}) = \frac{1}{t_B^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{p})} = \frac{2\mathbf{p}}{\hbar^2} \sum_K |V_{\vec{k}}|^2 \left\{ (1 + N_0(\mathbf{b})) d[\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{p})] + N_0(\mathbf{b}) d[\Delta^-(\vec{k}, \vec{p})] \right\} \quad (3.48)$$

(SedarebisTvis ix. (3.31) formul a).

saidanac, mcire sicqareebiT moZravi el eqtronisaTvis $\tilde{P}^2 \ll 1$, dabal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi ($g \gg 1$), Tu CavatarebT martiv gamoTvl ebs dgindeba, rom rel aqsaciis sixSire $\Gamma_B^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{P})$ - warmoidgineba Semdegi formiT:

$$\Gamma_B^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{P}) = \Gamma_{0B}(\mathbf{g}) = 2a N_0(\mathbf{g}); \quad (\mathbf{g} \gg 1, \tilde{P}^2 \ll 1). \quad (3.49)$$

(ix.SedarebisTvis (3.26)-formul a). (3.49)-gamosaxul ebidan ukve martivad miiReba el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis (3.47)- mniSvnel oba. rogorc (3.44), (3.46) da (3.47) - formul ebidan cans, fxip-isa da tornberg-feinmanis Sedegi $\frac{3}{2g}$ mamravl iT gansxvavdeba dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis (3.47)- mniSvnel obisagan, romel ic miiReba bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebis amoxsniT (e.w. " $\frac{3}{2} \frac{K_B T}{\hbar w_0}$ - probl ema"). rogorc araerTgzis iyo

aRniSnul i samecniero literaturaSi [31,101-103], fxip-is mier $\tilde{Z}(\tilde{w})$ - impedansis da Zvradobis gamoTvl isas, rodesac $\tilde{w} \rightarrow 0$ - gamoiyeneba arakoreqtul i maTematikuri procedura. Aavtoris mier naSromSi miRebul i el eqtrogamtarobis (3.34)- formul a, romel ic faqtiurad warmoadgens fxip-is miaxl oebas adebs piobas fxip-is Teoriis gamoyenebis (samarTI ianobis)

sazRvrebs: $\tilde{\Gamma}_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{\mathbf{P}}) \ll \tilde{\omega} \ll \min(\frac{1}{g}; 1)$. Aamis gamo el eqtrogamtarobis (3.34)-

gamosaxul eba, anu rac igivea fxip-is Teoria (miaxl oeba) samarTI iania $\tilde{\omega}$ -maRal i sixSireebis SemTxvevaSi da $\tilde{\omega} \rightarrow 0$ -zRvrul i gadasvl a (3.42) –

formul aSi ar aris koreqtul i. Ggarda amisa, $\tilde{\mathcal{S}}(\tilde{\omega})$ - el eqtrogamtarobis

gaSI isas mwkrivad da $\tilde{Z}(\tilde{\omega})$ - impendansis mniSvnel obis gamoTvl isas, ar

gaiTval iswineba maRal i rigis wevrebi \mathbf{a} -bmis mudmivas rigis mixedviT.

(unda aRiniSnos, rom fxip-is miaxl oeba samarTI iania agreTve

maRal temperaturul areSi, rodesac: $(\tilde{\Gamma}_0^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{\mathbf{P}}) \ll 1 \ll \tilde{\omega} \ll \frac{1}{g})$. rac Seexeba

tornberg-feinmanis midgomas, am TeoriaSi bol cmanis kinetikuri

gantol ebis stacionarul SemTxvevaSi amoxsnisas da el eqtronis

dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis gamoTvl isas gamoiyeneba maqsvel is saxis

wanacvl ebul i ganawil ebis funqcia el eqtronisaTvis, romel ic

araadekvaturad asaxavs el eqtronis yofaqcevas kristal is dabal i

temperaturebisa da ZI ieri el eqtrul i vel ebis SemTxvevaSi (ix.

l iteraturis mimoxil va) da amitomac ar aris moul odnel i, rom miRebul i

Sedegi $\frac{3}{2g}$ Tanamravl iT gansxvavdeba el eqtronis “bol cmaniseul i” (3.47)-

dabal temperaturul i Zvradobisagan.

sadisertacio naSromSi, avtoris mier miRebul i Sedegi frol ixis

pol aronis (el eqtronis) dabal temperaturul i ZvradobisaTvis (ix.(3.28) –

formul a) warmoadgens “ $\frac{3}{2g}$ probl emis” nawil obriv gadawyvetas [116,120]. is

3-j er aRemateba “bol cmaniseul ” (3.47)- dabal temperaturul Zvradobas da

$\frac{1}{2g}$ -DA- mamravl iT gansxvavdeba fxip-isa da tornberg-feinmanis Sedegisagan.

Mmamravl i 3-ianis warmoSoba ganpirobepul ia im faqtiT, rom: $\Gamma_0(\mathbf{g})/\Gamma_{0B}(\mathbf{g}) = \frac{1}{3}$;

da TviT $\Gamma_0(\mathbf{g})$ - el eqtronis siCqaris (impul sis) rel aqsaciis sixSiris

gamoTvl isas, korel aciuri funqciebisaTvis kinetikuri gantol ebebis

daj axebiTi integral ebi da $\Gamma_n^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \tilde{\mathbf{p}})$ sixSire Seicaven Tanamravl i s:

$$\frac{V_n(\vec{p} + \hbar\vec{k}) - V_n(\vec{p})}{V_n(\vec{p})} \quad (\text{ix. (3.9), (3.12), (3.15)}), \text{ romel ic aRwers el eq-}$$

tronis sicqaris cvl il ebas misi gabnevisas fononebze, maSin rodesac el eqtronis ganawil ebis funqciis rel aqsaciis sixSire: $\Gamma_B^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{p})$ (ix. (3.48))- aseTi saxis Tanamamravl s ar Seicavs. swored es faqtori ganapirobebs am damatebiTi mamravl is warmomqnas [120]. rac Seexeba fxip-isa da tornberg-feinmanis Sedegebis Tanxvedras $\tilde{\mathbf{m}}_{FXIP} = \mathbf{m}_{TF} = \frac{1}{2g} \frac{3}{2a} e^g$; ($g \gg 1$) da $\frac{1}{2g}$ - mamravl s, maTi warmoSobis buneba dRevandel dRemde bol omde garkveul i ar aris.

3.3. el eqtronis ZvradoBa akustikuri pol aronis

model Si susti el eqtron -fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi

ganvixil oT el eqtroni, romel ic moZraobs koval entur (araionur) kristal Si an naxevargamtarSi, roml is moZraoba aRiwereba (1.13)-(1.14) hami- l tonianiT. davuSvaT, rom el eqtroni sustad urTierTqmedebis akustikur

fononebTan; $a = \frac{D^2 m^2}{8p\hbar^3 V_s} < 1$. Aam SemTxvevaSi adgili i aqvs el eqtronis

urTierTqmedebas dispersiis mqone akustikur fononebTan: $\mathbf{w}(\vec{k}) = V_s \cdot k$; $k \equiv |\vec{k}|$.

el eqtronis energiisaTvis gamtarobis zonidan gvaqvs dispersiis standartul i parabol uri kanoni da el eqtronis sicqaris \mathbf{m} -komponenti moicema (3.19) formul iT. el eqtronis ZvradoBis gamosaTvl el ad

akustikuri pol aronis model Si visargebl oT (3.17)-(3.18) formul ebiT,

xol o $\Gamma_{vac}^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{p})$ - rel aqsaciis sixSiris gamosaTvl el ad ki - (3.15)

gamosaxul ebiT. Tu gamoviyenebT (1.14) da (3.15) - formul ebs, miymarTavT

el eqtrul vel s Z-RerZis dadebiTi mimarTul ebis gaswriw, Sevasrul ebT

Termodinamikur zRvrul gadasvl as da CavatarebT integrebas K-cvl adiT,

maSin $\Gamma_{zac}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \vec{P})$ - rel aqsaciis sixSirisatvis miviRebT gamosaxul ebas:

$$\Gamma_{zac}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \vec{P}) = -\frac{mV_s^2}{\hbar} \frac{16a}{\tilde{P}_z} \int d\Omega_{\vec{k}} \cos \mathbf{q} (1 - \tilde{P} \cos \Phi)^3 \frac{1}{\exp[4g(1 - \tilde{P} \cos \Phi)] - 1} -$$

$$-\frac{mV_s^2}{\hbar} \frac{16a}{\tilde{P}_z} \int d\Omega_{\vec{k}} \cos \mathbf{q} (1 + \tilde{P} \cos \Phi)^3 \frac{1}{\exp[4g(1 + \tilde{P} \cos \Phi)] - 1}; \quad (3.50)$$

$$(a < 1.)$$

sadac: $\mathbf{g} = \frac{mV_s^2}{2K_B T}$ - warmoadgens model is maxasiaTebel uganzomil ebo fizikur parametrs, \tilde{P} - uganzomil ebo impul sia: $\tilde{P} = \bar{P}/mV_s$

$$d\Omega_k = \sin \mathbf{q} d\mathbf{q} d\mathbf{j}; \quad \tilde{P} \cos \Phi = \sin \mathbf{q} \cos \mathbf{j} \tilde{P}_x + \sin \mathbf{q} \sin \mathbf{j} \tilde{P}_y + \cos \mathbf{q} \tilde{P}_z,$$

sadac \mathbf{q} da \mathbf{j} - sferul i kuTxeebia, xol o Φ - warmoadgens kuTxes

\bar{K} da \bar{P} veqtorebs Soris. gamovTval oT (3.50) - formul is daxmarebiT el eqtronis impul sis rel aqsaciis sixSire kristal is dabal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi, rodesac $\mathbf{g} \gg 1$. amisaTvis ganvixil oT "mcire" siCqariT moZravi el eqtroni: $\tilde{P} \ll 1$ ($P \ll mV_s$). aseT SemTxvevaSi el eqtrons ar Seswevs unari gamoasxivos fononebi, vinaidan adgil i ar eqneba energiisa da impul sis Senaxvis kanonebs misi gabnevisas fononebze (ix. (3.15)-formul a). Amis gamo, (3.50)- gamosaxul eba martivdeba da SesaZl ebel ia Caweril i iqnas Semdegi saxiT:

$$\Gamma_{Ac}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}) = \mathbf{t}_{Ac}^{-rel}(\mathbf{g}) = \frac{mV_s^2}{\hbar} 64\mathbf{a} [e^{4\mathbf{g}} - 1]^{-1} \quad (3.51)$$

$$(\tilde{P} \ll 1; \mathbf{g} \gg 1; \mathbf{a} < 1).$$

Aamrigad, mcire siCqariT moZravi el eqtronisTvis, rodesac el eqtronis siCqare gacil ebiT nakl ebia kristal Si bgeris gavrcel ebis siCqareze ($(P/m \ll V_s)$, el eqtronis siCqaris (impul sis) rel aqsaciis sixSire (dro) ganpirobebul ia mxol od el eqtronis mier fononebis STanTqmis procesiT da ar aris damokidebul i el eqtronis \tilde{P} -impul sze. cxadia, rom aseT SemTxvevas adgil i aqvs kristal is Zal ian dabal i temperaturebis dros ($\mathbf{g} \gg 1$). miRebul i (3.51) - formul is daxmarebiT el eqtronis "siCqare-siCqareze"- korel aciuri funqciebi warmoidgineba Semdegi formiT. (ix. SedarebisaTvis (3.14) da (3.24) - formul ebi):

$$\langle V_z(0)V_z(\pm t) \rangle = \frac{V_s^2}{2\mathbf{g}} \exp[-\Gamma_{Ac}^{rel}(\mathbf{g})|t|] \exp\left[\pm i \frac{\hbar\mathbf{g}}{mV_s^2} \Gamma_{Ac}^{rel}(\mathbf{g})\right]; \quad (3.52)$$

$$(\mathbf{a} < 1; \mathbf{g} \gg 1; t \geq \mathbf{t}_{Ac}^{rel})$$

(3.52)-korel aciuri funqciebis asimptoturi gamosaxul ebebis gamoyva-nisas Cven visargebl eT (3.25) - TanafardobebiT.

Aamgvarad, rogorc (3.52) -formul ebidan Cans, "siCqare - siCqareze" - korel aciuri funqciebi eqsponencial urad miil evian drois mixedviT

dabal i temperaturebis dros ($g \gg 1$), $\Gamma_{Ac}^{rel}(g)$ – mil evis dekrementiT. naTe-l ia, rom miRebul i Sedegi napovnia Sfm-is gamoyenebis gareSe, da gan-sxvavdeba. Sedegisagan, romel ic miReba Sfm-Si eqsponencial uri Tana-mamravliT:

$$\exp\left[\pm \frac{i\hbar g}{mV_s^2} \Gamma_{Ac}^{rel}(g)\right]. [121-122].$$

vipovoT axl a el eqtrogamtaroba da dabal temperaturul i Zvradoba el eqtronisTvis erTzonian miaxl oebaSi da izotropul SemTxvevaSi akustikuri polaronis model Si susti el eqtron- fononuri bmis dros. Tu visargebl ebT (3.17), (3.19) da (3.25) – formul ebiT, maSin kuTri el eqtro-gatarobisaTvis miViRebT gamosaxul ebas [121-122]:

$$\text{Res}_{Ac}(w) = \frac{ne^2}{m} \frac{\Gamma_{Ac}^{rel}(g)}{w^2 + \Gamma_{Ac}^{2rel}(g)} \cos\left[\frac{\hbar g}{mV_s^2} \Gamma_{Ac}^{rel}(g)\right] \quad (3.53)$$

$$(a < 1; g \gg 1; w \ll \frac{mV_s^2}{\hbar g}).$$

sadac: n-warmoadgens el eqtronebis koncentracias; xol o dabal te-
mperaturul i statikuri ($w = 0$) ZvradobisaTvis Sesabamisad gveqneba:

$$m_{Ac} = \lim_{w \rightarrow 0} \frac{\text{Re } \mathbf{s}_{Ac}(w)}{ne} = m_{0Ac} - \Delta m_{Ac}$$

$$m_{0Ac} = \frac{\hbar e}{m^2 V_s^2} \frac{1}{64a} e^{4g}$$

$$\Delta m_{Ac} = \frac{\hbar e}{m^2 V_s^2} \frac{1}{32a} e^{4g} \sin^2[32ag^{-4g}]; \quad (a < 1; g \gg 1) \quad (3.54)$$

rogorc (3.54) – formul ebidan Cans, temperaturul i Sesworeba el eqtronis dabal temperaturul , dreiful , statikur (dc)–Zvradobaze, romel ic ganpiribebul ia sawyisi korel aciebis gaTval iswinebiT am model Si warmoadgens Zal ian mcire sidides:

$$\Delta m_{Ac} \approx \frac{\hbar e}{m^2 V_s^2} 32ag^2 e^{-4g}; \quad \frac{\Delta m_{Ac}}{m_{Ac}} \approx 2048 \cdot a^2 g^2 e^{-8g}; \quad (3.55)$$

$$(a < 1; g \gg 1)$$

miRebul i (3.54- 3.55)–formul ebi warmoadgenen Tanmimdevrul da koreqtul Sedegs el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradobisa akustikuri polaronis model Si susti el eqtron – fononuri bmis SemTxvevaSi [121-122].

gamovTval oT axl a el eqtrogamtaroba da dreiful i Zvradoba akustikuri polaronis model Si el eqtrul i vel is maRal i sixSireebis

SemTxvevaSi, rodesac srul deba (3.29)–Tanafardoba romel ic akusti-kuri pol aronis model Si mi iRebs Semdeg saxes:

$$\tilde{\Gamma}_{AC}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{\mathbf{P}}) \ll \tilde{\mathbf{w}} \ll \frac{1}{2\mathbf{g}}; \text{ sadac: } \tilde{\mathbf{w}} = \frac{\hbar}{mV_s^2} \mathbf{w}; \text{ da } \Gamma_{AC}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{\mathbf{P}}) = \frac{mV_s^2}{\hbar} \tilde{\Gamma}_{AC}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{\mathbf{P}}); \quad (3.56)$$

($\tilde{\mathbf{w}}$ da $\tilde{\Gamma}_{AC}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{\mathbf{P}})$ – uganzomil ebo sixSireebia). Tu gaviTval iswinebT (3.17) – formul as, izotropul SemTxvevaSi gveqneba Tanafardoba: (ix. agreTve (3.18) da (3.30) – formul ebi):

$$\tilde{\mathbf{w}}^2 \text{Re} \tilde{\mathbf{S}}_{AC}(\tilde{\mathbf{w}}) = \frac{2}{\mathbf{g}\tilde{\mathbf{w}}} th\left(\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{g}\tilde{\mathbf{w}}\right) \frac{128}{3\sqrt{\mathbf{p}}} \mathbf{a}\mathbf{g}^{3/2} \int_{-1}^{\infty} dK(K+1)^4 \frac{e^{-\mathbf{g}K^2}}{e^{4\mathbf{g}(K+1)} - 1} \quad (3.57)$$

$$\mathbf{s}_{AC}(\mathbf{w}) = \frac{ne^2\hbar}{m^2V_s^2} \tilde{\mathbf{S}}_{AC}(\mathbf{w}).$$

Dda rel aqsaciis (uganzomil ebo) sixSire $\tilde{\Gamma}_{AC}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{\mathbf{P}})$ am model Si warmoi-dgineba Semdegi saxiT:

$$\tilde{\Gamma}_{AC}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{\mathbf{P}}) = \frac{16\mathbf{a}}{\mathbf{p}} \int d\vec{K} \cdot K \frac{(\vec{K} \cdot \tilde{\mathbf{P}})}{\tilde{\mathbf{P}}^2} \left\{ [1 + N(4\mathbf{g}K)] \mathbf{d}(K^2 + \vec{K} \cdot \tilde{\mathbf{P}} + K) + N(4\mathbf{g}K) \mathbf{d}(K^2 + \vec{K} \cdot \tilde{\mathbf{P}} - K) \right\};$$

$$N(4\mathbf{g}K) = [e^{4\mathbf{g}K} - 1]^{-1}; \quad (\mathbf{a} < 1). \quad (3.58)$$

(3.57) da (3.58) – gamosaxul ebebis miRebisas gaTval iswinebul i iyo fononebis dispersiis kanoni, Sesrul ebul i iyo Termodinamikuri zRvrul i gadasvl ebi (3.17) da (3.15) – formul ebSi da Catarebul i iyo integracia $\tilde{\mathbf{P}}$ –impul suri cvl adiT (3.17)-Si (3.31)–gamosaxul ebis gamoyenebiT. naTe-l ia, rom el eqtronis impul sis mcire mniSvnel obebisaTvis: $\tilde{\mathbf{P}} \ll 1$; $\tilde{\mathbf{P}} \rightarrow 0$ (3.58) – formul idan martivad miviRebT (3.51)–gamosaxul ebas el e-qtronis impul sis rel aqsaciis sixSirisaTvis.

dinamiuri gamtarobis (3.57) formula principSi samarTliania kristalis nebismieri temperaturis dros am model Si im pirobiT, rom dacul ia (3.56) utol oba. ganvixil oT axl a el eqrogamtarobis (Zvradobis) $\tilde{\mathbf{w}}$ sixSiresa da T-temperaturaze damokidebul eba am parametre-bis sxvadasxva mniSvnel obebis dros.

1) dabal temperaturaTa are, rodesac $\tilde{\Gamma}_{AC}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{\mathbf{p}}) \ll \frac{1}{2\mathbf{g}} \ll 1$. aseT SemTxvevaSi,

(3.56) utol obis gaTval iswinebiT gveqneba: $\tilde{\Gamma}_{AC}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \tilde{\mathbf{p}}) \ll \tilde{\mathbf{w}} \ll \frac{1}{2\mathbf{g}} \ll 1$. vi nai dan

$g \gg 1; \frac{2}{g\tilde{w}} \text{th}(\frac{1}{2}g\tilde{w}) \Rightarrow 1$. amitom (3.57) formul idan gamomdinare (Tu CavatarebT martiv gardaqmnebsa da gamoTvl ebs) dinamiuri gamtarobisTvis gveqneba Semdegnairi (asimptoturi) yofaqceva:

$$\tilde{w}^2 \text{Re} \tilde{S}_{oAC}(\tilde{w}) \approx \frac{128}{3} a g e^{-4g}; \quad (g \gg 1, g \rightarrow \infty); a < 1 \quad (3.59)$$

amrigad, am areSi el eqtrogamtaroba ukuproporciul ia sixSiris kvadratisa (maRal i sixSireebis SemTxvevaSi) da miil eva eqsponencia-l urad T temperaturis SemicirebasTan erTad.

II) maRal temperaturaTa are, rodesac $\tilde{\Gamma}_{AC}^{rel}(g, \tilde{p}) \ll 1 \ll \frac{1}{2g}$; kristal is temperaturaTa am areSi gamoiyofa \tilde{w} -sixSireTa ori diapazoni: 1)

$\tilde{\Gamma}_{AC}^{rel}(g, \tilde{p}) \ll \tilde{w} \ll 1 \ll \frac{1}{2g}$; da 2) $\tilde{\Gamma}_{AC}^{rel}(g, \tilde{p}) \ll 1 \ll \tilde{w} \ll \frac{1}{2g}$; naTel ia, rom maRal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi \tilde{w} -sixSireTa am orive diapazonSi dinamiuri gamtarobisTvis gveqneba erTnairi yofaqceva. radgan

$g \ll 1, g\tilde{w} \ll 1, \frac{2}{g\tilde{w}} \text{th}(\frac{1}{2}g\tilde{w}) \Rightarrow 1$; amitom (3.57) formul idan gamomdinare martivi gamoTvl ebiT davadgenT, rom maRal i temperaturebis SemTvevaSi gamtarobisaTvis gveqneba Semdegi saxis yofaqceva:

$$\tilde{w}^2 \text{Re} \tilde{S}_{oAC}(\tilde{w}) \Rightarrow \frac{32}{3} a; \quad (g \ll 1, g \rightarrow 0); a < 1. \quad (3.60)$$

cxadia, rom el eqtronis sixSireze damokidebul i ZvradobisTvis - $\tilde{m}_{oAC}(\tilde{w})$ Sfm-Si, rogorc dabal i aseve maRal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi gvaqvs iseTive saxis yofaqcevis suraTi, rogorc dinamiuri gamtarobisTvis vinai dan $\text{Re} \tilde{S}_{AC}(\tilde{w}) \equiv \tilde{m}_{oAC}(\tilde{w})$. amgvarad, (3.60)-is Tanaxmad maRal temperaturaTa areSi dinamiuri gamtaroba (el eqtronis Zvradoba) ar aris damokidebul i kristal is temperaturaze.

rogorc (3.53) da (3.55) formul ebidan Cans temperaturul i Seswo-reba el eqtronis Zvradobaze, romel ic ganpirobepul ia el eqtronis fononebTan arsebul i sawyisi korel aciebis gaTval iswinebiT, maRal sixSirul areSic da kristal is dabal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi moicema (3.55) Tanafardobebis aRmweri meore formul is saSual ebiT.

rogorc ukve aRniSnul i iyo naSromis I TavSi, el eqtronis daba-l - temperaturul i Zvradobis gamosaTvl el ad akustikuri pol aronis model Si susti el eqtron-fononuri bmis SemTxvevaSi ($a < 1$), gamoiyeneba kinetikuri (bol cmanis) gantol ebis meTodi [99,108]. gareSe el eqtrul i vel is mixedviT gawrfivebul i bol cmanis gantol ebis amoxsnisas rel aqsaciis drois miaxl oebaSi, daj axeBIT integral ebSi gadasvl is sixSireebisa da TviT am integral ebis gamoTvl isas, gaiTval iswineba mxol od `danakl isis" wevrebi. aseTi saxis miaxl oebis Sesrul eba (araferi rom ar vTqvaT Sfm-ze) warmoadgens sakmaod uxeSs da zogadad arasrul yofil ad asaxavs el eqtronul i gadatanis movl enebis el eqtron-fononur sistemaSi. warmodgenil model Si, zemoT Tqmul i miaxl oebebis fargl ebSi, el eqtronis ganawil ebis funqciis rel aqsaciis sixSires aqvs Semdegi saxe:

$$\Gamma_{BAC}^{rel}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{p}) = \frac{2\mathbf{p}}{\hbar^2} \sum_k |V_{\vec{k}}|^2 [N_{\vec{k}}(\mathbf{b}) \mathbf{d} \left(\frac{\hbar \vec{k}^2}{2m} + \frac{\vec{k}\vec{p}}{m} - V_s k \right) + (1 + N_{\vec{k}}(\mathbf{b})) \times \mathbf{d} \left(\frac{\hbar \vec{k}^2}{2m} + \frac{\vec{k}\vec{p}}{m} + V_s k \right)] \Gamma_{BAC}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \vec{p}) = \frac{mV_s^2}{\hbar} \tilde{\Gamma}_{BAC}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \vec{p}); \quad (3.61)$$

$$\tilde{\Gamma}_{BAC}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \vec{p}) = \frac{8\mathbf{a}}{\mathbf{p}} \int d\vec{K} K [(1 + N(4\mathbf{g} K) \mathbf{d}(\vec{K}^2 + \vec{K}\vec{p} + \vec{K}) + N(4\mathbf{g} K) \mathbf{d}(\vec{K}^2 + \vec{K}\vec{p} - K)]$$

sadac: uganzomil ebo tal Ruri veqtori \vec{K} (iseve rogorc (3.57) da(3.58)

formul ebSi) ganisazRvreba TanafardobiT: $\vec{K} = \frac{\hbar}{2mV_s} \cdot \vec{k}$;

martivad dgindeba, rom dabal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi ($\mathbf{g} \gg 1$) da `mcire- siCqariT moZravi el eqtronisTvis ($\vec{p}^2 \ll 1$), (3.61) formul ebi gvaZl even el eqtronis al baTobis ganawil ebis funqciis rel aqsaciis sixSirisaTvis Semdeg mniSvnel obas:

$$\Gamma_{BAC}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}, \vec{p}) = \Gamma_{OBAC}^{rel}(\mathbf{g}) = \frac{mV_s^2}{\hbar} 32\mathbf{a} [e^{4\mathbf{g}} - 1]^{-1} \quad (3.62)$$

$$(\vec{p} \ll 1, \mathbf{g} \gg 1, \mathbf{a} < 1)$$

(3.62)-is daxmarebit ki martivad vpoul obT el eqtronis dabal temperaturul Zvradobas (Sfm-Si) akustikuri pol aronis model Si:

$$\mathbf{m}_{0BAC} = \frac{\hbar e}{m^2 V_s^2} \cdot \frac{1}{32\mathbf{a}} e^{4\mathbf{g}}; (\mathbf{g} \gg 1, \mathbf{a} < 1). \quad (3.63)$$

amrigad, sadisertacio naSromSi avtoris mier miRebul i Sedegi akustikuri pol aronis model Si el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i (statikuri) dreiful i ZvradobisTvis (ix. (3.54) formul a) Sfm-Si 1/2-j er nakl ebia el eqtronis `bol cmaniseul - dabal temperaturul dreiful Zvradobaze (ix. 3.63)). mamravl i 1/2-is warmoSoba ganpirobepul ia im garemoebiT, rom $\Gamma_{AC}^{rel}(\mathbf{g})/\Gamma_{0BAC}^{rel}(\mathbf{g})=2$, da TviT el eqtronis sicqaris (impu-l sis) rel aqsaciis sixSiris (3.58)-gamosaxul ebis integral qveSa wevrebi Seicaven $(\bar{K} \cdot \tilde{P})/\tilde{P}^2$ -Tanamamravl s, maSin rodesac (3.61) rel aqsaciis sixSiris gamosaxul ebis integral qveSa wevrebi aseT Tanamamravl s ar Seicaven; xol o TviT am Tanamamravl is warmoSoba ganpirobepul ia korel aciuri funqciebisTvis kinetikuri gantol ebebis daj axebiT integral ebSi el eqtronis sicqaris cvl il ebis wevris arseboiT misi gabnevisas fononebze (ix. (3.9), (3.12), (3.15) da 3.2 paragrafi)). swored am garemoebis gamo miReba el eqtronis dabal temperaturul i ZvradobisTvis 2-j er nakl ebi mniSvel oba am model Si, romel ic warmoadgens Tanamimdevrul da swor Sedegs gansxvavebiT kinetikuri gantol ebis gamoyenebiT miRebul i Sedegisagan (`bol cmaniseul i - midgomi sagan) [121-122].

rac Seexeba el eqtronis dabal temperaturul (statikur) Zvradobebis am model Si roml ebic miRebian fxip-is Teoriisa (miaxl oebisa) da bal ansis gantol ebis meTodis (tornberg-feinmanis Teoriis) gamoyenebiT, avtoris mier Catarebul i gamokvl ebebis safuZvel ze napovnia am dabal temperaturul i Zvradobebis mniSvel obebi da dadgenil ia, rom isini emTxvevi an erTmaneTs:

$$\tilde{m}_{AC}^{FXIP} = \tilde{m}_{AC}^{TF} = \frac{3}{4g} \cdot \frac{1}{64a} e^{4g}; \quad (g \gg 1, a < 1) \quad (3.64)$$

iseve rogorc pol aronis frol ixis model Si, am model Sic $\frac{3}{4g}$ - mamravl is warmoSobis Rrma mizezi (buneba) j er-j erobiT dadgenil i ar aris.

amrigad sadisertacio naSromis am Tavis (3.1_3.3) paragrafebSi avtoris mier ganxil ul model ebze dayrdnobiT miRebul i Sedegebi (gamoyvanil i formul ebi: rogorc zogadi, aseve miaxl oebiTi) SesaZl ebl obas iZl eva gadaugvarebel , farTozonian, erTgvarovan (pol arul i) naxevargamtarebSi, ionur da koval entur kristal ebSi el eqtronul i gadatanis meqanikuri koe-

ficientebis (dreiful i Zvradoba, dinamiuri gamtaroba) gamoTvl isa erTi zonis miaxl oebaSi kvazinawil akebis (el eqtronebis) dispersiis rogorc zogadi, aseve parabol uri kanonis dros, fononebis dispersiis izotropul i kanonisa da susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi.

3.4 pol aronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradoba feinmanis ganzogadoebul model Si

pol aronul i gadatanis meqanikuri koeficientebis (dreiful i Zvradoba, el eqtrogamtaroba) gamosaTvl el ad pol arul naxevargamtarebsa an ionur kristal ebSi Semovifargl oT pol aronis fgm-iT, romel ic aRweril i iyo naSromis I Tavis 1.3.3 paragrafSi da roml is model uri hamil toniani H_{GF}^S moicema (1.52)-tol obiT. pol aronis dreiful i Zvradobis sapovnel ad visargebl oT kubos wrfivi gamoZaxil is TeoriiT da gamoTvl ebis gasamartivebl ad Semovifargl oT 1.3.3 paragrafSi warmodgenil erTeul Ta sistemiT: ($\hbar = m = w_0 = 1$). CavTval oT, rom deni romel ic figurirebs (3.2)-formul aSi, ganpirobepul ia el eqtronisa, da fiqtiuri nawil akis (pol aronis) masaTa centris gadaadgil ebiT, vinaidan isini dakavSirebul i arian erTmaneTTan. amgvarad, ganixil eba sistema, romel ic aRiwereba hamil tonianiT [57-58,125]:

$$H_{GF} = H_{GF}^S + H_{\Sigma} + H_{int} \quad (3.65)$$

sadac: H_{Σ} -fononuri vel is hamil toniania, xol o H_{int} urTierTqmedebis hamil toniani ganisazRvreba (1.2), (1.18) da (1.20)-tol obebiT. el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedeba ganixil eba rogorc mcire SeSfoTeba. naTel ia, rom el eqtronis \vec{r} -koordinati dakavSirebul ia axal kanoni-kurcvl adebTan TanafardobiT (ix. 1.3.3. paragrafi):

$$\vec{r} = \vec{R} + \mathbf{m}_e \vec{x}; \quad \mathbf{m}_e = \frac{M_{GF}}{M_{GF} + 1}, \quad \mathbf{m} \equiv \mathbf{m}_e \quad (3.66)$$

Semovifargl oT erTi zonis miaxl oebiT da izotropul i SemTxveviT da ganvixil oT, magal iTad pol aronis `impul si-impul sze--korel aciuri funqciis z-komponenti.

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \hat{P}_z \hat{P}_z(t) \rangle_{GF} &= Z_{GF}^{-1}(\mathbf{b}) SP_{GF\Sigma} \left[e^{-bH_{GF}} \hat{P}_z e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} H_{GF} t} \hat{P}_z e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H_{GF} t} \right] = \\ SP_{GF}^s [\hat{P}_z G_z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b})]; G_z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b}) &= Z_{GF}^{-1}(\mathbf{b}) SP_{GF\Sigma} \left[(e^{iL_{GF} t} \hat{P}_z) e^{-bH_{GF}} \right] \end{aligned} \quad (3.67)$$

$$Z_{GF}(\mathbf{b}) = SP_{GF\Sigma} (e^{-bH_{GF}}) \hat{P}_z \equiv$$

sadac: Cven SemoviReT damxmare (rel evanturi) operatori $G_z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b})$. msgavsi gamosaxul eba gveqneba agreTve korel aciuri funqciisTvis:

$\langle \hat{P}_z(t) \hat{P}_z(t) \rangle_{GF}$. rogorc (3.67)-tol obebidan cans kval i korel aciuri funqciis gamoTvl isas aiReba $|\bar{P}\rangle |n\rangle$. orTonormirebul sakuTar funqciebze Sredingeris (1.54) da (1.55)-gantol ebebisa;

$$|n\rangle \equiv u_n(\bar{\mathbf{x}}); \cdot SP_{GF}^s [\hat{P}_z G_z^{GF}(t)] = \sum_h \int d\bar{P} \hat{P}_z G_z^{GF}(\bar{P}, n, t, \mathbf{b})$$

$$\text{da } G_z^{GF}(\bar{P}, n, t, \mathbf{b}) = \langle \bar{P} | G_z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b}) | n \rangle \bar{P} \rangle \quad (3.68)$$

martivad Sesazl ebel ia naCvenebi ignas, rom korel aciuri funqcia $\langle \hat{P}_z(t) \hat{P}_z(t) \rangle$ da $G_z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b})$ -operatori akmayofil eben Semdegi saxis kinetikur gantol ebas (ix. Sedarebisatvis (3.4)-gantol eba):

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \langle \hat{P}_z \hat{P}_z(t) \rangle &= SP_{GF}^s \left[\hat{P}_z \frac{\partial}{\partial t} G_z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b}) \right] = \frac{i}{\hbar} SP_{GF}^s \left\{ \left[\hat{P}_z, H_{GF}^s \right] G_z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b}) \right\} - \\ - \int_0^t dt \sum_k |V_{\bar{k}}|^2 & \left[e^{-it} N_0(\mathbf{b}) + e^{it} (1 + N_0(\mathbf{b})) \right] SP_{GF}^s \left\{ \left[\hat{P}_z, e^{i\bar{k}\bar{r}} \right] \cdot e^{-i\bar{k}\bar{r}(t)} G_z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b}) \right\} + \\ + \int_0^{t-i\mathbf{b}} dz \sum_k |V_{\bar{k}}|^2 & \left[e^{iz} N_0(\mathbf{b}) + e^{-iz} (1 + N_0(\mathbf{b})) \right] \cdot SP_{GF}^s \left\{ e^{-i\bar{k}\bar{r}(z)} \left[\hat{P}_z, e^{i\bar{k}\bar{r}} \right] \cdot G_z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b}) \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (3.69)$$

sadac: \bar{r} – ganisazRvreba (3.66) – tol obiT da $\bar{r}(t) = e^{iH_{GF}^s t} \bar{r} e^{-iH_{GF}^s t}$ warmoa-dgens pol aronis Tavisufal i moZraobis "traeqtorias" fgm-Si. anal ogiurad Caiwereba kinetikuri gantol eba $\langle \hat{P}_z(t) \hat{P}_z \rangle_{GF} = \langle \hat{P}_z \hat{P}_z(-t) \rangle_{GF}$ korel aciuri funqciisatvis. Tu gaviTval iswinebT (3.66) – tol obas, CavatarebT integrebas t da z - cvl adebiT, maSin martivi gardaqmnebisa da gamoTvl ebis Semdeg miviRebT kinetikur (moZraobis) gantol ebas $G_z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b})$ - operatoris diagonal uri matricul i el ementebisatvis- $G_z^{GF}(\bar{P}, n, t, \mathbf{b})$:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} G_z^{GF}(\bar{P}, n, t, \mathbf{b}) = i \sum_{\bar{k}, n_1, n_2} |V_{\bar{k}}|^2 \frac{K_z}{\bar{P}_z} \times$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \times \left\{ N_0(\mathbf{b}) \frac{1 - \exp\left[it\Delta^-(\vec{k}, \vec{P}, n_1, n_2) \right]}{\Delta^-(\vec{k}, \vec{P}, n_1, n_2)} + (1 + N_0(\mathbf{b})) \frac{1 - \exp\left[it\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{P}, n_1, n_2) \right]}{\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{P}, n_1, n_2)} \right\} \times \\
& \langle n | e^{i\mathbf{m}\vec{k}\vec{x}} | n_1 \rangle \langle n_1 | e^{-i\mathbf{m}\vec{k}\vec{x}} | n_2 \rangle G_Z^{GF}(\vec{P}, n_2, n, t, \mathbf{b}) - i \sum_{\vec{k}, n_1, n_2} |V_{\vec{k}}|^2 \frac{k_Z}{P_Z} \times \\
& \times \left\{ N_0(\mathbf{b}) \frac{1 - \exp\left[-i(t - i\mathbf{b})\Delta^-(\vec{k}, \vec{P}, n_1, n) \right]}{\Delta^-(\vec{k}, \vec{P}, n_1, n)} + (1 + N_0(\mathbf{b})) \frac{1 - \exp\left[-i(t - i\mathbf{b})\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{P}, n_1, n) \right]}{\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{P}, n_1, n)} \right\} P \\
& \times \langle n | e^{-i\mathbf{m}\vec{k}\vec{x}} | n_1 \rangle \langle n_1 | e^{i\mathbf{m}\vec{k}\vec{x}} | n_2 \rangle G_Z^{GF}(\vec{P}, n_2, n, t, \mathbf{b}) \tag{3.70}.
\end{aligned}$$

aq $\Delta^\pm(\vec{k}, \vec{P}, n_1, n_2) = \frac{\vec{k}^2}{2M} + \frac{\vec{k}\vec{P}}{M} \pm 1 + \mathbf{e}_{n_1} - \mathbf{e}_{n_2}$ - si di de warmoadgens fononebze gabne-
 visas pol aronis energiis cvl il ebas misi erTi aRgznebul i energe-tikul i
 mdgomareobidan meore aRgznebul mdgomareobaSi gadasvl is dros;
 $M \equiv M_{GF} + 1$ -ki pol aronis masaa. Tu (3.70) – gantol ebaSi Sevasru-l ebT Casmas
 $t \rightarrow -t$ martivad vpoul obT gantol ebas $G_Z^{GF}(\vec{P}, n, -t, \mathbf{b})$ sididisaTvis. cxadia,
 rom (3.70)- kinetikuri gantol eba ar warmoadgens bol cmanis tipis
 gantol ebas, vinaidan am gantol ebis daj axebiTi inte-gral ebi Seicaven
 aradiagonal ur matricul el ementebS $G_Z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b})$ operatorisa:
 $G_Z^{GF}(\vec{P}, n_2, n, t, \mathbf{b}) = \langle \vec{P} | \langle n_2 | G_Z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b}) | n \rangle | \vec{P} \rangle$. naTel ia, rom aj amva (3.70) –
 gantol ebis marj vena mxareSi xorciel deba Sredingeris (1.54)–gantol ebis
 yvel a $|n \rangle \equiv u_n(\vec{x})$ – orTonormirebul i ZiriTadi da aRgznebul i (zogadad
 gadagvarebul i) mdgomareobebis mixedviT. (Cven vTvl iT, rom ZiriTadi
 mdgomareobis $|0 \rangle$ – energetikul i done \mathbf{e}_0 – ar aris gadagvarebul i).

bol cmanis tipis kinetikuri gantol ebis misaRebad $G_Z^{GF}(\vec{P}, n, t, \mathbf{b})$
 sididisaTvis warmovadginoT $G_Z^{GF}(\vec{P}, n_2, n, t, \mathbf{b})$ – aradiagonal uri matricul i
 el ementebi Semdegi formiT:

$$G_Z^{GF}(\vec{P}, n_2, n, t, \mathbf{b}) = G_Z^{GF}(\vec{P}, n, t, \mathbf{b}) \mathbf{d}_{n_2 n} + \exp\left[it(\mathbf{e}_{n_2} - \mathbf{e}_n) \right] \tilde{G}_Z^{GF}(\vec{P}, n_2, n, t, \mathbf{b}) [1 - \mathbf{d}_{n_2 n}]: \tag{3.71}$$

sadac $\mathbf{d}_{n_2 n}$ – warmoadgens kronekeris simbol os da SemoRebul i si di de

$\tilde{G}_Z^{GF}(\vec{P}, n_2, n, t, \mathbf{b})$ – SedarebiT mdored icvl eba t –didi droebis asimptotur
 areSi ($t \geq t_{rel}$). ganvixil oT did droTa mniSvnel obebi, rodesac

$$t \gg | \mathbf{e}_{n_i} - \mathbf{e}_{n_j} |^{-1}; (n_i, n_j = 0, 1, 2, \dots) \tag{3.72}$$

Tu CavsvamT (3.71)–tol obas (3.70)–kinetikuri gantol ebis marj vena mxareSi da gaviTval iswinebT (3.72)–utol obas, maSin miviRebT bol cmanis saxis kinetikur gantol ebas $G_Z^{GF}(\vec{P}, n, t, \mathbf{b})$ –sidedisaTvis. (Cven ugul vebel yaviT daj axebiTi integral ebi aradiagonal uri matricul i el ementebiT, vinaidan isini warmoadgenen swrafad oscil irebad funqciebs didi droebis SemTxvevaSi) [125]:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} G_Z^{GF}(\vec{P}, \vec{n}, t, \mathbf{b}) &= i \sum_{\vec{k}, n_1} |V_{\vec{k}}|^2 \frac{k_Z}{\vec{P}_Z} \left\{ N_0(\mathbf{b}) \frac{1 - \exp[it\Delta^-(\vec{k}, \vec{P}, n_1, n)]}{\Delta^-(\vec{k}, \vec{P}, n_1, n)} + (1 + N_0(\mathbf{b})) \frac{1 - \exp[it\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{P}, n_1, n)]}{\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{P}, n_1, n)} \right\} \times \\ &\times \langle n | e^{i\mathbf{m}\vec{k}\vec{x}} | n_1 \rangle \langle n_1 | e^{-i\mathbf{m}\vec{k}\vec{x}} | n \rangle \cdot G_Z^{GF}(\vec{P}, n, t, \mathbf{b}) - i \sum_{\vec{k}, n_1} |V_{\vec{k}}|^2 \frac{k_Z}{\vec{P}_Z} \times \\ &\times \left\{ N_0(\mathbf{b}) \frac{1 - \exp[-i(t - i\mathbf{b})\Delta^-(\vec{k}, \vec{P}, n_1, n)]}{\Delta^-(\vec{k}, \vec{P}, n_1, n)} + (1 + N_0(\mathbf{b})) \frac{1 - \exp[-i(t - i\mathbf{b})\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{P}, n_1, n)]}{\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{P}, n_1, n)} \right\} \times \\ &\times \langle n | e^{-i\mathbf{m}\vec{k}\vec{x}} | n_1 \rangle \times \langle n_1 | e^{i\mathbf{m}\vec{k}\vec{x}} | n \rangle G_Z^{GF}(\vec{P}, n, t, \mathbf{b}); \quad t \gg |\mathbf{e}_{n_1} - \mathbf{e}_{n_j}|^{-1} \end{aligned} \quad (3.73)$$

(3.73) gantol ebaSi aj amva n_1 –simbol oTi moicavs agreTve yvel a im mdgomareobebis, romel TaTvisac $\mathbf{e}_{n_2} = \mathbf{e}_{n_1}$, vinaidan zogadad aRgznebul i $|n\rangle$ –mdgomareobebis energetikul i speqtri gadagvarebul ia. msgavsi saxis gantol ebebi gveqneba agreTve $G_Z^{GF}(\vec{P}, n, -t, \mathbf{b})$ da $G_Z^{GF}(\vec{P}, 0, t, \mathbf{b})$ –ZiriTadi mdgomareobis $(\mathbf{e}_0, |0\rangle)$ matricul i el ementebisaTvis. Tu CavatarebT (3.73)–gantol ebisa da misi msgavsi gantol ebis $G_Z^{GF}(\vec{P}, n, -t, \mathbf{b})$ –sidedisaTvis integrebas t –droiTi cvl adis mixedviT, gaviTval iswinebT $G_Z^{GF}(\pm t, \mathbf{b})$ –operatorebisaTvis sawyis pirobebs $t=0$ –drois momenti–saTvis: $G_Z^{GF}(0, \mathbf{b}) = Z^{-1}_{GF}(\mathbf{b}) \vec{P}_Z S P_\Sigma (e^{-bH_{GF}}); \langle \vec{P}_Z \vec{P}_Z(t) \rangle_{GF}$ da $\langle \vec{P}_Z \vec{P}_Z(-t) \rangle_{GF}$ korel aciuri funqciebisTvis (3.68) formul ebs, maSin am korel aciuri funqciebisTvis miviRebT Semdegi saxis gamosaxul ebebs:

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \vec{P}_Z \vec{P}_Z(\pm t) \rangle_{GF} &= \frac{\left(\frac{\mathbf{b}}{2\mathbf{p}M}\right)^{3/2}}{\sum_n e^{-b\mathbf{e}_n}} \sum_n e^{-b\mathbf{e}_n} \int d\vec{P} P_Z^2 \exp\left[-\frac{\mathbf{b}\vec{P}^2}{2M}\right] \times \\ &\times \exp\left[\text{Re} \Gamma_Z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b}, \vec{P}, n)\right] \exp\left[\pm i \text{Im} \Gamma_Z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b}, \vec{P}, n)\right]; \end{aligned} \quad (3.74).$$

sadac,
$$\operatorname{Re} \Gamma_Z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n) = -\sum_{\vec{k}, n_1} \frac{k_z}{\vec{\bar{P}}_z} |V_{\vec{k}}|^2 \left\{ N_0(\mathbf{b}) \frac{1 - \cos[t\Delta^-(\vec{k}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n_1, n)]}{\Delta^-(\vec{k}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n_1, n)} \left[1 + e^{-b\Delta^-(\vec{k}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n_1, n)} \right] + \right.$$

$$\left. + (1 + N_0(\mathbf{b})) \frac{1 - \cos[t\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n_1, n)]}{\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n_1, n)} \times \left[1 + e^{-b\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n_1, n)} \right] \right\} \langle n | e^{im\vec{k}\vec{x}} | n_1 \rangle \langle n_1 | e^{-im\vec{k}\vec{x}} | n \rangle$$

da
$$\operatorname{Im} \Gamma_Z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n) = \sum_{\vec{k}, n_1} \frac{k_z}{\vec{\bar{P}}_z} |V_{\vec{k}}|^2 \left\{ N_0(\mathbf{b}) \frac{\sin[t\Delta^-(\vec{k}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n_1, n)]}{\Delta^-(\vec{k}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n_1, n)} \times \right.$$

$$\left. \left[1 - e^{-b\Delta^-(\vec{k}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n_1, n)} \right] + (1 + N_0(\mathbf{b})) \frac{\sin[t\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n_1, n)]}{\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n_1, n)} \left[1 - e^{-b\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n_1, n)} \right] \right\} \langle n | e^{im\vec{k}\vec{x}} | n_1 \rangle \times$$

$$\times \langle n_1 | e^{-im\vec{k}\vec{x}} | n \rangle \quad (3.75)$$

xol o, TviT korel aciuri funqciebis mil evis dekrementisaTvis (pol aronis impul sis Z-komponentis rel aqsacii sisSirisTvis) da oscil i rebadi faqtorisaTvis gveqneba Semdegi Tanafardobebi:

$$((t \gg | \mathbf{e}_{n_1} - \mathbf{e}_{n_j} |^{-1}); \Gamma_{Zrel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n) = \lim_{|t| \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\operatorname{Re} \Gamma_z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n)}{|t|} = -2p \sum_{\vec{k}, n_1} \frac{k_z}{\vec{\bar{P}}_z} |V_{\vec{k}}|^2 \times$$

$$\times \left\{ N_0(\mathbf{b}) \cdot d \left[\Delta^-(\vec{k}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n_1, n) \right] + (1 + N_0(\mathbf{b})) d \left[\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n_1, n) \right] \right\} \langle n | e^{im\vec{k}\vec{x}} | n_1 \rangle \langle n_1 | e^{-im\vec{k}\vec{x}} | n \rangle; \quad (3.76)$$

$$\operatorname{Im} \Gamma_Z^{GF}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n) = \lim_{|t| \rightarrow \infty} \operatorname{Im} \Gamma_Z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n) = \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \Gamma_{Zrel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n) \operatorname{Sign} t$$

napovni (3.74) formul isa da (3.2)–(3.3) Tanafardobebis daxmarebi T martivad vRebul ibT pol aronisTvis el eqtrogamtarobis tenzoris disipaciuri nawil is mniSvnel obas ganxil ul izotropul SemTxvevaSi [125]:

$$\operatorname{Re} \mathbf{s}_{zz}^{GFS}(\mathbf{w}) = \frac{Ne^2}{M^2} \frac{2th(\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{b}\mathbf{w})}{\mathbf{w}} \int_0^\infty dt \cos(\mathbf{w}t) \frac{(\frac{\mathbf{b}}{2M})^2}{\sum_n e^{-be_n}} \cdot \sum_n e^{-be_n} \int d\vec{\bar{P}} \vec{\bar{P}}_z^2 \cdot \exp \left[-\frac{\mathbf{b}\vec{\bar{P}}^2}{2M} \right] \times$$

$$\times \exp \left[\operatorname{Re} \Gamma_Z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n) \right] \cos \left[\operatorname{Im} \Gamma_Z^{GF}(t, \mathbf{b}, \vec{\bar{P}}, n) \right] \quad (3.77)$$

sadac: N –warmoadgens pol aronebis koncentracias gamtarobis zonaSi.

pol aronis dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis gamosa-Tvi el ad fgm-Si ganvixil oT kristal is Zal ian dabal i temperaturebis zRvrul i SemTxveva, rodesac:

$$\mathbf{b} \gg 1; \mathbf{b}^{-1} \ll | \mathbf{e}_1 - \mathbf{e}_0 | \quad (3.78)$$

sadac \mathbf{e}_1 -warmoadgens pol aronis pirveli aRgznebul i mdgomareobis energias; (3.78) – pirobebis dacvis SemTxvevaSi ZiriTad wvl il s (3.67)-(3.74) korel aciur funqciebSi (ix. agreTve (3.77)) iZi evian pol aronis mdgomareobebi, romel TaTvisac: $E_{\vec{p},n}^{GF} \approx \mathbf{b}^{-1} \ll |\mathbf{e}_1 - \mathbf{e}_0|$; davuSvaT, agreTve, rom $w_0 = 1 \ll |\mathbf{e}_1 - \mathbf{e}_0|$. aRniSnul i pirobebis gaTval iswinebis dros (3.74), (3.75), (3.76) da (3.77) – gamosaxul ebebis gamoTvl isas arsebiti wvl il i Seaqvs pol aronis impul sis mniSvnel obebs, roml ebic akmayofil eben pirobas: $\frac{\vec{p}^2}{2M} \ll |\mathbf{e}_1 - \mathbf{e}_0|$; Tu mxedvel obaSi miviRebT yvel a zemoTaRniSnul pirobas da agreTve Tanafardobas: $t \gg |\mathbf{e}_{n_i} - \mathbf{e}_{n_j}|^{-1}$, maSin (3.74), (3.76) formul ebi martivdeba da warmoidgineba Semdegi formiT:

$$\langle \widehat{P}_z \widehat{P}_z (\pm) \rangle_{GF} = \left(\frac{\mathbf{b}}{2pM} \right)^{3/2} \int d\vec{P} \vec{P}_z^2 \exp \left[-\frac{\mathbf{b}\vec{P}^2}{2M} \right] \cdot \exp \left[-\Gamma_{zrel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \cdot |t| \right] \times \exp \left[\pm i \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \Gamma_{zrel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \right] \quad (3.79)$$

$$\Gamma_{zrel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) = -2p \sum_{\vec{k}} \frac{k_z}{\vec{P}_z} |V_{\vec{k}}| \left\{ N_0(\mathbf{b}) d[\Delta^-(\vec{k}, \vec{P})] + (1 + N_0(\mathbf{b})) d[\Delta^+(\vec{k}, \vec{P})] \right\} \times$$

$$\times | \langle 0 | e^{im\vec{k}\vec{x}} | 0 \rangle |^2; \quad \text{Im} \cdot \Gamma_z^{GF}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) = \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \Gamma_{zrel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})$$

$$\text{sadac: } \Delta^\pm(\vec{k}, \vec{P}) = \frac{\vec{k}^2}{2M} + \frac{\vec{k} \cdot \vec{P}}{M} \pm 1.$$

$$(\mathbf{b} \gg 1; \mathbf{b}^{-1} \ll |\mathbf{e}_1 - \mathbf{e}_0|; \frac{\vec{p}^2}{2M} \ll |\mathbf{e}_1 - \mathbf{e}_0|)$$

dabal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi ($\mathbf{b} \gg 1, \mathbf{b}^{-1} \ll |\mathbf{e}_1 - \mathbf{e}_0|$), (3.79) korel aciuri funqciebis sidide ZiriTadad ganisazRvreba pol aronis impul sebis im mniSvnel obebit, romel TaTvisac $\frac{\vec{p}^2}{2M} \ll 1$. dabal i temperaturebis dros pol aronis impul sis Z-komponentis rel aqsaciis sixSire $\Gamma_{zrel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})$ – martivad gamoTvl eba “impul sTa sferul koordinatTa sistemaSi.” \vec{k} -cvl adiT integrebisas (3.79) formul idan martivad dgindeba, rom kristal is dabal i temperaturebis dros, “mcire siCqarIT” moZravi $(\frac{\vec{p}^2}{2M} \ll 1)$ pol aronis $\Gamma_{zrel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P})$ – impul sis rel aqsaciis sixSire ar aris da-

moki debul i TviT pol aronis \vec{P} -impul sis sidideze da gani sazRvreba Semdegi Tanafardobi T:

$$\Gamma_{zrel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}, \vec{P}) \equiv \Gamma_{0rel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}) = \frac{2}{3} \mathbf{a} N_0(\mathbf{b}) \sqrt{M} f(\sqrt{2M}) \quad (3.80)$$

$$(\mathbf{b} \gg 1, \vec{P}^2 / 2M \ll 1)$$

sadac: $f(\sqrt{2M}) = f(k)|_{k=\sqrt{2M}}$; $f(k) = |<0| e^{i\mathbf{m}\vec{k}\vec{x}} |0>|^2$ (3.81)

$$N_0(\mathbf{b}) = [e^{\mathbf{b}} - 1]^{-1}$$

pol aronis dabal sixSirul i el eqtrogamtarobisa da dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis sapovnel ad fgm-Si visargebl oT (3.77), (3.79) da (3.80) – formul ebiT. martivi gamoTvl ebis Sesrul ebis Semdeg Cven vRebul obT Semdegi saxis gamosaxul ebebs pol aronis kuTri el eqtrogamtarobisa da Zvradobi sTvis [125]:

$$\text{Re } \mathbf{s}^{GF}(\mathbf{w}) = N e^2 \mathbf{b}^{-1} M \frac{2th(\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{b}\mathbf{w})}{\mathbf{w}} \frac{\Gamma_{0rel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b})}{\mathbf{w}^2 + \Gamma_{0rel}^{2GF}(\mathbf{b})} \cos \left[\frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \Gamma_{0rel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}) \right] \quad (3.82)$$

$$(\mathbf{w} \ll \Gamma_{0rel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}) \ll \mathbf{b}^{-1} \ll 1);$$

$$\mathbf{m}_0^{GF} = \frac{3}{2} e \frac{\exp(\mathbf{b})}{\mathbf{a}} \frac{\sqrt{M}}{f(\sqrt{2M})}; \quad \mathbf{m}^{GF} = \mathbf{m}_0^{GF} - \Delta \mathbf{m}^{GF}$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{m}^{GF} = 3e \frac{\exp(\mathbf{b})}{\mathbf{a}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{M}}{f(\sqrt{2M})} \sin^2 \left[\frac{1}{6} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} N_0(\mathbf{b}) \sqrt{M} \cdot f(\sqrt{2M}) \right]. \quad (3.83)$$

$$(\mathbf{w} = 0; \quad \Gamma_{0rel}^{GF}(\mathbf{b}) \ll \mathbf{b}^{-1} \ll 1)$$

rogorc (3.83) formul idan cans, $\Delta \mathbf{m}^{GF}$ –sidide wadmoadgens temperaturul Sesworebas pol aronis \mathbf{m}_0^{GF} -dabal temperaturul Zvradobaze fgm-Si romel ic ganpirobepul ia arsebul i sawyisi korel aciebiT pol aronisa fononebTan. naTel ia, rom temperaturul i Sesworeba Zvradobaze wadmoadgens \mathbf{m}_0^{GF} –ZvradobasTan SedarebiT mcire sidides.

gamovikvl ioT da davadginoT kavSiri pol aronis dabal temperaturul Zvradobebs Soris fgm-Si da pekaris naxevrad kl asikur TeoriaSi. am programis gansaxorciel ebl ad pirvel yovl isa vipovoT matricul i el ementis mniSvnel oba $e^{i\mathbf{m}\vec{k}\vec{x}}$ –eqsponencial ur faqtorze pekaris saxis tal Ruri funqciebis meSveobiT. martivi gamoTvl ebis Catarebis Semdeg vRebul obT Semdegi saxis gamosaxul ebas:

$$f(k) \equiv \langle 0 | e^{im_e \bar{k}x} | 0 \rangle^2 = \frac{F_1(k)}{F_2(k)}; \text{ sadac } F_2(k) = B_0^2(a)(k^2 + 4b^2)^{12};$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{da } F_1(k) = & 16384b^8 [b^4 B_1^2(a)k^{12} + 2b^6 B_1(a)B_2(a)k^{10} + b^8 (B_2^2(a) + 2B_1(a)B_3(a))k^8 + \\ & + 2b^{10} (B_1(a)B_4(a) + B_2(a)B_3(a))k^6 + b^{12} (B_3^2(a) + 2B_2(a)B_4(a))k^4 + \\ & + 2b^{14} B_3(a)B_4(a)k^2 + b^{16} B_4^2(a)] \end{aligned} \quad (3.84)$$

$$\text{aq: } B_0(a) = 14 + 42a + 45a^2; \quad B_1(a) = 1 - 3a; \quad B_2(a) = 36 - 132a + 90a^2$$

$$B_3(a) = 240 - 144a - 1200a^2; \quad B_4(a) = 448 + 1344a + 1440a^2 = 32B_0(a)$$

xol o, a da b - sidi deebi (mudmivebi) warmoadgenen variaciul parametrebs fgm-Si. ganvixil oT pol aronis fgm-is zRvrul i SemTxvevebi:

1. Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedeba:

Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri bmis zRvrul SemTxvevaSi, rodesac

$$\mathbf{a} \gg 1, \quad M_{GF} \gg 1; \quad (M_{GF} \rightarrow \infty, C \rightarrow \infty), \mathbf{m}_e \rightarrow 1 \quad (\text{i x. 1.33 - paragrafi}) \text{ fgm-is}$$

tal Ruri funqcia gadadis pekaris tal Rur funqciaSi:

$$u_0(\bar{\mathbf{x}}) \Rightarrow N_{\Pi} [1 + b_{\Pi} \mathbf{x} + a_{\Pi} b_{\Pi}^2 \mathbf{x}^2] e^{-b_{\Pi} \mathbf{x}}; \quad \mathbf{a}' = b_{\Pi}; \quad \mathbf{b} \equiv \mathbf{b}_{\Pi} = a_{\Pi} b_{\Pi}^2;$$

da manormirebel i mamravl i tol ia: $N_{\Pi} = \frac{2b_{\Pi}^3}{p(14 + 42a_{\Pi} + 45a_{\Pi}^2)}$ - sidi di s,

xol o a_{Π} da b_{Π} -pekaris variaciul i parametreb, roml ebic SerCeul erTeul Ta sistemaSi moicemian Semdegi saxiT: $b_{\Pi} = 0,6585\sqrt{2}\mathbf{a}$; $a_{\Pi} = 0,4516$. (i x. 1.3.1 paragrafi). vinaidan f -funqcia warmoadgens ori mraval wevris Sefardebas da fgm-Si da $M = M_{GF} + 1$ - aris pol aronis efeqturi masa, amitom Tu SevinarCunebT wamyvan wevrs \mathbf{a} -s rigis mixedviT f -funqciaSi, maSin Cven mi vi RebT:

$$f(\sqrt{2M}) \approx \frac{16384b_{\Pi}^{12}B_1^2(a_{\Pi})k^{12}}{(k^2 + 4b_{\Pi}^2)^{12}}; \quad k = \sqrt{2M}; \quad (\mathbf{a} \gg 1) \quad (3.85).$$

vinaidan pekaris TeoriaSi $M_{\Pi} \approx \mathbf{a}^4$ da $M = M_{GF} + 1 \rightarrow M_{\Pi}$, amitom xarixTa rigis gamoTvl a gviCvenebs, rom: $f(\sqrt{2M}) \approx \mathbf{a}^{-12}; (\mathbf{a} \gg 1)$. amrigad, dabal - temperaturul i ZvradobisTvis pol aronis fgm-Si vRebul obT Semdegi saxis yofaqcevas \mathbf{a} -bmis mudmivas xarixsis rigis mixedviT [125]:

$$\mathbf{m}_{b_{\Pi}}^{GF} = \frac{3e}{2\mathbf{a}} \exp(\mathbf{b}) \frac{\sqrt{M}}{f(\sqrt{2M})} \approx \frac{3e}{2} \exp(\mathbf{b}) \mathbf{a}^{13}; \quad (\mathbf{a} \gg 1, \mathbf{b} \gg 1) \quad (3.86)$$

maSin rodesac pol aronis pekaris TeoriaSi (ix. 1.3.1- paragrafi) dabal - temperaturul i Zvradobis yofaqceva a -bmis mudmivas xarisxis rigis mixedviT moicema Semdegi damokidebul ebiT:

$m_0 \equiv m_{0II} \approx a^5; (a \gg 1, b \gg 1)$ (SevniSnavT, rom Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri bmis SemTxvevaSi ($a \gg 1$) pol aronis fgm-i gadadis pol aronis pekaris model Si).

II. susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedeba:

susti el eqtron-fononuri bmis zRvrul SemTxvevaSi, rodesac

$$a < 1, M_{GF} \ll 1, (M_{GF} \rightarrow 0, c \rightarrow 0), \quad m_0 = \frac{M_{GF}}{M_{GF} + 1} \Rightarrow 0 \quad (\text{ix.1.3.3-paragrafi}),$$

$M = M_{GF} + 1 \Rightarrow 1$, da $f(k) \Rightarrow 1$. (ix.3.81- formul a). (susti el eqtron-fono-nuri bmis SemTxvevaSi, ($a < 1$); pol aronis fgm gadadis pol aronis frol ixis model Si). am SemTxvevaSi (3.83) da (3.28) formul ebidan gamo-mdinare martivad vpoul obT [125]:

$$m_0^{GF} \Rightarrow m_0 = \frac{3e}{2a} e^b; \quad \Delta m^{GF} \Rightarrow \Delta m = \frac{1}{3} e a b^2 e^{-b}; (a < 1, b \gg 1) \quad (3.87)$$

amrigad, pol aronis dabal temperaturul i dreiful i ZvradobisTvis vRebul obT iseTive mniSvnel obas, rogoric napovnia pol aronis frol ixis model Si.

dabol os unda aRiniSnos, rom sadisertacio naSromSi avtoris mier ganviTarebul i formal izmi (meTodebi) da miRebul i ganzogadoebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi korel aciuri funqciebisaTvis SesaZl ebel ia gamoyenebul i iqnas wrfivi el eqtronul i da pol aronul i gadatanis meqanikuri koeficientebis (dreiful i Zvradoba, dinamiuri gamtaroba) gamosaTvl el ad urTierTqmedebis rigis mixedviT SeSfoTebis Teoriis maRal miagl oebesi zemoTganxil ul i model ebisTvis, da myari sxoul ebis fizikis ((pol arul i) naxevargamtarebi, ionuri da koval enturi kristal ebi da sxva). kvantur dinamiuri sistemebis sxva model TaTvisac, roml ebic urTierTqmedeben fononebTan (el eqtronebis gabneva arapol arul optikur fononebze, piezoel eqtrul i gabneva, pol aronis feinmanis model i da sxva).

daskvna

1. sxvadasxva midgomebis-mowesrigebul operatorTa da liuvilis superoperatoruli formalizmsa da proeqciuli operatoris metodis gamoyenebit, sawyisi korelaciebis gatvaliswinebit- gamoyvanilia axali, zusti, ganzogadoebuli kvanturi evoluciuri (kinetikuri) gantolebebi droisormomentiani wonasworuli korelaciuri funqciebisTvis, dinamiuri qvesistemisTvis romelic urTierTqmedebs bozonur vel Tan (TermostatTan). miRebul gantolebaTa dajaxebiti integralebi Seicaven rogorc wevrebs, romlebic arweren namdvili korelaciebis evolucias droSi, aseve sawyisi korelaciebis evolucieur wevrebs, romlebic ganpirobebulia qvesistemis urTierTqmedebiT bozonur TermostatTan drois sawyis momentSi.

2. SeSfoTebis Teoriis meore miaxloebaSi - qvesistemis TermostatTan urTierTqmedebis hamiltonianis mixedvit - napovnia ganzogadoebuli kvanturi kinetikuri gantolebebi gamoricxuli bozonuri amplitudebit korelaciuri funqciebisTvis, rogorc markoviseuli, ise aramarkoviseuli saxiT, romlebic Seicaven cxadad gamoyofil sawyisi korelaciebis evolucieur wevrebs.

3. ganvitarebuli midgoma da formalizmi gamoyenebulia gadavgarebel farTozonian, erTgvarovan naxevargamtarebsa da ionur kristal ebSi el eqtronuli da polaronuli gamtarobisa da dabal temperaturuli dreifuli Zvradobis wrfivi kvanturi Teoriis asagebad. ganxiluli kvantur dinamiur qvesistemebis modelTaTvis, romlebic urTierTqmedeben fononur vel Tan - el eqtron-fononuri sistemisTvis, frolixisa da akustikuri polaronis modelTaTvis, polaronis fgm-sTvis gamoyvanilia ganzogadoebული kvanturi evoluciuri gantolebebi wonasworuli korelaciuri funqciebisTvis - "deni-denze" ("siCqare-siCqareze") - el eqtronisa da polaronisTvis Sfm-is gamoyenebis gareSe.

4. el eqtron-fononuri sistemisTvis, frolixisa da akustikuri polaronis modelTaTvis, SeSfoTebis Teoriis meore miaxloebaSi, susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi da erTi zonis miaxloebaSi el eqtronisaTvis gamoyvanilia da gamokvleulia markovis saxis kinetikuri gantolebebi el eqtronis siCqaris operatoris komponentebis saSualo mnisvnelobebis diagonaluri matriculi el ementebisaTvis, romlebic warmoadgenen bolcmanis tipis gantolebebs, saidanac gamoricxulia fononuri amplitudebi. Gganxilulia el eqtronis aradrekadi gabnevis procesebi fononebze da dadgenilia, rom ganxiluli model ebSi adgili aqvs rel aqsaciur process korelaciuri funqciebis oscilaciebit. Nnapovnia el eqtronis impulsis (siCqaris) rel aqsaciis sixSireebis analizuri gamosaxul ebebi kristalisdabal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi. gamotvili el eqtronis "siCqare-siCqareze" korelaciuri funqciebis mil evis dekrementebi da oscilirebadi faqtorebi.

5. gamokvleulia da dadgenilia, rom el eqtronis siCqaris (impulsis) mcire mnisvnelobebisaTvis, siCqaris rel aqsaciis droebi (sixSireebi) ganxiluli model ebSi ar aris damokidebuli impulsis sidideze. mcire siCqareebi TYmoZravi el eqtronebisTvis Zal ian dabal i temperaturebis dros napovnia dabal sixSiruli el eqtrogamtarobisa da el eqtronis dreifuli Zvradobis gamosaTvl el i formul ebi.

6. frolixis polaronis modelSi miRebuli gamosaxul ebebi el eqtronis dabal temperaturuli dreifuli Zvradobisa da dinamiuri gamtarobisTvis warmoadgens osakas mier napovni Sedegis ganzogadoebas mcire intensivobis mqone dabal sixSirul gareSe el eqtrul vel Si, rac

faqturad SesaZI ebel ia ganxil ul i iqnas, rogorc drudes formul a kuTri el eqtrogamtarobisTvis. napovnia agreTve statikuri ($w=0$) el eqtrogamtarobisa da dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis anal izuri gamosaxul ebebi, rogorc frolixis, aseve akustikuri pol aronis model ebSi.

7. rogorc gamoTvl ebi gviCvenebs, el eqtronebis gabnevisas pol arul optikur fononebze, dabal temperaturul i dreiful i ZvradobisTvis (dc mobility, $w=0$) miRebul i mniSvnel oba 3-jer aRemateba Zvradobis im mniSvnel obas, romelic miReba bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebis gamoyenebiT da amoxsniT rel aqsaciis drois miaxl oebaSi. miRebul i Sedegi warmoadgens - $\frac{3 K_B T}{2 \hbar w_0}$ probl emis" - nawil obriv gadawyvetas frolixis pol aronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradobis TeoriaSi.

8. el eqtronebis gabnevisas akustikur fononebze (akustikuri pol aronis model i) miRebul i dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis ($w=0$) mniSvnel oba 2-jer nakl ebia Zvradobis im mniSvnel obaze, romelic aseve miReba bol cmanis kinetikuri gantol ebis amoxsnisas rel aqsaciis drois miaxl oebaSi.

9. ganxil ul model ebSi napovnia agreTve el eqtronis dreiful Zvradobaze temperaturul i Sesworebebi, roml ebic ganpirobepul ia sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciuri wevrebis arsebobiT gamoyvanil i kinetikuri gantol ebebis daj axebiT integral ebSi da naCvenebia, rom es Sesworebebi warmoadgenen mcire sididebs ganxil ul i Teoriis fargl ebSi.

10. pol aronis fgm-sTvis miRebul i kvanturi kinetikuri gantol ebebi el eqtrul i denis operatoris komponentebis (pol aronis impulsis) drois ormomentiani wonasworul i korel aciuri funqciebisTvis gamoyenebul ia pol aronis dreiful i Zvradobisa da el eqtrogamtarobis tenzoris gamosaTvl el ad. Gganxil ul erTzonian izotropul SemTxvevaSi, markoviseul miaxl oebaSi pol aronis dinamikisTvis, napovnia miaxl oebiTi gamosaxul ebebi korel aciuri funqciebisTvis.

11. kristalis Zal ian dabal i temperaturebis SemTxvevaSi gamoyvanil ia bol cmanis tipis kinetikuri gantol eba korel aciuri funqciis diagonal uri matricul i el ementisTvis, romelic Seesabameba pol aronis ZiriTad mdgomareobas. gamokvl eul ia pol aronis aradrekadi gabnevis procesebi fononebze. napovnia impulsis rel aqsaciis sixSiris (drois) anal izuri gamosaxul eba da dadgenilia, rom mcire siCqarIT moZravi pol aronisTvis impulsis rel aqsaciis sixSire (dro) ar aris damokidebul i impulsis sidideze.

12. kubos wrfivi reaquiis Teoriis gamoyenebiT miRebul ia dabal sixSirul i el eqtrogamtarobis tenzoris anal izuri gamosaxul eba el eqtron-fononuri sistemisaTvis erTzonian miaxl oebaSi da fononebis dispersiis zogadi (izotropul i) kanonis SemTxvevaSi. gamoTvl il ia pol aronis dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradoba fgm-Si. am model Si napovnia agreTve temperaturul i Sesworeba pol aronis dreiful Zvradobaze, romelic ganpirobepul ia sawyisi korel aciebis evol uciuri wevrebis arsebobiT miRebul i kinetikuri gantol ebebis daj axebiT integral ebSi, da dasabuTebul ia, rom es temperaturul i Sesworeba warmoadgens mcire sidides.

13. ganxil ul ia da gaanal izebul ia pol aronis dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis yofaqceva susti ($a < 1$) da Zlieri ($a \gg 1$) el eqtron-

fononuri urTierTqmedebis zRvrul SemTxvevebSi. susti el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi ($M_{GF} \rightarrow 0$), rodesac pol aronis fgm gadadis pol aronis frol ixis model Si, pol aronis dabal temperaturul i dreiful i ZvradobisTvis ($g \gg 1; w=0$) vRebul obT iseTive miSvnel obas, rogoric napovnia pol aronis frol ixis model Si. Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi ($M_{GF} \rightarrow \infty$), rodesac pol aronis fgm aRadgens pol aronis pekaris naxevradkl asikur Teorias, dabal temperaturul i dreiful i Zvradobis yofaqceva moicema Semdegi TanafardobiT: $m_{GF} \sim \frac{3}{2} e \cdot \exp(g) a^{13}; (\hbar = m = w_0 = 1; g = b \gg 1; w = 0)$; anu pol aronis dabal temperaturul i Zvradoba Zl ieri el eqtron-fononuri urTierTqmedebis SemTxvevaSi ($a \gg 1$) izrdeba a -bmis mudmivas mecamete rigis proporciul ad am mudmivas didi mniSvnel obebis dros, maSin rodesac pol aronis pekaris TeoriaSi dabal temperaturul i Zvradoba izrdeba misi mexuTe rigis proporciul ad: $m_T \sim a^5$; rodesac $a \gg 1$; ($\hbar = m = w_0 = 1; b \gg 1; w = 0$).

14. sadisertacio naSromSi Catarebul i gamokvl evebi gviCvenebs, rom ganviTarebul meTodebs, roml ebic dafuznebul ia kinetikuri gantol ebebis miRebaze wonasworul i korel aciuri funciebisTvis da maT gamoTvl aze, gansxvavebiT sxva midgomebisgan, ar miyvavarT ganSi adi wevrebisagan Sedgenil i usasrul o mwkrivebis aj amvis aucil ebl obasTan kvazinawil akis (el eqtronis, pol aronis) urTierTqmedebis mixedviT fononebTan, kristal ze modebul i gareSe el eqtrul i vel is dabal i ($w \rightarrow 0$) sixSireebis SemTxvevaSi.

naSromSi dasabuTebul ia, rom arsebul i sawyisi korel aciebis evolucia da korel aciuri funciebis oscilaciebi drois mixedviT, roml ebic ganpirobepul ia kvazinawil akis (zogad SemTxvevaSi kvanturi dinamiuri qvesistemis) urTierTqmedebiT fononur (bozonur) vel Tan drois sawyis momentSi, gavlenas ar axdenen rel aqsaciur procesebze da isini warmoadgenen Zvradobebze temperaturul i Sesworebebis ZiriTad mizezs (wyaros) ganxilul model ebSi.

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bozonuri (fononuri) ampl itudebis gamoricxva qronol ogiur da antiqronol ogiur T-namravl Ta daxmarebi T

ganvixil oT axl a ufro dawvril ebiT bozonuri (fononuri) cvl adebis gamoricxvis meTodi (teqnika) qronol ogiur da antiqronol ogiur T-namravl Ta daxmarebiT Cvens mier warmodgenil i im kl asis sistemebisaTvis, roml ebic aRiwerebian (2.1), (2.2) saxis hamil tonianiT [109].

fononuri cvl adebis (ampl itudebis) gamoricxva CavataroT H_{int} hamil tonianisTvis, romelic warmoadgens wrfiv formas boze-ampl itudebisgan. cxadia, rom komutatorebi: $[\tilde{H}_{int}(\mathbf{x}), \tilde{H}_{int}(\mathbf{t})]_{-}$, $[\tilde{H}_{int}(\mathbf{x}), \tilde{H}_{int}(\mathbf{I})]_{-}$, $[\tilde{H}_{int}(\mathbf{g}), \tilde{H}_{int}(\mathbf{I})]_{-}$ - warmoadgenen C sidideebs (ricxvebs) bozonuri (fononuri) vel is mimarT.

Tu gamoviyenebT magnusis formul as [6,81] da veil is igiveobas [6,82] Cven gveqneba:

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{\Sigma} \exp \left[-\int_0^b d\mathbf{I} \tilde{H}_{int}^L(\mathbf{I}) \right] &= \exp \left[\frac{1}{2} \int_0^b d\mathbf{g} \int_0^{\mathbf{g}} d\mathbf{I} [\tilde{H}_{int}^L(\mathbf{g}), \tilde{H}_{int}^L(\mathbf{I})]_{-} \right] \times \\
 &\quad \times \exp \left[-\int_0^b d\mathbf{I} \tilde{H}_{int}^L(\mathbf{I}) \right]; \\
 T_{a\Sigma} \exp \left[\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{int}^L(\mathbf{t}) \right] &= \exp \left[\frac{1}{2\hbar^2} \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \int_0^{\mathbf{x}} dt [\tilde{H}_{int}^L(\mathbf{x}), \tilde{H}_{int}^L(\mathbf{t})]_{-} \right] \times \\
 &\quad \times \exp \left[-\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{int}^L(\mathbf{t}) \right]; \\
 T_{\Sigma} \exp \left[-\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{int}^R(\mathbf{t}) \right] &= \exp \left[\frac{1}{2\hbar^2} \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \int_0^{\mathbf{x}} dt [\tilde{H}_{int}^R(\mathbf{t}), \tilde{H}_{int}^R(\mathbf{x})]_{-} \right] \times \\
 &\quad \times \exp \left[-\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{int}^R(\mathbf{t}) \right].
 \end{aligned} \tag{1.1}$$

ganvixil oT axl a Semdegi gamosaxul eba:

$$\begin{aligned}
& P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) \left[T_{\Sigma} \exp \left[- \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{l}) \right] \cdot T_{\alpha\Sigma} \exp \left[\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{t}) \right] \times \right. \\
& \times T_{\Sigma} \exp \left[\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t d\mathbf{l} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{t}) \right] \left. \right] = \exp \left[\frac{1}{2} \int_0^b d\mathbf{g} \int_0^g d\mathbf{l} \left[\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{g}), \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{l}) \right]_- \right] \times \\
& \times \exp \left[\frac{1}{2\hbar^2} \int_0^t d\mathbf{g} \int_0^x dt \left[\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{x}), \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{t}) \right]_- \right] \cdot \exp \left[\frac{1}{2\hbar^2} \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \int_0^x dt \times \right. \\
& \times \left. \left[\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(\mathbf{t}), \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(\mathbf{x}) \right]_- \right] \cdot I(t, \mathbf{b}),
\end{aligned} \tag{1.2}$$

sadac, gansazRvris Tanaxmad, $I(t, \mathbf{b})$ funqional istvis gvaqvs Semdegi mni Svel oba:

$$\begin{aligned}
I(t, \mathbf{b}) = P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) \{ & \exp \left[- \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{l}) \right] \cdot \exp \left[\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{t}) \right] \cdot \\
& \cdot \exp \left[- \frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(\mathbf{t}) \right] \}.
\end{aligned}$$

da bol os, Tu gamovi yenebT Tanafar dobebs:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left[\frac{1}{2} \int_0^b d\mathbf{g} \int_0^g d\mathbf{l} \left[\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{g}), \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{l}) \right]_- \right] + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \int_0^b d\mathbf{g} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{l}), \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{g}) = \\
& = \int_0^b d\mathbf{g} \int_0^g d\mathbf{l} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{g}), \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{l}); \\
& \frac{1}{2\hbar^2} \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \int_0^x dt \left[\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{x}), \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{t}) \right]_- - \frac{1}{2\hbar^2} \int_0^t dt \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{t}) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{x}) = \\
& = - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t dt \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{x}) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{t}); \\
& \frac{1}{2\hbar^2} \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \int_0^x dt \left[\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(\mathbf{t}), \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(\mathbf{x}) \right]_- - \frac{1}{2\hbar^2} \int_0^t dt \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(\mathbf{t}) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(\mathbf{x}) = \\
& = - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t dt \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(\mathbf{t}) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(\mathbf{x}); \\
& \frac{1}{2\hbar^2} \int_0^t dt \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \left[\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{t}), \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(\mathbf{x}) \right]_- + \frac{1}{2\hbar^2} \int_0^t dt \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{t}) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(\mathbf{x}) + \\
& + \frac{1}{2\hbar^2} \int_0^t dt \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(\mathbf{x}) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{t}) = \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t dt \int_0^t d\mathbf{x} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{t}) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(\mathbf{x}); \\
& - \frac{i}{2\hbar} \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \int_0^t dt \left[\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{l}), \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{t}) \right]_- - \frac{i}{2\hbar} \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{l}) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{t}) - \\
& - \frac{i}{2\hbar} \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{t}) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{l}) = - \frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^b d\mathbf{l} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{l}) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{t});
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{i}{2\hbar} \int_0^b d\mathbf{I} \int_0^t dt \left[\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{I}), \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(t) \right] + \frac{i}{2\hbar} \int_0^b d\mathbf{I} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{I}) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(t) + \\ & + \frac{i}{2\hbar} \int_0^b d\mathbf{I} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(t) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{I}) = \frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^b d\mathbf{I} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{I}) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(t). \end{aligned}$$

da Sevasrul ebT gasaSual oebas bozonuri (fononuri) vel is mdgomareobebis mixedvi T, Cven mi vi RebT [109]:

$$\begin{aligned} P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) \left[\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{g}) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{I}) \right] &= \sum_k \left[(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{-\hbar \mathbf{w}(k)(\mathbf{g}-\mathbf{I})} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, \mathbf{g}) \times \right. \\ & \times \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, \mathbf{I}) + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{\hbar \mathbf{w}(k)(\mathbf{g}-\mathbf{I})} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, \mathbf{g}) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, \mathbf{I}) \left. \right]; \\ P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) \left[\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{x}) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(t) \right] &= \sum_k \left[(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)(\mathbf{x}-t)} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, \mathbf{x}) \times \right. \\ & \times \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, t) + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)(\mathbf{x}-t)} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, \mathbf{x}) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, t) \left. \right]; \\ P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) \left[\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(t) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(\mathbf{x}) \right] &= \sum_k \left[(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)(t-\mathbf{x})} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^R(s, t) \times \right. \\ & \times \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+R}(s, \mathbf{x}) + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)(t-\mathbf{x})} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+R}(s, t) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^R(s, \mathbf{x}) \left. \right]; \tag{1.3} \\ P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) \left[\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(t) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(\mathbf{x}) \right] &= \sum_k \left[(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{-i\mathbf{w}(k)(t-\mathbf{x})} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, t) \times \right. \\ & \times \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+R}(s, \mathbf{x}) + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{i\mathbf{w}(k)(t-\mathbf{x})} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, t) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^R(s, \mathbf{x}) \left. \right]; \\ P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) \left[\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{I}) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(t) \right] &= \sum_k \left[(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{\mathbf{w}(k)(it-\hbar \mathbf{I})} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, \mathbf{I}) \times \right. \\ & \times \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, t) + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{-\mathbf{w}(k)(it-\hbar \mathbf{I})} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, \mathbf{I}) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, t) \left. \right]; \\ P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) \left[\tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{I}) \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(t) \right] &= \sum_k \left[(1 + N_k(\mathbf{b})) e^{\mathbf{w}(k)(it-\hbar \mathbf{I})} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^L(s, \mathbf{I}) \times \right. \\ & \times \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+R}(s, t) + N_k(\mathbf{b}) e^{-\mathbf{w}(k)(it-\hbar \mathbf{I})} \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^{+L}(s, \mathbf{I}) \tilde{C}_{kH_0}^R(s, t) \left. \right]. \end{aligned}$$

martivi gamoTvl ebis Catarebis Semdeg advil ad vipovi T exp $[\Phi_{L,R,S}(t, \mathbf{b})]$ funccional is sabol oo gamosaxul ebas [109]:

$$\begin{aligned} P_{\Sigma}(\mathbf{b}) \left[T_{\Sigma} \exp \left[-\int_0^b d\mathbf{I} \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(\mathbf{I}) \right] \cdot T_{a\Sigma} \exp \left[\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^L(t) \right] \times \right. \\ \left. \times T_{\Sigma} \exp \left[-\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt \tilde{H}_{\text{int}}^R(t) \right] \right] = \exp[\Phi_{L,R,S}(t, \mathbf{b})]; \quad t > 0, \quad \mathbf{b} > 0 \end{aligned} \tag{1.4}$$

da (1.4) formul iT gamoxatul i $\Phi_{L,R,S}(t, \mathbf{b})$ funccional is mniSvnel oba ganisazRvreba (2.20) gamosaxul ebi T.

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